

MILITARY TRAINING

MILITARY POLICE BATTLE TASK STANDARDS (ENGLISH)

(This publication is active on receipt.)

WARNING

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Issued on authority of the Chief of Land Staff





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FOREWORD

- 1. *Military Police Battle Task Standards*, B-GL-383-002/PT-021, is issued under the authority of the Chief of Land Staff, and is effective upon receipt for use in regular and militia units.
- 2. The development of these Battle Task Standards has been in concert with approved doctrine and is part of the Army training strategy to implement a systems approach to collective training. Each battle task outlined in this document provides commanders with common standards against which performance can be measured and can be used to assist commanders in providing direction and guidance in the planning and conduct of collective training.
- 3. Unless otherwise noted, masculine pronouns contained herein refer to both genders.
- 4. This publication is available electronically on both the Defence Information Network (DIN) and the World Wide Web in the Army Electronic Library. Keyword—Army Electronic Library.
- 5. Direction for the conduct, evaluation and resourcing of collective training is contained in *Field Training Regulations*, B-GL-304-002/PT-001. The Director of Army Training is responsible for the content, production and publication of this document. Comments and suggestions are solicited using the format on page iii. Direct your comments and suggestions to the following address:

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COMMENTS/PROPOSALS

NAC	Para	Comments/Proposals	Other

NAC	Para	Comments/Proposals	Other

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CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

SECTION 1 MILITARY POLICE BATTLE TASK STANDARDS— GENERAL

INTRODUCTION

1. The Land Force must maintain an all arms combat capability to prepare, project, apply and sustain an effective force in support of government policy. In accordance with Field Training Regulations and the Land Force Training Directive, Army training activities will focus on general purpose forces, the essence of which is to maintain a full range of combat functions and the ability to integrate them into operations. The basic requirement for Army Military Police (MP) services is to retain the ability to regroup, deploy and employ military police elements to optimize police support to a formation.

REQUIREMENT FOR STANDARDS

- 2. These Battle Task Standards (BTS) provide direction and guidance to commanders at all levels. They have been developed in concert with current approved doctrine and provide a common standard not only for the evaluation of the performance of a Military Police Platoon (MP Pl) but also for the planning and the execution of training activities.
- 3. These MP BTS emphasize aspects unique to the provision of military police support. Other common BTS 1001, 1002, 2001, 4101, 4309, 4316, 4391, 4392, 5001, 5002, 5003, 5004, 5006, 5008, 6001, 6002, and 6003 are of great relevance to MP operations and should be consulted where more detailed breakdown of certain tasks is desired.
- 4. Before the beginning of each training cycle the unit commander, in conjunction with their higher commander, must identify the high priority tasks, which they will train for, and be evaluated upon during the upcoming cycle. Factors to be considered in the identification of high priority battle tasks include:

Military Police Battle Task Standards

- a. the higher commander's direction/guidance;
- b. a mission analysis and estimate for any upcoming operations;
- c. the current training level;
- d. any weakness identified as a result of previous evaluations and training;
- e. the length of time since training for each battle task was last conducted;
- f. the introduction of new doctrine or equipment;
- g. the resources and time available; and
- h. any other factors which the unit commander and his higher commander agree are relevant.
- 5. Once the high priority battle tasks have been decided, it is the responsibility of the higher commander to ensure that the required resources, in accordance with the Field Training Regulations are made available. Any shortfall, under normal circumstance, results in an adjustment to the battle tasks to be trained for and evaluated, not a reduction in the standards

EVALUATION SYSTEM

- 6. A three level evaluation system has been adopted:
 - a. **Effective**. An 'Effective' (Eff) rating indicates task performance met the standards in all respects;
 - b. **Needs Practice**. A 'Needs Practice' (NPrac) rating indicates only minor shortcomings in task performance which are expected to be corrected in subsequent evaluation iterations with little or no further training required; and

c. **Ineffective**. An 'Ineffective' (Ineff) rating indicates significant shortcomings in task performance requiring further training before re-evaluation.

NUMBERING SYSTEM

- 7. The BTS have been laid out and numbered by combat function and operation of war or transition phase. A single arm indicator is used as a prefix to each BTS number where appropriate to illustrate Corps or Branch specific tasks, which although they may share a common title, have been modified to meet the particular needs of a particular Corps or Branch. As such "P" is employed to identify specific Military Police tasks. BTS listed without an arm indicator refer to BTS common to two or more Corps or Branches. The arm indicators used for BTS are as follows:
 - a. Infantry (INDIA);
 - b. Artillery (GOLF);
 - c. Armour/Reconnaissance (TANGO);
 - d. Air Defence (NOVEMBER);
 - e. Engineers (ECHO);
 - f. Signals (SIERRA);
 - g. Logistics General (LIMA);
 - h. Transport (DELT;
 - i. Medical (MIKE);
 - j. Supply (OSCAR);
 - k. Maintenance (ROMEO);
 - 1. Military Police (PAPA); and
 - m. Aviation (ALPHA).

Military Police Battle Task Standards

- 8. A letter suffix to each BTS number is used to define the unit level at which each task may be conducted. When the task is suitable for training and evaluation at a variety of levels, those levels are listed together and separated by back slashes. For example BTS P6905 B/C, Operate a Prisoner of War/Detainee Collection Point, indicates that this task can be performed at either the detachment or platoon level. The letter suffixes used to define the level at which each task may be conducted are as listed below:
 - a. A—individual (only used in IBTS);
 - b. B—section/crew/detachment;
 - c. C—platoon/troop;
 - d. D—sub-unit:
 - e. E—combat team;
 - f. F—battalion/regiment/battle group; and
 - g. G—brigade group.

APPLICATION

- 9. Several BTS can be interpreted as mission statements while other tasks or drills must be achieved in order to accomplish a specific mission. These tasks and drills are considered significant enough to warrant an evaluation and resource planning tools. The contents outlined in the majority of the BTS dealing with defence and tactical deployment at the Platoon/Company level are as applicable to subordinate levels.
- 10. Consideration should be given to some iterations being performed in the presence of civilian, government organizations, non-government organizations, private voluntary organizations and the press. Performing some iterations of each BTS under nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC) conditions should also be considered.

CONCLUSION

11. The BTS contain sufficient detail and are formatted in order that they can be used as the actual marking guide during evaluations. While they are authoritative, they nevertheless still require judgement in application as training must be performance oriented and performance must be judged on task accomplishment, not just process.

CHAPTER 2 COMMAND

SECTION 1 BTS 1001—BATTLE PROCEDURE

ELEMENT: ALL

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The element is conducting tactical operations. The element receives a new mission requiring the element Commander to prepare and issue a warning order and orders. Offensive, defensive, delay or transitional operations by day or night under nuclear, biological and chemical (NBC) conditions may be involved. Civilians, government organizations, non-government organizations, private voluntary organizations and the press may be present in the area of operations. Depending on the nature and complexity of the mission and the time available, some steps may be abbreviated.

TASK STANDARD

The element develops a plan which follows the Commander's intent, makes maximum effective use of time, is issued to subordinate Commanders / subordinates using less than one third the time available, is clearly understood by subordinate Commanders and accomplishes the assigned mission.

Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
1. Upon receipt of a warning order, the element Commander completes a quick map study and time estimate.			
2. The Commander receives orders from the superior Commander:			

	\$	Sub-Tasl	ks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	a.		s sufficiently early to mark his and complete other preparations;			
	b.	seeks	clarification as required; and			
	c.	coord	inates with other elements.			
3.	The C	ommand	er conducts a mission analysis:			
	a.	(one a	fies the superior Commanders' and two levels up) intent and his diate superior's concept of tions;			
	b.	identi	fies assigned and implied tasks;			
	c.	identi relate	fies constraints which may to:			
		(1)	time;			
		(2)	space;			
		(3)	resources;			
		(4)	method of task execution;			
		(5)	political restrictions (if applicable); and			
		(6)	rules of engagement (if applicable);			
	d.	situati	nuously determines if the on has changed sufficiently to nt a review of the estimate; and			
	e.		fies essential tasks and produces ated mission statement.			
4. order i minim	mmedia		er issues an initial warning soon as possible stating as a			
	a.	the pr	obable task;			

	Sı	ıb-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	b.	the location and time for orders;			
	c.	the degree of warning or earliest time of movement of the main body (e.g., no move before);			
	d.	any restrictions on reconnaissance;			
	e.	any special administrative instructions regarding the primary mission; and			
	f.	acknowledgement (ack).			
	e, leaving	mmander makes a detailed time g two thirds of the available time for his conduct their own battle procedure.			
6. study ar		mmander conducts a detailed map res an outline plan.			
7. plan:	The Co	mmander prepares a reconnaissance			
	a.	aim of the reconnaissance;			
	b.	specific information required;			
	c.	time and place to report to with information;			
	d.	'action on' drills; and			
	e.	any other pertinent information.			
	8. The reconnaissance party conducts the reconnaissance in accordance with (IAW) the plan, but adjustments may be made as necessary.				
9. the estir reports.					
10. warning		mmander issues a supplementary onfirming information in the initial			

	Su	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff	
_	warning order and adding new information as necessary.					
11. orders:	The Cor	mmander completes the plan and issues				
	a.	issues orders at the time stated in the Warning Order (Wng O);				
	b.	ensures orders are given at a location that reduces travel time and if possible allows observation of the zone/sector and promotes operational security (OPSEC);				
	c.	enhances presentation of orders through the use of visual aids, time permitting (e.g., terrain models, diagrams, etc.);				
	d.	ensures all key personnel attend the Orders Group (O Gp) and are seated logically;				
	e.	introduces newly attached Commanders;				
	f.	uses the proper format for orders;				
	g.	christens the ground;				
	h.	if the orders are complex, holds a short talk through of the task execution at the start of the Execution paragraph (Concept of Operations);				
	i.	identifies the superior Commander's concept of operations and intent;				
	j.	clearly states the element's mission and tasks of subordinates IAW the mission analysis;				

	\$	Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	k.	ensures there is no repetition of instructions unless it is vital to clarify a task;			
	1.	confirms subordinate Commanders understand their instructions, but keeps questions to the end of orders;			
	m.	issues all supporting documentation necessary to coordinate the task; and			
	n.	ensures subordinate Commanders perform lateral coordination before leaving.			
	ements o	Commander coordinates the activities and f his subordinate Commanders, including me and the situation permits.			
13. The Commander supervises the deployment, taking appropriate and timely action to rectify any problems.					
14.	The el	lement executes the mission IAW orders.			
REMA	RKS:				

SECTION 2 BTS 1002 C/D—ESTABLISH AND OPERATE A COMMAND POST

ELEMENT: PLATOON/COMPANY HEADQUARTERS ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The command post (CP) is deployed complete with Commander, staff and support personnel. The task is performed during the day or at night in all weather conditions.

TASK STANDARD

The CP is established, and is re-established following each move, taking into account all siting factors and security measures. The CP facilitates the effective control of unit/sub-unit operations through the maintenance of continuous voice and data communications with required internal/external elements and the maintenance of all orders, maps, messages and other supporting documentation/records.

Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
1. The CP is sited taking into consideration following factors:	the		
a. Site selected permits good communications with higher headquarters and subordinate elements, without need for an R Re-Broadcast (RRB) station and is screened from enemy electron warfare (EW) devices.	d CP		
b. CP is concealed, making best us wooded areas and villages. Isol			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	or predictable cover is avoided;			
c.	Physical protection, particularly from artillery, is provided.			
d.	Security/defence of the CP is provided, either by integral headquarters (HQ) personnel or by co-location with another element of the unit.			
e.	Site is accessible by wheeled vehicles, preferably with a covered final approach.			
complex is que for the Comn	2. When suitable and/or available, a mobile CP complex is quickly deployed, providing a work area for the Commander and the various staff cells in the HQ while maintaining operational security (OPSEC).			
frequency (H provided for and technical Antennas/cor	ery High Frequency (VHF) and high F) radio configuration is established and the CP complex, meeting all operational requirements. nmunications equipment are sited om CP complex, when possible.			
4. CP 6	establishes and maintains communication:			
a.	upon initial deployment, the CP establishes communication on appropriate radio nets and completes all communications checks;			
b.	communications are maintained with all subordinate elements and higher HQ stations without interruption;			
c.	only approved radiotelephone procedures are used;			
d.	CP encodes all critical messages			

	Su	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		without error;			
	e.	CP decodes all messages without error;			
	f.	CP keeps transmissions to 15 seconds or less;			
	g.	CP uses challenge and reply authentication in accordance with (IAW) Standing Operating Procedures (SOP) without error;			
	h.	electronic silence is observed as directed in orders;			
	i.	radio silence is observed as directed in orders;			
	j.	lowest possible power settings and directional antennas are used when possible;			
	k.	CP continues to communicate while the enemy attempts to jam communications; and			
	1.	CP submits appropriate report within 5 minutes after attempted jamming (MIJIWARNREP).			
5.	CP secu	urity is established and maintained:			
	a.	during HQ moves, harbour reconnaissance party is in place before the main body with CP arrives;			
	b.	all-round protection is provided;			
	c.	communications are continuously maintained with higher and subordinate HQ to provide early			

	Su	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		warning of enemy contacts in the immediate vicinity;			
	d.	security measures are upgraded, such as placement of concertina around the CP complex and installation of early warning devices;			
	e.	generators and vehicle engines are turned off during alarms;			
	f.	duty officer gathers all classified documents and is prepared to destroy them if in danger of capture; and			
	g.	CP interior lights go red at night.			
6. who:	The CP	always has a duty officer present			
	a.	understands the current battle situation and the current passwords, critical code words and nicknames; and			
	b.	knows the location of all HQ officers.			
7.		has a minimum of one qualified individual who:			
	a.	with the duty officer, mans the nets and logs all traffic;			
	b.	keeps all communications security (COMSEC) material current;			
	c.	immediately diagnoses and corrects any technical fault;			
	d.	provides technical maintenance; and			

	Sul	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	e.	provides electrical power distribution.			
8. consulta		and instructions are available for applicable:			
	a.	unit SOP;			
	b.	formation SOP;			
	c.	Communications and Encoding Operating Instructions (CEOI); and			
	d.	higher headquarters and own orders.			
9. informat		maintains currency of the following pplicable:			
	a.	order of battle and location state;			
	b.	officer location board;			
	c.	duty officer roster;			
	d.	SDS schedule;			
	e.	radio diagrams and address groups;			
	f.	code word and nickname lists;			
	g.	passwords;			
	h.	CP files including own operations log, higher operations log, in and out messages, and intelligence reports;			
	i.	critical equipment states;			
	j.	acknowledgement (ack) register;			
	k.	defence diagram for the area of the CP; and			
	1.	Master Battle Map in the CP vehicle and Info and Briefing Map in working area of the CP, complete			

Su	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
with applicable overlays.				
10. Outgoing duty officer briefs the incoming duty officer properly and ensures that the current situation is understood to the mutual satisfaction of both.				
	Step-up procedures are employed to nications during the move of the CP:			
a.	moves are anticipated and general locations are chosen with alternatives;			
b.	reconnaissance of new sites is completed as soon as possible;			
c.	the step-up CP receives a copy of the most up to date orders, overlays, etc. prior to departure;			
d.	the step-up CP is manned and equipped to operate alone for a prolonged period in case hand over of control or re-grouping of the HQ is delayed (i.e., delays in establishing communications by line under conditions of radio silence);			
e.	the CP continues to operate until the step-up is in location, has established communications and assumed control;			
f.	handover of all relevant information received by the CP while the step-up was on the move is completed;			
g.	the step-up CP assumes control through use of appropriate code words and voice procedure; and			

Military Police Battle Task Standards

Sub-Tasks and Standards		Eff	NPrac	Ineff
h.	moves are made quickly, in order to permit the HQ to re-group as soon as possible.			
REMARKS:				

SECTION 3 BTS 3003 B—ESTABLISH AND OPERATE AN OBSERVATION POST

ELEMENT: SECTION

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The Section is conducting tactical operations and is required to observe one or more named areas of interest (NAIs), target areas of interest (TAIs), or decision points (DPs).

TASK STANDARD

The Section observation post (OP) party is provided with all the information needed to conduct its task. A suitable OP location is selected which permits observation of the required area without being detected by the enemy. All enemy activity in the area is observed and reported accurately and immediately in accordance with (IAW) Standing Operating Procedures (SOP).

Sub-Tasks and Standards		Eff	NPrac	Ineff
1. The OP including:	party is briefed on its mission,			
a.	area to be observed and guidance on what to look for;			
b.	the enemy threat;			
c.	friendly forces in the area, including other OPs and patrols;			
d.	routes through obstacles and friendly positions;			
e.	when the OP is to be occupied by and			

for how long;

- f. communications, including frequencies, codewords, passwords and reporting schedules;
- g. close air support (CAS) and indirect fire support available, the means of requesting it, and the rules of engagement (ROE); and
- h. fire support coordination measures.
- 2. Suitable OP locations are selected and occupied:
 - a location is selected to provide the best possible view of the area to be observed while avoiding obvious terrain features as much as possible;
 - b. a covered approach to the OP is used;
 - c. cover from ground and air observation is considered;
 - d. maximum use is made of camouflage;
 - e. a work party is organized for the preparation of the OP;
 - f. the local defence plan of any nearby friendly elements is conformed to;
 - g. workable communications are confirmed; and
 - h. the OP's location and area of observation are reported.
- 3. The OP party observes its area:
 - several points throughout the area are selected, and bearings and ranges are determined and recorded on a range/surveillance card to aid in indication of targets;
 - b. tactical information is recorded and reported;

Command

c.	natural camouflage, if used, is replaced during periods of reduced visibility;		
d.	targets are engaged with CAS and indirect fire IAW the ROE;		
e.	results of engagements are reported; and		
f.	knowledge of the area is continuously improved and recorded.		Ì
REMARKS:			

SECTION 4 BTS 3004 B—CONDUCT A DISMOUNTED RECONNAISSANCE PATROL

ELEMENT: SECTION

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The patrol is required to conduct a reconnaissance mission. The patrol is operating separately and provides its own security. The patrol receives all Priority Intelligence Requirements (PIR) and other intelligence requirements (IR) specified in the order for its assigned task. Both friendly and enemy elements have indirect fire and close air support (CAS) capabilities.

TASK STANDARD

The patrol reconnoitres without detection by the enemy. The patrol completes the reconnaissance and reports all information by the time specified in the order.

s	ub-Tasl	ks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	cordanc	mmander completes battle e with (IAW) BTS 1001 Battle			
a.	adjace Comr	ination with forward and ent units, and the higher mander or unit Intelligence er, concerning:			
	(1)	forward lines for passage;			
	(2)	friendly obstacles;			
	(3)	friendly observation posts			

	Su	b-Tasks	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
			(Op)/listening posts (LP);			
		(4)	other friendly patrols in the area;			
		(5)	fire support; and			
		(6)	passwords;			
	b.	observa	tion post coordination:			
		(1)	passwords;			
		(2)	location; and			
		(3)	recent enemy and friendly activity.			
2. organize	The pates the pat	rol Comn rol for re	nander plans and task connaissance (recce):			
	a.	conduct	s preliminary recce:			
		(1)	possible routes/distances;			
		(2)	tentative rendezvous (RVs);			
		(3)	obstacles;			
		(4)	landmarks;			
		(5)	OPs;			
		(6)	dead ground;			
		(7)	covered approaches;			
		(8)	friendly ambush sites; and			
		(9)	likely enemy positions;			
	b.	reconna	es the patrol into issance, security, and and elements for RVs and the re;			
	c.	defines	patrol concept of operations;			

	Su	b-Tasks	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	d.	states ed	states equipment required;			
	e.	conduct	s rehearsals:			
		(1)	patrol formations and signals; and			
		(2)	routes;			
	f.	action d	rills:			
		(1)	halts;			
		(2)	RVs;			
		(3)	objective RV (ORV);			
		(4)	on the objective;			
		(5)	obstacles;			
		(6)	enemy contact;			
		(7)	if lost or separated;			
		(8)	casualty handling;			
		(9)	action on illumination or trip flares;			
		(10)	action with prisoners of war (PWs); and			
		(11)	passage of lines;			
	g.	defines	individual tasks;			
	h.	coordina	ates fire plan if necessary;			
	i.		equipment and conducts test fires;			
	j.	ensures	that the patrol rests; and			
	k.	conduct	s final inspection.			
3.	En route	e to the o	bjective:			

	Sı	ıb-Task	s and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	a.	conduc	cts passage of lines;			
	b.	ensure	s move is silent and controlled;			
	c.	counts obstac	personnel after each halt or le;			
	d.	uses ha	and signals;			
	e.	ensure	s navigation is accurate;			
	f.	conduc	ets security:			
		(1)	listening halts;			
		(2)	flanks, rear protected;			
		(3)	good observation;			
		(4)	action at halts; and			
		(5)	carriage of weapons;			
	g.	adopts	appropriate fieldcraft:			
		(1)	individual camouflage;			
		(2)	use of ground;			
		(3)	stealth; and			
		(4)	formation to suit the ground.			
4.	Action	at object	tive:			
	a.	ORV a	and release point must be shed;			
	b.		patrol Commander conducts final reconnaissance of the objective;			
	c.	the obj	ective should be covered by			
	d.	escape	routes are confirmed;			
	e.	observ	ation of the enemy must be			

	Su	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		successful, and reported to higher headquarters (HQ) when possible; and			
	f.	silent, secure withdrawal covered by fire if required.			
5.	On retu	rn to ORV:			
	a.	checks for casualties;			
	b.	checks equipment;			
	c.	disseminates information if circumstances permit;			
	d.	departs ORV quickly;			
	e.	calls for fire support on objective if required;			
	f.	ensures move is silent and controlled;			
	g.	maintains security; and			
	h.	follows proper challenging procedure.			
6.	Conduc	ts passage of lines.			
7. member patrol.	-	rol Commander debriefs the patrol irm information gathered during the			
8. format s		tion is passed to higher HQ in the and no later than the time specified.			
REMA	RKS:				

SECTION 5 BTS 4309 C/D—OCCUPY AN ASSEMBLY AREA / HARBOUR / HIDE

ELEMENT: PLATOON/COMPANY ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The Platoon/Company has been given the order to move and occupy an assembly area, harbour, or hide. The Platoon/Company is given a general area and allowed to select the exact location of the assembly area, harbour, or hide. Resupply and maintenance support are available. The enemy has the capability to perform Section and Platoon level probes supported by indirect fire and close air support (CAS).

TASK STANDARD

The reconnaissance party completes preparations and guides the Platoon/Company main body into their respective positions no later than the time specified in orders. Operational security (OPSEC) is maintained. The Platoon/Company completes preparation as detailed by the Commander no later than the time specified.

NOTE

The following sub-tasks and standards do not necessarily apply to the same degree for assembly areas/harbours/hides. The degree of emphasis on security and concealment vice routine administration varies with the drill being executed (e.g., hides require a higher degree of security and concealment than harbours, which are designed to allow routine maintenance and resupply).

	Su	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff	
1. assembl	The Commander tentatively selects an assembly area/harbour/hide that provides:					
	a. Concealment and space for dispersal.					
	b.	Entry and exit routes.				
	c.	Drainage and level areas.				
	d.	Defence and security. Open areas around the assembly area allow security with minimum allocation of manpower.				
2.	The Co	mmander issues orders that:				
	a.	a. Designate tentative areas for each subordinate element.				
	b.	Designate a reconnaissance party and reconnaissance party leader. The reconnaissance party includes personnel to select and mark routes, to guide the main body into positions, and to secure the area.				
	c.	Specify an order of march.				
	d.	Provide for all-round defence.				
	e.	Designate priority of work and provides for maintenance and resupply.				
	f.	Has the occupation accomplished under conditions of limited visibility if possible.				
3. reconna	The Pla issance p	toon/Company constitutes a party:				

	s	Sub-Task	s and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	a.	link-u	s from each Section/Platoon p with the reconnaissance Commander; and			
	b.	includ each S	connaissance party may le vehicles and personnel from Section/Platoon as the tactical on permits.			
4.	Recor	nnaissanc	e party prepares to move:			
	a.		the reconnaissance party Commander issues a warning order;			
	b.	-	all personnel are briefed on the plan and their duties, including:			
		(1)	the proposed location of the Platoon/Company assembly area, harbour, or hide;			
		(2)	the location of the contact point;			
		(3)	the time of the main body's arrival at the start point (SP) and release point (Rel P);			
		(4)	routes to the assembly area, harbour, or hide for both the reconnaissance party and main body;			
		(5)	the order of march for the Platoon/Company;			

	the Platoon/Company headquarters (HQ); (7) nuclear, chemical and biological (NBC) conditions and Mission Oriented Protective Pos (MOPP) level; (8) whether radio silence is will be in effect; (9) representatives and composition of reconnaissance party; ar (10) any special instructions. The reconnaissance party moves to the next. a. maintains security; b. reconnoitres the route from SP to Rel P; c. monitors for NBC contamination required; and d. marks obstacles and bypass route and prepares it for the Platoon/Company's				NPrac	Ineff
		(6)				
		(7)	biological (NBC) conditions and Mission Oriented Protective Posture			
		(8)	whether radio silence is or will be in effect;			
		(9)				
		(10)	any special instructions.			
5. area:	The rec	onnaissa	ance party moves to the new			
	a.	mainta	ins security;			
	b.		oitres the route from SP to			
	c.					
	d.	marks	obstacles and bypass routes.			
6. area and arrival:						
	a.	dismou	t the entrance and personnel ant and do a sweep of the liate area;			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
b.	vehicles enter assembly area, harbour, or hide and establish a firm base, with drivers remaining to man radios and weapons;			
c.	party completes sweep of area while reconnaissance party Commander conducts reconnaissance;			
d.	party rendezvous (RV) at firm base where reconnaissance party Commander allocates Section/Platoon areas, taking into account type of assembly area, harbour, or hide defence (linear, internal or perimeter);			
e.	if radio silence is not in effect, the reconnaissance party Commander moves to the area selected for the Platoon/Company HQ and establishes communication with higher HQ;			
f.	if time and radio silence situation permit, the reconnaissance party Commander establishes communication with the Platoon/Company Commander and confirms the suitability of the area and the order of march;			
g.	the reconnaissance party Commander coordinates the local defence while Section/Platoon representatives draw sketches for their Commanders and mark vehicle positions;			

	Sul	o-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
h	1.	observation posts (OPs) and NBC sentries are established to maintain security;			
i.		for hides, rolling replenishment is conducted prior to occupation; and			
j.		guides move to designated RVs to meet the Platoon / Company.			
7. Tarea, harbo		oon/Company occupies the assembly hide:			
a	a. Sections/Platoons are guided to their new locations;				
b).	individual vehicles are placed in locations designated by Section/Platoon guides, and switch off independently;			
c	.	Commanders at all levels are briefed by their reconnaissance party representatives with the sketch of the area;			
d	l .	the element designated to man the contact points does so immediately;			
e) .	areas are secured;			
f		the Commander issues orders, which include:			
		(1) priority of work;			
		(2) state of readiness;			
		(3) crash harbour RVs;			

Su	b-Tasks	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	(4)	routine;			
	(5)	whether line will be laid;			
	(6)	camouflage;			
	(7)	stand to;			
	(8)	radio silence;			
	(9)	arcs of responsibility;			
	(10)	track plan;			
	(11)	resupply procedures; and			
	(12)	NBC state;			
g.	Officer sergean Comma	a 2ICs/Platoon Warrant s (WOs) (or reconnaissance ats (Recce Sgts)) brief anders on assembly area/ r/hide layout;			
h.	Locatio	n/Company HQ sends a on Status (LOCSTAT) to HQ; and			
i.	reconno harbour	/Platoon Commanders pitre the location of crash r RVs with subordinates if e/permitted.			
8. The Pla area, harbour, hi		mpany carries out assembly			
a.		maximum use of available prepare for upcoming			

	Su	b-Task	s and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		operat	tions:			
		(1)	supplies and ammunition are replenished;			
		(2)	vehicles and equipment are repaired/recovered;			
		(3)	training is conducted;			
		(4)	plans are prepared; and			
		(5)	troops are rested;			
	b.	mainta	ains security and concealment.			
9. units:	The Co	mmand	er coordinates with adjacent			
	a.		ishes responsibility for apping fields of fire on enemy aches;			
	b.		verifies information on OP locations and unit signals; and			
	c.	securi	ty and defence.			
	, or hide	is furth	efending the assembly area, er developed, depending on the occupation:			
	a.	enemy	approaches are identified;			
	b.		es prepare primary, and ate fighting positions as ed;			
	c.		tive obstacles are placed on enemy approaches;			

	Sub	o-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
C	d.	local defence, NBC and air sentries are constantly maintained;			
e	e.	the use of indirect fire is planned; and			
f	f.	enemy elements cannot move to within visual range of any position without being detected.			
11. (On leavi				
а	1.	recovers all obstacles;			
t	o.	leaves nothing of intelligence or material value;			
c	Э.	eliminates signs of its presence in the area (trash, aiming posts, telephone wire); and			
Ċ	d.	ensures vehicles do not line up on roads, but move directly from their positions at the designated timing.			
REMARI	KS:				

SECTION 6 BTS 4316 C/D—CONDUCT ROAD MOVEMENT

ELEMENT: PLATOON/COMPANY ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The Platoon/Company must move to a new location by road. It has received a move warning order and order. In the case where the unit will be participating in a brigade move, the unit will be responsible to plan and conduct its move to the Brigade Start Point (SP) and from the Brigade Release Point (Rel P) to the new location. Movement control along the Brigade Route will be provided by the brigade. In the case of a unit move, the unit will be responsible to provide movement control along its route using integral and attached assets.

NOTE

Military Police (MP) units will normally be tasked to support a brigade move. While this Battle Task Standard (BTS) applies primarily at the unit level, most of the subtasks and standards also apply to a independent sub-unit move

TASK STANDARD

The movement plan is prepared in accordance with (IAW) B-GL-331-006/FP-001 *Road Movement* and Unit Standing Operating Procedures (SOP) and is distributed in time to permit integral, attached and supporting units to adequately prepare for the move. Vehicles and personnel are prepared to conduct the move safely and within prescribed timings. The element moves to the new location with minimal casualties from enemy action or accidents, meets all prescribed timings, does not disrupt the move of other units and, upon arrival in the new location, is ready to conduct subsequent tasks with minimal reorganization.

s	ub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
1. Battle 1001 Battle Pr following poin				
a.	a ground or air reconnaissance of the primary and alternate routes is conducted, if possible;			
b.	defiles, possible ambush sites, and bridge classifications are identified;			
c.	enemy activity;			
d.	support requirements for traffic control, communications, escort, indirect fire, air defence, supply and decontamination are identified; and			
e.	packet/column composition and order of march are designed to permit the element to meet timings, provide security in case of enemy contact and, upon arrival at the new location, to carry on with subsequent tasks with minimum reorganization.			
2. A mo and overlays, a 331-006/FP-00 and supporting preparation for				
006/FP-001 an personnel to co	te card is prepared IAW B-GL-331-d contains sufficient detail to permit omplete the move without maps and to column Commanders to meet ings.			
4. The e	lement completes preliminary			

Su	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
preparations to n				
a.	Personnel are briefed on the move.			
b.	Route cards are prepared and distributed.			
c.	Vehicle and equipment maintenance checks are conducted.			
d.	Vehicles are loaded, loads are configured to meet height restrictions, and antennas are tied down.			
e.	Critical supplies and equipment are dispersed throughout the packets/columns in order to minimize critical losses.			
f.	Trail Party vehicles and personnel are designated.			
g.	Rear Party vehicles and equipment, if applicable, are positioned in areas that provide cover and concealment and do not impede departure of main body vehicles.			
h.	Personnel receive the maximum amount of rest possible. Rest is enforced if necessary.			
i.	Advance or Staging Party vehicles and personnel are dispatched by times indicated in orders.			
j.	The route to the brigade/unit SP is signed IAW Unit SOPs.			

	Su	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
5. the mov					
	a.	the element conforms to the degree of notice and related activities. Camouflage and security are maintained as late as possible;			
	b.	packet/column Commanders inspect vehicles, trailers and personnel;			
	c.	vehicles are marshalled under cover, if possible;			
	d.	available machine guns and hand held anti-tank (AT) weapons are distributed within packets/columns to enhance security;			
	e.	arcs are assigned;			
	f.	air sentries are posted;			
	g.	IAW orders, radio nets are opened;			
	h.	the area is swept to maintain operational security (OPSEC); and			
	i.	Trail Party moves to and mans the unit SP.			
6.	The ele	ment moves to the new location:			
	a.	lead vehicle crosses SP at specified time;			
	b.	packets/columns do not bunch up or block SP;			
	c.	the element maintains march discipline:			

Sul	b-Tasks :	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	(1)	packets/columns and vehicles maintain the correct speeds, distances and proper positions;			
	(2)	vehicles are operated effectively;			
	(3)	personnel react quickly and appropriately to all signals and orders;			
	(4)	traffic regulations, traffic control orders and rules of the road are observed;			
	(5)	passive air and ground defence measures such as cover, concealment, camouflage, dispersion and use of blackout driving equipment and night vision equipment are employed;			
	(6)	vehicles and equipment are serviced whenever necessary and possible; and			
	(7)	traffic control personnel are kept informed of the current situation regarding the move;			
d.		om the former unit location rigade/unit SP are removed;			
e.	(SITRE chemica	e and timely situation reports P), nuclear, biological and al (NBC) reports, tion on passage of critical			

Su	ıb-Task	s and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	measu	, phase lines and other control ares are transmitted IAW and OPSEC measures;			
f.		ts/columns take appropriate at scheduled halts:			
	(1)	reach the halt area on time;			
	(2)	all vehicles clear the route;			
	(3)	vehicles are dispersed under cover, and camouflaged IAW Unit SOPs;			
	(4)	local security is established;			
	(5)	halt parades and necessary maintenance are conducted;			
	(6)	re-supply and feeding are conducted with a sense of urgency; and			
	(7)	the packet departs the halt area on time;			
g.	-	ts/columns take appropriate at unscheduled halts:			
	(1)	all vehicles clear the route, if possible;			
	(2)	local security is established;			

Su	ıb-Task	s and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	(3)	the cause of the halt is determined;			
	(4)	the unscheduled halt is reported to the move control organization and following packet/columns;			
	(5)	the cause of the halt is eliminated, if possible; and			
	(6)	the packet/column continues the move when directed by the move control organization or as soon as possible;			
h.		ts/columns take appropriate when vehicles become ed:			
	(1)	if possible, disabled vehicles are moved off the road so that they do not block traffic;			
	(2)	the disabled vehicle(s) displays the appropriate visual indicator and deploys safety equipment (triangles, flares) as required;			
	(3)	IAW orders or Unit SOPs, the remainder of the packet/column continues with the road move;			
	(4)	the vehicle crew directs traffic around the			

	S	ub-Task	s and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
			vehicle(s);			
		(5)	local security and radio watch are established;			
		(6)	the status of the disabled vehicle(s) is reported; and			
		(7)	repairs are conducted by the crew or Trail Party and the vehicle(s) joins the Trail Party;			
	i.	attack <i>Defen</i>	cket/column reacts to air or ambush IAW BTS 5004 d Against Air Attack, or BTS React to Ambush; and			
	j.	time a	ts/columns cross the Rel P on and proceed to new location ut halting or blocking the			
7. status.	Eleme	ent report	s arrival in new location and			
REMA	RKS:					

CHAPTER 3 PROTECTION

SECTION 1 BTS 5001 B/C—CROSS A CONTAMINATED AREA

ELEMENT: SECTION/PLATOON ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The Section/Platoon has been directed to cross a contaminated area to continue its mission. The higher headquarters (HQ) has provided the time by which the contaminated area must be crossed and, in the case of nuclear contamination, the maximum exposure dose. For chemical contamination, the type of agent is not known. Bypassing the contaminated area is not possible.

TASK STANDARD

The Section/Platoon crosses the contaminated area, without losses of personnel or equipment due to contamination, in the time specified and does not exceed the maximum exposure dose. The higher HQ receives the appropriate nuclear, biological and chemical (NBC) report from the element.

Sı	Eff	NPrac	Ineff	
	ed to cross a radiologically a, the Section/Platoon prepares for			
a.	takes actions to provide extra shielding (such as using wet sandbags on floor);			
b.	stows externally carried equipment inside vehicles or covers it with			

	Sı	ub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		protective material kits, tarps, plastic sheeting, or similar materials;			
	c.	checks RADIAC instruments and ensures they are zeroed;			
	d.	assumes Mission Oriented Protective Posture (MOPP) 3 Mask;			
	e.	closes and secures vehicle hatches/access points; and			
	f.	verifies which routes/areas are clean and avoids passage from dirty to clean areas until decontamination is complete.			
2. contam movem	inated are	ted to cross a chemically or biologically ea, the squadron prepares for			
	a.	stows externally carried equipment inside vehicles or covers it with protective material kits, tarps, plastic sheeting, or similar materials;			
	b.	assumes MOPP 3 Mask;			
	c.	attaches chemical detector paper to personnel and vehicles to provide warning of chemical contamination;			
	d.	closes and secures vehicle hatches/access points; and			
	e.	if available, activates vehicle NBC over-pressurization system.			
3. area:	The Sec	ction/Platoon crosses the contaminated			
	a.	conducts movement along route designated by Commander;			

	Si	ub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	b.	uses waypoints to assist in navigation;			
	c.	avoids stirring up dust, if possible;			
	d.	increases interval and lateral dispersion between vehicles, if terrain permits;			
	e.	if applicable, monitors RADIAC instruments for radiation exposure and reports OEG information to the Commander IAW SOP;			
	f.	if applicable, monitors CAM, and three-way detection paper; and			
	g.	observes animals and foliage.			
4. area:	The sec	ction/platoon exits the contaminated			
	a.	if identifiable, reports on the exit to the Commander;			
	b.	submits NBC-4 report containing radiation and/or chemical/biological data;			
	c.	if NBC monitoring readings are negative, requests permission from Commander to initiate unmasking procedures, or initiates unmasking IAW orders or unit SOP;			
	d.	zeros RADIAC instruments, if applicable;			
	e.	conducts coordination for operational decontamination with Commander; and			

Military Police Battle Task Standards

	Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	JJeuI
f.	continues the mission.			
REMARKS:				

SECTION 2 BTS 5002 B/C/D—DECONTAMINATE

ELEMENT: SECTION/ PLATOON/COMPANY ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The element has been contaminated by a nuclear, chemical, or biological source and is directed to conduct decontamination. Decontaminants, equipment, and new Individual Protective Equipment (IPE) are available.

TASK STANDARD

The element completes operational (Section/Platoon) and thorough (Company) decontamination. The element decontaminates without sustaining additional casualties to personnel or equipment, and without spreading contamination.

	Su	ıb-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	JJəuI
1. Deconta	Decontamination Drill (ID Drill). 2. The element conducts chemical/biological wipe				
2. down:	The elei	ment conducts chemical/biological wipe			
	a.	soldiers decontaminate personal weapons, paying particular attention to plastic handguards and stocks; and			
	b.	soldiers avoid sharp objects that could cause rips or tears in garments.			
3.	The elei	ment conducts radiological wipe down:			
	a.	exposed soldiers brush off any dry contaminants from their IPE, mask			

S	ub-Task	s and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	carrier,	clothing, and gear; and			
b.		s avoid spreading ination into clean areas.			
		nducts operational ted by element Commanders:			
a.		ets chemical/biological amination:			
	(1)	operational decontamination begins as soon as possible after personal decontamination is completed using the three or 20 litre decontamination apparatus;			
	(2)	element scrubs decontaminant onto contaminated surfaces and leaves it in place at least 30 minutes before removal; and			
	(3)	element decontaminates only the surfaces element must touch while operating their equipment.			
b.		cts radiological amination:			
	(1)	Element uses available items (brooms, branches) to remove contamination; and			
	(2)	Water is effective for removing contamination, but runoff must be strictly controlled. Use ditches to			

Su	ıb-Tasks	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		contain runoff.			
	(3)	Removes gross contamination such as mud, dirt, or dust from vehicles using available items (sticks, shovels, brooms).			
	(4)	Marks the contaminated area.			
for thorough dec	ontamina	nmander coordinates and plans tion (thorough be done at Company level):			
a.		decontamination support the higher Commander;			
b.	deconta	location of the mination site and movement of the site;			
c.		arrival time at mination site;			
d.		ntes with the higher nder for relief from current ; and			
e.	deconta element	novement order and mination instructions to the in accordance with (IAW) r unit SOP.			
	site and j	ducts tactical movement to prepares for thorough			
a.		o the marshalling area (taking precautions if route is nated);			
b.		s assigned position within the unit perimeter defence;			

	Sub-Task	ss and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
c.	securit	shes and maintains local y IAW SOP or higher lander's direction;			
d.	prepar	es vehicles for decontamination:			
	(1)	secures all external equipment;			
	(2)	removes vegetation used as camouflage;			
	(3)	removes large amounts of mud (if necessary); and			
	(4)	closes all vehicle access points;			
e.	perfori	ms vehicle decontamination:			
	(1)	ensures vehicle hatches are closed and secured;			
	(2)	follows guidance of site officer-in-charge (OIC)/non-commissioned member-in-charge (NCOIC) or decontamination Section/Platoon in moving vehicles to and through decontamination site;			
	(3)	assists decontamination Section/Platoon in decontaminating vehicles as required; and			
	(4)	when decontamination is completed, moves vehicles to the designated holding area upwind from decontamination site as directed by OIC/NCOIC.			

Si	ıb-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	NOTE			
	contamination is complete, elements C equipment exchange site and repeat ned below.			
site OIC/NCOIC conducts NBC p	upervision of element Commanders, c, or decontamination team, the element rotective clothing exchange. Personnel lowing steps in sequence, using the			
a.	decontaminates and drops gear (weapon, helmet, webbing, mask carrier and personal items);			
b.	decontaminates hood and gloves and rolls up hood;			
c.	removes NBC suit/overshoes; and			
d.	removes NBC gloves.			
shower, then the he can unmask.	nnel decontamination includes a soldier proceeds into a clear area where If the decontamination does not include dier remains masked and carries on ng:			
a.	puts on clean NBC suit (Note: clean soldier pulls clean NBC suit from bag without touching the outside of the bag);			
b.	puts on clean overboots/gloves (Note: clean soldier pulls clean overboots from bag without touching the outside of the bag, puts on overboots, and repeats the process for gloves);			
c.	secures hood; and			
d.	secures gear.			

Military Police Battle Task Standards

Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
NOTE			
Soldiers reverse buddy roles and repeat NBC protective clothing exchange process.			
9. The element Commander reports decontamination status to higher headquarters (HQ).			
REMARKS:			

SECTION 3 BTS 5003 B—CONDUCT NBC SURVEY

ELEMENT: SURVEY TEAM ITERATION 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

In accordance with (IAW) orders or based on the tactical situation, the team leader will conduct a nuclear, biological and chemical (NBC) Survey. The element has the ability to establish at least one NBC survey team. NBC survey equipment is available and operational. The unit may be ordered to conduct an NBC survey of its immediate vicinity, a proposed new location or a limited route or area.

TASK STANDARD

The unit's NBC survey team(s) determine contaminated areas, sign them, mark safe routes and correctly identify NBC agents. The unit submits accurate and timely NBC reports IAW Standing Operating Procedures (SOP).

Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
1. The NBC survey team leaders and the NBC non-commissioned officer (NCO) plan an NBC survey			
a. determine areas of priority and approximate distance between chec and	eks;		
b. for radioactive contamination, consider previous exposure of surviteams when establishing the turn bandose and dose rate.	-		
2. NBC survey teams are briefed on:			

		Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	a.	tactical/enemy situation;			
	b.	specific areas of interest on which to concentrate;			
	c.	specific recording and reporting requirements;			
	d.	for radioactive contamination, turn- back dose and dose rate and actions to take if reached; and			
	e.	marking requirements.			
3.	NBC	survey teams conduct survey:			
	a.	each team prepares vehicles and equipment;			
	b.	contamination is checked for, recorded and reported IAW SOP;			
	c.	contaminated areas are marked; and			
	d.	for radioactive contamination, the turn back dose and/or dose rate are not exceeded without higher authority.			
4. requir		survey teams perform decontamination as 5002B/C/D <i>Decontaminate</i> .			
REM	ARKS:				

SECTION 4 BTS 5004 B/C/D—DEFEND AGAINST AIR ATTACK

ELEMENT: SECTION/ PLATOON/COMPANY

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The element is tactically deployed, either stationary or on the move. Both hostile and friendly aircraft are operating in the general area.

TASK STANDARD

Enemy aircraft do not surprise the element. The element takes effective action to prevent or minimize losses to air attack.

		Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
1.	The e	element employs air defence measures:			
	a.	all available resources are used (camouflage, concealment, cover, dispersion, etc.) to hide elements and limit vulnerability;			
	b.	air attack alarms are established and rehearsed;			
	c.	immediate action drills upon sighting enemy or unidentified aircraft are established;			
	d.	weapon control status is promulgated;			
	e.	air sentries are assigned with specific sectors covering 360 degrees;			
	f.	aircraft are visually identified;			
	g.	air attack alarm is given in accordance			

Si	ub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	with (IAW) Standing Operating Procedures (SOPs);			
h.	passive defence—if undetected, the element holds fire to avoid revealing its position;			
i.	active defence—if attacked, element engages immediately with all available weapons within effective ranges;			
j.	air sentries continue to observe their assigned sectors for additional aircraft;			
k.	based on enemy's expected use of chemical weapons, and the type of rounds or bombs impacting, or indications of spray, personnel perform nuclear, biological and chemical (NBC) immediate action drill; and			
1.	element reports all enemy and unidentified aircraft actions to higher headquarters (HQ).			
2. The ele stationary:	ment uses air defence measures when			
a.	shiny items are covered or shaded, particularly windshields and optics;			
b.	defensive positions are constructed to protect personnel and vulnerable equipment;			
c.	battle positions are approached from the rear to avoid leaving tracks and destroying cover;			

	Sı	ıb-Tasks	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	d.	personn	el occupy defensive positions;			
	e.		s hide or adopt turret down or vn positions whenever c;			
	f.	vehicula	ar movement is limited; and			
	g.	evaluate if tactica	ted or attacked, Commander es situation and moves element al situation and direction from HQ permits.			
3. convoy:		ment uses	nt uses air defence measures in a			
	a.		all personnel are briefed by the convoy Commander;			
	b.		vehicles and equipment are camouflaged before moving out;			
	c.		vehicle interval is selected based on nstructions, mission, terrain, threat, etc.;			
	d.	are alter	ndividual and crew-served weapons re alternated throughout the convoy o cover 360 degrees;			
	e.	upon ea	rly warning:			
		(1)	vehicles disperse to shoulders of the road (off road if possible);			
		(2)	vehicles adopt covered and concealed positions if terrain permits; and			
		(3)	troops in the back of vehicles dismount and take up firing positions.			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff	
f.	if attacked when cover is not available, vehicles maintain or increase interval and use evasive driving techniques.				
4. The el moving cross co	ement uses air defence measures when ountry:				
a.	maintains vehicle interval specified in orders;				
b.	staggers vehicles to avoid linear patterns;				
c.	avoids moving and leaving tracks through open areas, mud and fields;				
d.	upon early warning, element halts in place to avoid detection when in an open area; and				
e.	if detected, element disperses and if possible vehicles move to covered and concealed positions.				
	1				
REMARKS:					

SECTION 5 BTS 5005 B/C/D—REACT TO CONTACT/DIRECT FIRE/INDIRECT FIRE

ELEMENT: SECTION/PLATOON/COMPANY ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The element is moving or stationary. The element contacts the enemy, or receives fire from enemy individual, crew-served weapons, or indirect weapons.

TASK STANDARD

The element takes appropriate reaction to contact/direct fire/indirect fire.

Sub-Tasks	Sub-Tasks and Standards			Ineff	
1. The lead element enemy fire:	The few comen comes and commen and				
a. Lead ele	ement takes action:				
(1)	executes Infantry Section Battle Drill Two—'Reaction to Effective Enemy Fire,' and Section Battle Drill Three— 'Locates the Enemy';				
(2)	immediately returns fire to destroy or suppress the enemy and takes up the nearest covered positions, employing smoke if necessary; and				
(3)	alerts the remainder of the				

	Sub-Tasks	s and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		element to the direction of the enemy, sending 'Contact Report' if necessary.			
b.	Elemen	t Commanders control action:			
	(1)	designates and coordinates fire using fire control orders (group, range, indication and type of fire);			
	(2)	locates and engages known or suspected enemy positions with well-aimed fire;			
	(3)	ensures personnel maintain contact with the personnel on their left and right;			
	(4)	ensures personnel maintain contact with their Section Commanders and reports the location of enemy positions;			
	(5)	checks the status of their personnel; and			
	(6)	sends initial 'Contact Report' to the higher Commander.			
c.		at Commander moves up to the ement in contact and:			
	(1)	determines whether or not the element must move out of a killing zone;			
	(2)	determines whether or not he can gain and maintain suppressive fires with his element already in contact (based on the volume and			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards	F.F.	NPrac	Ineff
	accuracy of enemy fires against the element in contact).			
d.	Makes an assessment of the situation	on:		
	(1) identifies the location of t enemy position and obstacles;	he		
	(2) identifies the size of the enemy force engaging the unit in contact;	;		
	(3) identifies the vulnerable flanks; and			
	(4) identifies covered and concealed flanking routes the enemy position.	to		
e.	Determines the next course of action (for example: assault; clear bunker woods, building, trench; bypass; but contact).			
f.	Calls for and adjusts indirect fire a required.	s		
g.	Sends consolidated 'Contact Reporto the higher Commander, is given course of action, or decides on cour of action:	ı		
	(1) develops a plan;			
	(2) issues a Fragmentary Ord (Frag O); and	er		
	(3) coordinates required supp	ort.		
h.	Continues with the mission.			
2. The	e element observes indirect enemy fire:			

	Sub-Tas	ks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
a.	If mo	ving:			
	(1)	personnel and vehicles execute evasive action to avoid impact;			
	(2)	crews drop down inside vehicles and close hatches;			
	(3)	based on enemy's expected use of chemical weapons, and type of rounds impacting, personnel execute NBC Masking drill;			
	(4)	continue to move out of impact area; and			
	(5)	Commander sends a 'Shell Report (SHELREP)' to the higher Commander.			
b.	If stat	ionary:			
	(1)	crews drop down inside vehicles and close hatches;			
	(2)	based on enemy's expected use of chemical weapons, and type of rounds impacting, personnel execute the nuclear, biological and chemical (NBC) Masking drill; and			
	(3)	Commander sends a 'SHELREP' to the higher Commander.			
c.		rect fire is effectively essing the element:			
	(1)	if the mission permits, the			

Sub-Tasks and Standards					Ineff
		element moves out of the impact area to adequate cover; and			
	(2)	if the mission does not permit, the element adopts covered positions and continues with the mission.			
d.		When the indirect fire stops, crews open vehicle hatches.			
e.	Postur remaii	If in Mission Oriented Protective Posture (MOPP) 3 Mask, personnel remain in that state until the Commander gives the 'all clear'.			
f.	Contin	nue with the mission.			
REMARKS:					

SECTION 6 BTS 5006 B/C—REACT TO AMBUSH

ELEMENT: SECTION/PLATOON ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

A Section/Platoon is on the move. The enemy initiates an ambush.

TASK STANDARD

The Section/Platoon reacts immediately to the ambush by fighting through the ambush to a pre-planned rendezvous (RV), destroying or forcing the enemy to withdraw. The Section/Platoon continues follow-on operations.

		Sub-Tasl	ks and S	tandards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
1.	The S	Section/Pl	atoon rea	cts to an ambush:			
	a.	in acc	carries out the immediate action drill in accordance with (IAW) Standing Operating Procedures (SOP); and				
	b.	if the	if the road is obstructed:				
		(1)	maxir	s in contact return num suppressive fire all available weapon ns;			
		(2)	Senio	r Commander:			
			(a)	sends CONTACT report as soon as possible (ASAP); and			
			(b)	gives appropriate			

Sub-	Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	warning to following vehicles IAW SOP;			
(3	vehicles that are not in contact stop and disperse into cover;			
(4	vehicles are moved into a location where weapons can be brought to bear;			
(5	senior Commander assembles available personnel (co-drivers) who are not in contact and assesses situation;			
(6	if situation can be dealt with by force, carries out counter- attack immediately;			
(7	if ambush is defeated, clears the obstruction;			
3)	if the situation cannot be dealt with, attempts to reverse and find an alternate route;			
(9	the senior Commander calls for additional assistance such as indirect fire if required; and			
(1	0) the senior Commander notifies the nearest higher Commander of the situation by fastest means;			
	ambush is unexpected with no sible signs or road obstruction:			

Sub-Task	Sub-Tasks and Standards			Ineff
(1)	vehicles in ambush increase speed, maintaining interval, and attempt to move through;			
(2)	Senior Commander:			
	(a) sends CONTACT report ASAP; and			
	(b) warns following vehicles of the situation IAW SOP;			
(3)	vehicles that are not ambushed reverse and disperse into cover;			
(4)	if applicable, armoured vehicles are moved into a location where weapons can be brought to bear;			
(5)	senior Commander assembles available personnel (co-drivers) who are not in contact and assesses situation;			
(6)	senior Commander deals with the situation by force or continues on an alternate route;			
(7)	calls for additional assistance such as indirect fire if required; and			
(8)	notifies the higher			

Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
Commander of the situation by the fastest means.			
REMARKS:			

SECTION 7 BTS 5008B/C—DENY EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES

ELEMENT: SECTION/PLATOON ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

Friendly forces are evacuating their positions and abandoning equipment and supplies which they cannot move or, alternatively, friendly forces have captured enemy positions and various items of enemy equipment and supplies remain. The troop is ordered to deny future use of the equipment and supplies to the enemy. Orders or Standing Operating Procedures (SOPs) include the priority of equipment and supplies to be denied and extent of denial to be achieved.

TASK STANDARD

The troop denies equipment and supplies in accordance with (IAW) orders/SOPs without injuring personnel.

	Sub-Tasks and Standards				JJeuI
1. plan:	The e	element Commander develops a denial			
	a.	prioritizes equipment/supplies to deny and confirms extent of denial to be achieved based on orders/SOPs and the equipment/supplies to be abandoned by friendly forces or abandoned by the enemy;			
	b.	prioritizes components/parts to be denied for each type of equipment based on orders, SOPs or technical			

Si	ub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	references applicable to the type of equipment;			
c.	determines the method of denial based on the type of equipment/supplies involved and the manpower, time, explosives, and stores available; and			
d.	ensures that equipment and supplies protected under the laws of armed conflict (e.g., medical supplies) are not destroyed.			
	ement Commander ensures that now their destruction assignments and			
3. The el equipment/supp	ement destroys or disables blies:			
a.	destroys/disables equipment / supplies, including spare parts, in priority;			
b.	destroys/disables components/parts on each piece of equipment in priority;			
c.	if explosives are available, destroys equipment IAW the technical procedures established for each type of equipment, ensuring that:			
	(1) for armoured fighting vehicles (AFVs), ammunition is detonated simultaneously with explosive charges and all vehicle openings are closed;			

\$	Sub-Task	s and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	(2)	charges are in proper contact with the target;			
	(3)	charges and firing circuits are properly prepared; and			
	(4)	personnel are warned and under suitable cover/at appropriate safety distance before firing;			
d.	emplo	losives are not available, bys suitable improvised ods to include:			
	(1)	destroying by direct fire;			
	(2)	burning the vehicle by igniting the fuel tank or using another incendiary device;			
	(3)	smashing vital components with a sledge hammer or other suitable tool;			
	(4)	draining hydraulic systems and cutting hoses;			
	(5)	draining engines of oil and coolant and running them at full throttle until they seize; and			
	(6)	cutting tires.			
		ommander reports to higher the task is complete.			
REMARKS:					

SECTION 8 BTS 5022 C/D—PREPARE FOR NBC ATTACK

ELEMENT: PLATOON/COMPANY ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The Platoon/Company has received warning of an imminent nuclear, biological and chemical (NBC) attack or the risk of NBC attack is high. All members of the element are in possession of the required Individual Protective Equipment (IPE). Established quantities of NBC detection, survey and monitoring and protective equipment are available and functional.

TASK STANDARD

The element adopts appropriate protective measures to prevent or minimize personnel (pers) and vehicle (veh)/equipment casualties to NBC effects prior to the nuclear strike or chemical/biological attack.

Sı	Sub-Tasks and Standards			NPrac	Ineff
1. Nuclear Strike . Upon receipt of warning of a nuclear strike, the element:					
a.	Perforn activitie	ns the following general es:			
	(1)	Moves vehicles behind cover capable of deflecting blast effects. Armoured Fighting Vehicles (AFV) and Armoured personnel carriers (APC) adopt positions with heaviest armour facing target area and with turrets reversed to protect armament and			

	Sub-Task	s and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		optics;. Removes and stores all external flammable equipment.			
	(2)	Disconnects all antennae and cables (inside and outside).			
	(3)	Covers all vision devices, closes all doors, hatches, windows and ports.			
	(4)	Tests collective protection systems.			
	(5)	Shuts off all emitters (or as many as possible) and engines and waits for a minimum of seven minutes after the explosion.			
b.	Depend	ding on the danger zone:			
	(1)	Minimum Safe Distance 1 (MSD1)—evacuates personnel from the zone or, if evacuation is not possible or if the Commander elects a higher degree of risk, ensures that they are in closed AFV or under 0.45 metres overhead protection (OHP).			
	(2)	MSD1 to 2—personnel assume Mission Oriented Protective Posture (MOPP) 3 Mask and take cover.			
	(3)	MSD2 to 3—personnel cover exposed skin, take cover and avoid nuclear flash.			
2. Che	emical / Bio	logical Attack. The element			

Sı	ıb-Tasks	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
prepares for a ch	emical/bi	ological attack:			
a.		el assume appropriate ve posture;			
b.	NBC se	ntries are posted;			
c.	CAM a	rs of chemical detector kits and re alerted and equipment ss is confirmed;			
d.	collective tested;	ve protection systems are			
e.		d water are topped up and ption is controlled;			
f.	NBC su briefed;	rvey teams are identified and			
g.		if available, are employed 150 netres upwind of the element's			
h.	alarm si	gnals are confirmed;			
i.	importa covered	nt items of equipment/food are :			
	(1)	ammo/water/food are covered or kept in canisters/containers;			
	(2)	weapons are covered or dispersed under foliage;			
	(3)	vehicles are parked in buildings, woods, under bushes or covered;			
	(4)	communications equipment that is not sheltered is covered; and			

Sub-Task	s and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
(5)	headsets, microphones and telephone handsets are protected from contamination;			
(6)	non-essential tentage and canvas are taken down;			
(7)	if time permits, rehearsals are conducted;			
(8)	decontamination equipment, resources and sites are prepared for use;			
(9)	replacement IPE and equipment, particularly filters, are positioned for ready access; and			
(10)	preparations are made to treat and evacuate NBC casualties.			
3. The element repaccordance with (IAW) of Procedures (SOPs).				
REMARKS:				

CHAPTER 4 SUSTAINMENT

SECTION 1 BTS 6001 B/C—COORDINATE INTEGRAL COMBAT SERVICE SUPPORT

ELEMENT: ADMINISTRATION SECTION/PLATOON ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The Administration Section/Platoon is conducting its primary support mission. Provision of combat service support (CSS) must be coordinated at unit level. Unit administration and the provision of integral CSS is specifically detailed in Standing Operating Procedures (SOPs). Enemy contact is a possibility.

TASK STANDARD

Mission accomplishment is not hindered by a lack of CSS planning. All elements receive the necessary combat supplies, equipment, and personnel to carry out their assigned mission. Integral CSS is effectively executed in accordance with (IAW) SOPs.

	Sub-Tasks and Standards				
1. CSS:	The S	Section/Platoon Command Post plans			
	a.	forecasts anticipated requirements;			
	b.	establishes resupply priorities based on the tactical situation and SOP;			
	c.	coordinates and consolidates unit administrative reports and returns;			
	d.	provides advice to the Unit			

Military Police Battle Task Standards

Commander on CSS matters and plans;

- e. coordinates unit replenishment with Brigade G4 staff and Close Support (CS) service battalion; and
- f. coordinates emergency and supplementary CSS requirements as per SOP.
- 2. The Section/Platoon operates a command post to effectively plan, coordinate and supervise the provision of integral:
 - a. personnel administration IAW BTS 6002B Conduct Personnel Administration;
 - b. transportation services IAW BTS 6005B/C Provide Integral Transportation Services;
 - c. maintenance services IAW BTS 6007C Provide Integral Maintenance Services;
 - d. supply services IAW BTS 6009B Provide Integral Supply Services; and
 - e. food services IAW BTS 6010B

 Provide Food Services.

REMARKS:

SECTION 2 BTS 6002 B—CONDUCT PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION

ELEMENT: PERSONNEL SERVICES SECTION ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The personnel services Section, under the direction of the Adjutant (when not employed forward), is conducting its mission. Replacement personnel are arriving daily. The Section has all assigned personnel and equipment, and all required forms, manuals, and Standing Operating Procedures (SOPs).

TASK STANDARD

The Section integrates replacements and prepares and submits personnel reports and actions while sustaining operations and providing for the discipline, welfare and morale of unit personnel.

	S	ub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
1.	The Sec	ction receives replacements:			
	a.	welcomes and acclimatizes them to the Unit;			
	b.	assigns them to Sub-Units in accordance with (IAW) the Commanding Officer's priorities; and			
	c.	briefs on the Unit's mission and the current tactical situation before being sent forward.			
2. perform	The Chief Clerk and Orderly Room personnel rform administrative functions:				
	a.	maintain and update personnel records:			

	Si	ub-Task	s and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		(1)	Personnel Record Resumes;			
		(2)	pay;			
		(3)	employment;			
		(4)	leave; and			
		(5)	Personal Emergency Notification information.			
	b.		mendments to unit records, as ble; and			
	c.	amendr	requests for formal nents to higher headquarters or action.			
3. provide services	detailed		fanagement Support clerks unting and other financial			
	a.		secure storage for cash and sh vouchers;			
	b.	distribu	te pay to personnel;			
	c.	maintai	n pay documents; and			
	d.	properly	y process pay allotments.			
4. services		derly Roo	om personnel provide postal			
	a.	receive incomir	and distribute the Unit's ng mail;			
	b.	consolie outgoin	date and dispatch the Unit's g mail;			
	c.	by high	ent the postal procedures issued er Formation HQ, including hip of outgoing mail; and			
	d.	provide	limited financial postal			

		Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		services.			
5. services		lain detachments provide the following			
	a.	provide moral/spiritual advice on matters affecting the spiritual welfare of the troops;			
	b.	provide counseling services and spiritual comfort, particularly to the wounded;			
	c.	conduct religious services (e.g. church parades, burials); and			
	d.	perform battlefield casualty identification.			
6. manner		section processes/coordinates, in a timely nentation associated with:			
	a.	service investigations;			
	b.	discipline;			
	c.	redresses of grievance;			
	d.	harassment cases;			
	e.	provision of legal services;			
	f.	personnel assessments;			
	g.	career progression; and			
	h.	honours and awards.			
	III IIOIIO MIA WII WII WO.				
	a.	leave, rest and recreational centers;			
	b.	entertainment (e.g., reading material, films/videos, radio programs, and live			

		Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		shows);			
	c.	messes and institutes;			
	d.	specialist welfare services; and			
	e.	specialist social work services.			
8. docum	The Senentation	ection coordinates casualty reporting and :			
	a.	the Section processes documentation associated with the reporting of dead, missing, wounded, injured and ill personnel (e.g., CF 98 Report of Injuries or Immediate Death);			
	b.	the personnel records of dead/missing/evacuated personnel are backloaded with personal effects; and			
	c.	the Adjutant ensures that Sub-Unit Commanders write letters to next-of- kin when unit casualties are suffered.			
9. Sectio		asked by the Commanding Officer, the nates the Unit public information program.			
REMA	ARKS:				

SECTION 3 BTS 6003 B/C—TREAT AND EVACUATE CASUALTIES

ELEMENT: SECTION/PLATOON ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

An element has sustained casualties requiring treatment and evacuation. The Unit's Medical Assistants (Med As) are available to provide emergency medical treatment and evacuation.

TASK STANDARD

All casualties are treated and evacuated without causing additional injury. The element provides its own security. Enemy casualties are treated in accordance with (IAW) the Geneva Conventions.

Sub-Tasks and Standards					Ineff	
1.	. Personnel provide emergency first aid.					
2. The element sends a casualty report/request for treatment to higher headquarters (HQ), including:						
	a.					
	b.	location of casualties;				
	c.	status of casualties; and				
	d.	enemy situation.				
3.	Med As	s/first aiders examine casualties:				
	a.	conduct a quick visual exam;				
	b.	determine which patients are most seriously ill or injured; and				

- c. move casualties to a secure location.
- Med As/first aiders treat casualties:
 - determine the general conditions, types of injuries, and need for immediate life-saving measures;
 - b. provide emergency medical treatment to stabilize seriously wounded for transportation to the casualty collection point (CCP);
 - provide first aid for minor injuries or illness; and
 - d. initiate casualty tags.
- 5. The element reacts to a casualty situation:
 - a. the CCP is established;
 - b. all casualties are prioritized and evacuated to the CCP;
 - c. the element's Sgt Maj coordinates the evacuation using ambulances and unit vehicles:
 - Med As, with support from other available personnel, stabilize casualties IAW basic techniques for life-saving (BTLS); and
 - e. the element HQ coordinates evacuation.
- 6. Casualties requiring further treatment are transported to the unit medical station:
 - patients are moved as quickly as possible by any available means using covered/concealed routes; and
 - b. patients are provided supporting treatment en route.
- 7. Med As submit a request for aeromedevac and a landing site is prepared:

	a.	best available cover and concealed landing site is identified;			
	b.	landing site security is provided;			
	c.	number and type of casualties, and patient conditions are reported; and			
	d.	casualties are moved to the landing site, and treatment is continued.			
	8. Evacuation of remains and effects of those killed-in-action (KIA) is supervised and completed as quickly as possible:				
	a.	casualty report is submitted to higher HQ;			
	b.	custody is taken of military equipment in possession of KIA;			
	c.	remains and personal effects are evacuated IAW unit SOPs; and			
	d.	nominal roll and strength state are updated.			
REMAI	RKS:				

SECTION 4 BTS 6005 B—PROVIDE INTEGRAL TRANSPORTATION SERVICES

ELEMENT: TRANSPORT SECTION ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The element is conducting its primary support mission. Transportation and supply activities are closely coordinated by the administration squadron headquarters (HQ).

TASK STANDARD

The Section successfully carries out unit replenishment, assigned general transport tasks, and maintenance of transport records.

	Eff	NPrac	Ineff		
1. load:	The e				
	a.	critical supplies are dispersed amongst the Section/troop's vehicles;			
	b.	supplies are identified on vehicle load lists;			
	c.	basic load is held on vehicles for mobility as long as possible;			
	d.	vehicles are dispersed while in location and on the move; and			
	e.	hazardous cargo is properly marked and handled.			

The element carries out integral administrative transport tasks: plans and conducts unit integral a. troop lifts, as required; conducts refueling, including the b. establishment of a unit petroleum, oil, and lubricant (POL) point; conducts removal and disposal of c. garbage, as required; d transports general cargo; picks up salvage, as required; e. f provides staging support for unit moves; and drafts administrative move orders g. The element controls the administration for all unit vehicles: dispatching; а vehicle records: b. maintenance scheduling; and C d. replacement vehicles. The element performs the Mobile Support 4. Equipment (MSE) safety function for the unit: driver training; a. h driver testing; maintains drivers records and C. licenses: and d. accident investigation and reporting.

Military Police Battle Task Standards

5. The element executes Delivery Point (DP) operations with the Close Support Service Battalion IAW BTS 6006D <i>Conduct Delivery Point Operations</i> .		
6. The element conducts running replenishment/battle resupply with sub-unit echelons IAW BTS 6011C/D <i>Conduct Running Replenishment/Battle Resupply</i> .		
REMARKS:		

SECTION 5 BTS 6006 B—CONDUCT DELIVERY POINT (DP) OPERATIONS

ELEMENT: SUPPORT SECTION ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The Unit is preparing for, or is involved in operations. Higher combat service support (CSS) assets are available (i.e., Brigade Close Support Service Battalion). It has been directed that provision of routine replenishment will be effected through delivery points (DPs). Enemy action is possible or expected. Iterations of this task may be performed under radio silence.

NOTE

This Battle Task Standard (BTS) applies to DP conducted at all levels, i.e., between the Close Support (CS) Service Battalion and Administration Company, between Administration Company and their supported elements. Depending on the support concept, replenishment of a Military Police (MP) unit may be conducted in cooperation with another minor unit.

TASK STANDARD

Resupply is successfully conducted without loss of critical supplies or vehicles. DP opening and closing times are met.

Sub-Tasks and Standards					Ineff
1. The element	requirin	g replenishment plans the DP:			
		NOTE			
The replenishing element will normally plan a centralized DP)					
a.	selects and reconnoitres a primary site. The site meets the following requirements:				
	(1)	is accessible to main routes;			
	(2)	provides firm standing;			
	(3)	provides adequate space to prevent traffic congestion;			
	(4)	permits dispersion;			
	(5)	allows tailgate to tailgate loading;			
	(6)	(6) is defensible;			
	(7)	has traffic circuit that is easily discernible at night and provides adequate in and out routes; and			
	(8)	has waiting areas near contact points that provide camouflage and space for both empty and loaded vehicles;			
b.	b. a rendezvous (RV) for a crash DP in case of attack is selected and reconnoitred;				
c.	reasona	ole alternate site within a able distance of the primary site diffed and reconnoitred; and			

Si	Eff	NPrac	Ineff		
d.	approp Servic Squad	a DP request is forwarded to the appropriate headquarters (i.e., CS Service Battalion Log Ops, C/S 8 or Squadron HQ (SHQ)) with the following information:			
	(1)	primary DP location;			
	(2)	contact point for primary DP location;			
	(3)	alternative DP location;			
	(4)	contact point for alternative DP location;			
	(5)	desired time of opening; and			
	(6)	suitability of primary and alternate DP for aerial delivery.			
2. The headquarters receiving the DP request coordinates the allocation of the required terrain on the Operations chain.					
3. The ele establishes the E establish a centra one of the eleme					
a.	 sweeps the DP site to ensure that it is clear of enemy; 				
b.	establishes listening posts and security;				
c.	-	parks and conceals unit vehicles in designated waiting areas;			
d.	_	routes and waiting areas and the location of each odity;			

s	Eff	NPrac	Ineff		
e.		shes the reporting centre and he contact point(s);			
f.	Emissi	stablishes communications, if mission Control (EMCON) heasures permit; and			
g.	makes to all.	the RV for the crash DP known			
vehicles (or rece	eiving ve	s established and replenishing hicles for a centralized DP) cedures are followed:			
a.	vehicle at the o	eplenishing vehicles (or receiving ehicles for a centralized DP) are met t the contact point and directed to the ctual DP location;			
b.	receivi	replenishing vehicles are directed to eceiving vehicles (or vice versa for a centralized DP);			
c.	loads a	re transferred using:			
	(1)	tailgate-to-tailgate (cargo) loading;			
	(2)	side-to-side loading, e.g., pod trucks; and			
	(3)	exchange of vehicles;			
d.		the demand for the next day's DP is submitted;			
e.		personnel replacements are brought forward;			
f.	vehicle	replenishing vehicles (or receiving vehicles for a centralized DP) depart the DP;			
g.	receivi	ng vehicles (or replenishing			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards			
	vehicles for a centralized DP) move to the waiting area, form up in packets and move back to the unit location; and			
h.	the DP site is cleared and all signs are removed.			
REMARKS:				

SECTION 6 BTS 6007 B—PROVIDE INTEGRAL MAINTENANCE SERVICES

ELEMENT: MAINTENANCE SECTION ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The unit is conducting operations. The Section is conducting its mission, centralized as a Section, or decentralized with Mobile Repair Teams dedicated to specific operations. A Brigade Close Support Service Battalion or allied unit/formation is available. Enemy activity is possible or expected.

TASK STANDARD

The Section repairs and recovers vehicles in accordance with (IAW) designated priorities, Permissive Repair Schedules (PRS) and applicable *Canadian Forces Training Orders* (CFTO). The section manages spare parts effectively.

	Sub-Tasks and Standards				Ineff
1.	The t	roop provides repair services:			
	a.	conducts repair tasks;			
	b.	conducts preventive maintenance inspections IAW Standing Operating Procedures (SOPs);			
	c.	conducts repairs IAW unit priorities; and			
	d.	vehicle off road (VOR) rate is maintained at the directed level.			
2.	The S	Section provides recovery services:			

s	Sub-Tasks and Standards				
a.	6008 I	cts recovery tasks IAW BTS B Respond to a Repair/ ery Request;			
b.		cts backloading to Equipment ction Point (ECP);			
c.	condu	cts route clearance tasks;			
d.	condu	cts Unit Trail Party tasks:			
	(1)	reports unit clear of Start Point (SP), Release Point (Rel P), and other critical points IAW movement orders/SOP;			
	(2)	repairs vehicles within time limit IAW movement order/SOP;			
	(3)	recovers forward IAW movement order/SOP; and			
	(4)	prepares vehicle(s) for recovery by Brigade trail party including picking up co-driver, vehicle trailer, and mission critical equipment, if required; and			
e.	Trail F	Party is organized to include:			
	(1)	officer-in-charge (OIC) Trail;			
	(2)	repair/recovery vehicles;			
	(3)	vehicle to carry casualty vehicle's passenger(s)/cargo/trailer; and			
	(4)	ambulance.			

		Sub-Tasl	xs and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
3.	The S	Section per	rforms other maintenance tasks:			
	a.		equipment to enemy IAW BTS Deny Equipment and Supplies;			
	b.	condu- and	ets modifications IAW CFTO;			
	c.		les technical inspection and ication services IAW SOP.			
4.	The S	Section pro	ovides workshop support:			
	a.	inform	es maintenance management nation systems IAW /LMS policies;			
	b.	includ suppor	nins effective production control ing repair/recovery requests to rting Close Support (CS) enance Company;			
	c.	plans	unit maintenance workload:			
		(1)	advises Commander on unit maintenance program;			
		(2)	manages and allocates resources effectively;			
		(3)	ensures training and equipment requirements are identified/ achieved;			
		(4)	maintains technical library;			
		(5)	provides effective repair parts support including proper scaling, stocking, and accounting procedures; and			

Sustainment

Sub-Tasks and Standards		NPrac	Ineff
(6) provides effective tool crib support.			
REMARKS:			

SECTION 7 BTS 6008 B—RESPOND TO A REPAIR/RECOVERY REQUEST

ELEMENT: MOBILE REPAIR TEAM ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The Mobile Repair Team (MRT) receives a repair/recovery task, complete with Repair/Recovery request number. Enemy action is a possibility. A nuclear, biological and chemical (NBC) environment may exist.

TASK STANDARD

The MRT successfully repairs/recovers the casualty in accordance with (IAW) the Permissive Repair Schedule (PRS). Actions and drills upon encountering enemy or an NBC threat are followed.

	Sub-Tasks and Standards				NPrac	Ineff
1.	Upor	n receipt o	f tasking, the MRT Commander:			
	a.	a. notifies crew to:				
		(1)	de-camouflage the vehicle;			
		(2)	parade the vehicle;			
		(3)	perform radio check;			
		(4)	load ammunition;			
		(5)	load rations; and			
		(6)	load any special equipment required;			
	b.		res a tactical briefing from enance Troop command post			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards			NPrac	Ineff
		to include main, alternate and routes;			
c.	condu	cts a map reconnaissance;			
d.	briefs	briefs troop CP on:			
	(1)	Estimated Time of Arrival (ETA) at casualty site; and			
	(2)	Estimated Time of Return (ETR);			
e.	briefs	MRT crew regarding:			
	(1)	nature of casualty;			
	(2)	routes;			
	(3)	passwords;			
	(4)	code words;			
	(5)	NBC/enemy threat;			
	(6)	radio frequencies;			
	(7)	signals (hand and light); and			
	(8)	noise discipline;			
	(9)	conducts a tactical move to the casualty site;			
f.	secure	es site:			
	(1)	stops short of objective and keeps MRT vehicle under cover;			
	(2)	reconnoitres the site while crew monitors the vehicle radio;			
	(3)	challenges crew of casualty vehicle;			

Su	Sub-Tasks and Standards				Ineff
	(4)	confirms that the vehicle is the correct casualty;			
	(5)	questions crew on tactical situation at that location; and			
	(6)	sweeps immediate area if no crew is present;			
g.		area is secure, brings the MRT e forward and places it under			
h.	posts	osts sentries;			
i.	-	peaks to crew to discuss the nature of he problem;			
j.	of exp	es Administration Squadron CP pected time required to complete /recovery;			
k.		letes repair/recovery task. very methods to include:			
	(1)	direct tow;			
	(2)	suspended tow; and			
	(3)	extraction; and			
1.	move	raws and conducts a tactical back to the Maintenance Troop using a pre-selected route.			
		nmander carries out the under enemy contact:			
a.	while	enroute to the casualty:			
	(1)	conducts immediate anti-			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards				Ineff
		ambush drill; and			
	(2)	decides whether or not to complete the repair/recovery using the pre-planned alternate route;			
b.	while a	t the casualty site:			
	(1)	considers denying the equipment IAW BTS 5008C Deny Equipment and Supplies (Sub-Task 3); and			
	(2)	departs site, submits contact report and returns to unit lines.			
the administ		nander maintains contact with on CP IAW Standing OP):			
a.		calls just prior to departing maintenance troop location;			
b.	calls on	calls on arrival at the casualty site;			
c.		advises the CP of the estimated time to complete the repair/recovery;			
d.	advises situation	the CP of changes in the n;			
e.		nen vehicle is repaired and departing the casualty site;			
f.	calls on troop lo	arrival at the maintenance ocation.			

Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
4. The MRT Commander completes maintenance management information system requirements and ensures that the MRT vehicle is prepared for next mission.			
REMARKS:			

SECTION 8 BTS 6009 B—PROVIDE INTEGRAL SUPPLY SERVICES

ELEMENT: SUPPLY SECTION

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The regiment is preparing for or is in combat. A Close Support Service Battalion or equivalent allied unit/formation is available. Replenishment is cyclical and is usually conducted on a daily basis between integral and close support organizations. Enemy contact is possible or expected.

TASK STANDARD

The Section provides the necessary supply support to permit the unit to accomplish its mission. Supply Section tasks are closely coordinated with those of the Transportation Section/Troop by the Administration Squadron headquarters (HQ).

Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
1. The Unit deploys with applicable CFFET equipment.			
2. Sub-unit demands are satisfied and commodities distributed efficiently.			
3. Efficient control of the Unit supply accounts is maintained.			
4. Replenishment demands for the Unit are consolidated and submitted to the Combat Support (CS) Service Battalion in accordance with (IAW) unit reports and returns outlined in Standing Operating Procedures (SOP).			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards				
5. establisl					
6. Receipt and carriage of materials for the Unit is coordinated.					
7.	Repairable/re-usable materiel is processed.				
8. Coordination and control of supply services are provided to include:					
	a. laundry;				
	b. sanitation;				
	c. technical services; and				
	d. Local Purchase Orders (LPO), as applicable.				
9.	Hazardous material is controlled IAW SOP.				
REMA	RKS:				

SECTION 9 BTS 6010 B—PROVIDE FOOD SERVICES

ELEMENT: FOOD SERVICES SECTION ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The tactical situation permits the delivery, preparation, and consumption of fresh rations.

TASK STANDARD

Fresh rations and ice are demanded, received, bulk-broken as necessary, and distributed to sub-unit kitchens. Kitchens provide nutritious and satisfying meals in a timely fashion. Proper hygiene and sanitation procedures are observed.

Su	Eff	NPrac	Ineff	
	ef Cook plans the unit food service			
requirements as	follows:			
a.	advises the Officer Commanding (OC) Administration Squadron, through the Quarter Master (QM), on unit feeding;			
b.	conducts ration and menu planning;			
c.	maintains the unit ration accounts;			
d.	holds and accounts for the unit's cooking equipment;			
e.	demands and maintains the supply of fresh rations;			
f.	conducts liaison with the brigade G4			

	Eff	NPrac	Ineff			
		staff on	all ration and dietary matters;			
	g.		s decentralized field kitchens sh ration feeding;			
	h.		es confirmatory tours of s for hygiene and messing ds; and			
	i.		s bulk-breaking of rations for kitchens.			
2.	The kite	chen is ef	fectively operated:			
	a.	nutrition served;	nutritious and satisfying meals are served;			
	b.	-	set-up and operation of kitchens ncludes:			
		(1)	siting of grease traps;			
		(2)	siting of wash stands and the pre-drip area for plates are located near the entrance to the kitchen; and			
		(3)	availability of safety equipment IAW SOPs;			
	c.	the stan	dard of hygiene is maintained:			
		(1)	a minimum of one toilet for exclusive use of the cooks is located in close proximity to the kitchen;			
		(2)	an ablution stand is available for the exclusive use of the cooks;			
		(3)	cooks wash daily;			
		(4)	appropriate head-dress is			

Sub-Tasks and Standards				NPrac	Ineff
		worn while employed in the kitchen;			
	(5)	no facial camouflage is applied; and			
	(6)	normal dress is worn when outside kitchen lines.			
REMARKS:					

CHAPTER 5 FIREPOWER

SECTION 1 BTS 2001 C/D—EMPLOY INDIRECT FIRE SUPPORT

ELEMENT: PLATOON/COMPANY ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: EMPLOY INDIRECT FIRE SUPPORT

CONDITIONS

The Platoon/Company is operating as part of the higher formation. Both enemy and friendly forces have indirect fire and Close Air Support (CAS) available on call.

TASK STANDARD

The Platoon/Company Commander plans and executes indirect fire support that supports the higher Commander's plan and covers likely enemy approaches and key terrain. Friendly fire does not cause fratricide. Calls for indirect fire support are requested in accordance with (IAW) Standing Operating Procedures (SOP).

Su	Eff	NPrac	Ineff	
1. The Platoon/Company Commander plans indirect fire support:				
a.	confirms the rear area threat in his area of responsibility;			
b.	confirms existing defence plan;			
c.	confirms means of message transmission; and			
d.	integrates higher formation fire support plan into platoon/company			

Sı	Eff	NPrac	Ineff	
	operations.			
	2. The Platoon/Company Commander executes calls for indirect fire supports:			
a.	calls for indirect artillery fire IAW unit SOP reports and returns;			
b.	adjusts fire;			
c.	requests CAS, attack helicopters and indirect fire support IAW SOP and when appropriate;			
d.	assesses effectiveness of engagement; and			
e.	reports engagement results to the higher headquarters (HQ) at the conclusion of each fire mission.			
REMARKS:				

CHAPTER 6 INFORMATION OPERATIONS

SECTION 1 BTS 3001—MAINTAIN OPERATIONS SECURITY

ELEMENT: ALL

ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: MAINTAIN OPERATIONS SECURITY

CONDITIONS

The Element is conducting its primary support mission. The enemy has the ability to detect the Element visually and electronically. Unit/Element Essential Elements of Friendly Information (EEFI) and operational security (OPSEC) tasks are known to the Unit/Element, based on the Brigade/Formation OPSEC plan.

TASK STANDARD

The Element prevents the enemy from learning its strength, disposition and intentions.

Sub	Eff	NPrac	Ineff	
1. Comma out or check secu				
a.	control information on a need to know basis;			
b.	prohibit fraternization with civilians (as applicable);			
c.	limit access to the Element area;			
d.	conduct deployment preparations so as to minimize detection;			
e.	make sure maps contain minimal			

Sub	o-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	details on friendly units;			
f.	conduct inspections and briefings to ensure personnel do not carry details of military activities in personal belongings (letters, diaries, photographs, etc).			
g.	sanitize all planning areas and positions before departure; and			
h.	maintain an emergency destruction plan for classified material and equipment.			
2. The Element maintains counter-surveillance discipline:				
a.	selects concealed vehicle positions and routes;			
b.	maintains track discipline;			
c.	conceals vehicles and equipment using natural camouflage, hessian/reflective surface covers and camouflage nets;			
d.	switches off vehicles and equipment, whenever possible, to minimize thermal and electro- magnetic signatures;			
e.	keeps heat sources under screening systems even when using natural concealment;			
f.	adjusts personal and vehicle loads to minimize noise;			
g.	keeps lights used for night work to a minimum and shields them as much as possible;			

	Sub	-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	h.	limits movement of individual personnel and vehicles when the Element is stationary to a minimum;			
	i.	maintains litter discipline; and			
	j.	maintains emission control (EMCON).			
3. security		ement employs communications res:			
	a.	uses and enforces Communications and Encoding Operating Instructions (CEOI) procedures (authentication, code words, frequency changes, low level codes, encryption, etc.);			
	b.	uses short transmissions, lowest possible power settings and directional antennas;			
	c.	avoids transmission patterns as much as possible;			
	d.	maintains radio silence as directed;			
	e.	uses correct procedures for working through jamming;			
	f.	uses runners and wire as much as possible; and			
	g.	uses visual signals in accordance with (IAW) Standing Operating Procedures (SOPs).			
4. The Element maintains local security					
measures					
	a.	sites sentries in positions that provide protection while			

Su	Eff	NPrac	Ineff		
	remaii	ning undetected;			
b.		ir sentries for All Arms Air ce (AAAD);			
c.		nuclear, biological and cal defence (NBCD) es;			
d.	ensure	es sentries possess:			
	(1)	personal equipment;			
	(2)	personal weapon or C6/C9;			
	(3)	communications equipment;			
	(4)	binoculars;			
	(5)	night vision goggles (NVGs); and			
	(6)	range card;			
e.	ensure	es sentries are aware of:			
	(1)	location of post and the positions of flanking posts;			
	(2)	the route that they must take to and from the post;			
	(3)	arcs of observation and fire;			
	(4)	enemy situation;			
	(5)	particulars of any friendly patrols or other troops in the area;			
	(6)	challenging procedure;			
	(7)	the password, the			

Sub	Sub-Tasks and Standards				Ineff
		alternate password and the code word to be used to change to the alternate password;			
	(8)	action on contact;			
	(9)	Rules of Engagement (ROE) and open fire policy;			
	(10)	details and positions of any mines, intruder alarms or aids such as trip flares;			
	(11)	the location of their immediate superiors and how to contact them; and			
	(12)	time of changing sentries and details of the relief system;			
f.	perform	s stand-to drills;			
g.		es early warning devices mand detonated mines, as d;			
h.	sensitiv	safeguards weapons, ammunition, sensitive items and classified documents;			
i.		proper dispersion of sub- s and vehicles;			
j.		primary weapon systems y approaches; and			
k.		maximum use of night tion devices.			
5. Execute	s emerge	ency destruction plans to			

Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
prevent enemy capture of classified matter, cryptographic hardware/software and key material, communications equipment, crew served weapons, and other sensitive items.			
6. Executes final preparations for conduct after capture when unit is in imminent danger of being overran or captured by the enemy.			
REMARKS:			

SECTION 2 BTS P3006 B/C—CONDUCT A ROUTE RECONNAISSANCE

ELEMENT: MP PLATOON/SECTION ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: CONDUCT A ROUTE RECONNAISSANCE

CONDITIONS

The Platoon/Section has been tasked to conduct a reconnaissance (recce) of one or more routes in close proximity and ensure that they are clear of both obstacles and trafficable within the capabilities of the supported Unit/Brigade/Formation. Platoons may be tasked to recce up to three routes in close proximity while Sections would normally be assigned only one route. Enemy forces beyond the capability of the Platoon/Section to destroy will be avoided and bypassed in accordance with (IAW) orders. The Platoon/Section may also have been ordered to collect information on any enemy forces encountered and the condition of routes, bridges, fords, defiles, built-up and contaminated areas.

Enemy contact is possible or expected. Iterations of this task may be performed under nuclear, biological and chemical (NBC) conditions. NOTE: The term route in this Battle Task Standard (BTS) describes terrain which may permit the movement of the supported Unit/Brigade/Formation and follow on forces and is not restricted purely to roads, tracks or trails.

TASK STANDARD

The Platoon/Section:

- deploys and moves with at least one vehicle physically on each of the routes assigned;
- b. conducts a recce of all key/dominant terrain from which the enemy could influence the route;
- c. conducts a recce of all critical points along the route;

- d. identifies and reacts IAW orders to enemy forces along the route and retains sufficient combat power to continue the mission;
- e. provides timely and accurate reports on the Priority Intelligence Requirements (PIRs) and Information Requirements (IRs)related to the route; and
- f. accomplishes the mission within the time specified by the Commander.

	Su	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
Battle procedure is conducted IAW BTS 1001, Conduct Battle Procedure, with the emphasis on:					
	a.	restrictions along the route, likely enemy positions, and dominating ground;			
	b.	grouping of assets (Platoon commander only);			
	c.	use of direct and indirect fire, Close Air Support (CAS), aviation and Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV) assets;			
	d.	use of engineer support for detailed recce of obstacles, bridges, fords etc; and			
	e.	establishment and use of a reserve (Platoon commander only).			
2.	The Pla	toon/Section, IAW orders:			
	a.	Finds and reports all enemy that can influence movement along the route.			
	b.	Within capability, destroys or forces the withdrawal of enemy forces. If the enemy cannot be destroyed or			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	forced to withdraw, the Platoon/Section IAW orders conducts a recce of effective bypass routes around the enemy.			
c.	Determines the trafficability of the route.			
d.	Locates and clears the route of mines and obstacles within capability or locates a bypass.			
e.	Conducts a recce of dominating terrain.			
f.	Conducts a recce of defiles to ensure they are clear of enemy and obstacles, or locates a bypass.			
g.	Conducts a recce of built up areas.			
h.	Conducts a recce of lateral routes.			
i.	Inspects and classifies bridges on the route.			
j.	Locates suitable fords and crossing sites near bridges.			
k.	Inspects and evaluates culverts, overpasses and underpasses along a route.			
1.	Locates bypasses around built up and contaminated areas.			
m.	Provides accurate and timely route information to the commander IAW unit Standing Operating Procedures (SOPs).			
n.	Maintains contact with flanking units and formations.			

Su	ıb-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
0.	Identifies critical points along the route requiring Traffic Control Posts (TCPs) or route signs, balancing the need for operational security (OPSEC) with effective traffic control (e.g. Start Point, Release Point, major intersections, left turns, defiles, bottle necks, entry and exit to large halt/waiting areas/hides/harbours, entry and exit to detours/alternate routes/laterals, etc.).			
p.	Prepares a route recce report and overlay IAW unit SOP and forwards it to the commander.			
	atoon/Section accomplishes the mission allocated by the commander.			
4. The Pla	atoon/Section retains sufficient combat are the mission.			
REMARKS:				

SECTION 3 BTS P3901—ASSESS, MONITOR AND ENFORCE OPERATIONS SECURITY

ELEMENT: ALL

ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: ASSESS, MONITOR & ENFORCE OPERATIONS

SECURITY

CONDITIONS

The supported Unit/Element is conducting its mission. The enemy has the ability to detect friendly forces visually and electronically. Formation Provost Marshall (PM) or Brigade Military Police Platoon Commander (MP Pl Comd) participate in Formation/Brigade operational security (OPSEC) planning. Unit/Formation Essential Elements of Friendly Information (EEFI) and OPSEC tasks are identified, based on the Formation/Brigade OPSEC plan.

TASK STANDARD

In conjunction with G2, CI, and G6/Signals (sigs) staff, the MP Platoon/Section participates in OPSEC assessments of the Unit/Formation, detects vulnerabilities that could compromise EEFI, assists in developing Unit/Formation OPSEC profiles, and recommends appropriate counter-measures. The MP Platoon monitors and enforces Unit/Element counter-surveillance and OPSEC discipline, in conjunction with ongoing traffic control and route, and area security patrols. The Unit/Element prevents the enemy from learning its strength, disposition and intentions.

Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	JjeuI
1. The Platoon/Section Commander carries out battle procedure in accordance with (IAW) BTS 1001, <i>Conduct Battle Procedure</i> , with emphasis on the following points:			

	Sul	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	a.	participation in brigade OPSEC planning (Pl Comd only);			
	b.	requirement for OPSEC assessments;			
	c.	surveillance and OPSEC vulnerabilities of routes;			
	d.	traffic control, refugee and straggler control measures;			
	e.	route and area security patrol requirements;			
	f.	location of enemy intelligence, surveillance, target acquisition and reconnaissance (ISTAR) resources;			
	g.	communication and surveillance requirements and resources available;			
	h.	OPSEC requirements; and			
	i.	co-ordination with Brigade/Formation G3, G2, CI, G6/Sigs, and G4.			
2.	Platoon	/Section Commander:			
	a.	participates in Brigade/Formation OPSEC planning (Platoon level only) and identifies EEFI that MP will monitor/enforce;			
	b.	designates, based on route vulnerabilities and supported Unit/Element OPSEC profiles:			
		(1) location of Traffic Control Posts (TCPs)			

	Sı	ub-Tasks	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
			where OPSEC monitoring is to be done; and			
		(2)	route and area security patrols that are to monitor OPSEC; and			
	C.		ns/Patrols/Detachments to pate in OPSEC assessments			
3.	Eleme	ents of the	Platoon/Section:			
	a.		et OPSEC assessments, in ction with G2, CI, and ss;			
	b.	that co develo	n detecting vulnerabilities uld compromise EEFI, ping OPSEC profiles, and mending counter-measures;			
	c.	surveil discipl	or Unit/Element counter- lance and OPSEC ine, while operating TCPs ate and area security patrols;			
	d.	or on r Format and tak to main	Units/Elements in the area outes comply with tion/Brigade OPSEC plan are prompt corrective action nation or restore counterlance and OPSEC ine;			
	e.	of majo	e MP Reports for incidents or OPSEC or counter- lance compromise;			
	f.		in close watch on progress port, as ordered, on			

Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
status/success of OPSEC plan to the headquarters responsible for control; and			
g. report on changes in route conditions that increase OPSEC vulnerabilities.			
4. As per orders, Sections/ Patrols/Detachments are re-supplied, prepare for the next mission, roll up TCPs and Patrols, and redeploy for next mission.			
REMARKS:	•		

SECTION 4 BTS P3902 B/C—CONDUCT CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE OPERATIONS

ELEMENT: MP PLATOON/SECTION ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: CONDUCT CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE OPERATIONS

CONDITIONS

Normally this Battle Task will be carried out only by specialised elements of the Investigation Section from Corps Military Police (MP), Canadian MP Unit, and Coalition/Allied Multi-National MP Unit. The MP involved are Canadian Forces (CF) National Investigation Service or CF National Counter-intelligence (CI) Unit personnel. In rare cases, it may be necessary for Division MP Company or Brigade MP Platoon elements to carry out this task, when higher support is unavailable or committed to higher priority operations. In all cases, the Tasking Order will be issued by the Canadian Provost Marshal.

The MP Platoon/Section has been tasked to provide criminal intelligence in theatre. Brigade MP elements or Host Nation civil police may be able to collect or provide criminal intelligence. Judge Advocate General (JAG) assistance is available. The MP area of interest may be in the combat zone or the communication zone (CommZ).

The supported Unit/Element is conducting its mission. Lines of Communication are established between bases/base clusters and the combat zone. The enemy has the ability to detect friendly forces visually and electronically. Sabotage, theft, and other criminal acts occur in the area, targeting mission critical personnel, equipment, supplies, and assets. Enemy agents, infiltrators, and saboteurs may be present in the area. There is an airborne, airmobile, or amphibious threat of enemy Special Operations Forces in the area. There may be a nuclear, biological and chemical (NBC) threat. Criminal elements (individuals and groups) are present in the local populace, and may be present in Host Nation police/government agencies or in Canadian/Allied units. Criminal elements are engaged in criminal activity within the area and are targeting Canadian/Allied

units/elements, or persons under our protection. Criminal elements may be working with, sympathetic to, or neutral towards the enemy. Friendly support may be available from Allied MP or Host Nation civil police.

TASK STANDARD

Joint Doctrine, tactics, techniques, and procedures govern the MP criminal intelligence operations, as provided in applicable CFPM direction—A-SJ-100-001/AG-004 Military Police Policies and Technical Procedures. Canadian Forces Administrative Orders (CFAO), and other applicable orders and directives. MP participate in the Intelligence Preparation of the Battlefield (IPB), identify Targeted Areas of Interest (TAIs) and Named Areas of Interest (NAIs), and based on the supported Unit/Element mission, identify criminal intelligence Priority Intelligence Requirements (PIRs) and Information Requirements (IRs). A criminal intelligence collection plan is developed and applicable law enforcement sources and agencies are contacted or tasked to answer the PIRs and IRs. Results are processed and converted into finished criminal intelligence. Timely criminal intelligence reports and summaries are disseminated in accordance with (IAW) applicable National policies and laws to concerned Commanders, Provost Marshal (PM), J2/G2, CI, MP (higher, lower, and flanking), Host Nation civil police, and other applicable authorities. Criminal intelligence products are predictive and usable as a sound basis for assessing the threat and planning future military and law enforcement operations.

Sub	-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
procedure IAW B	Section Commander carries out battle TS 1001, Conduct Battle Procedure, the following points:			
	participation in rear operations IPB (Platoon Commander only);			
b.	identification of:			
	(1) MP Area of Interest, Area			

Su	ıb-Tasks	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		of Influence, and Area of Responsibility;			
	(2)	NAI, TAI, and locations for surveillance;			
	(3)	Bases, base clusters, critical installations;			
	(4)	Lines of communication (LOCs) and other critical routes (e.g. routes reserved for counter-moves forces);			
	(5)	built-up areas with a civilian and criminal population; and			
	(6)	troop concentration, rest areas, and locations prone to vice and black market activities;			
c.	key ass combat Comma accepta	eed unit/formation mission, ets (personnel, equipment, supplies, etc) and superior ander's (Comd's) level of risk ince—especially high value or we assets;			
d.	loss dat	al activity (e.g. incident and ta), and identities of known als or criminal groups in the			
e.	vulnera	bilities;			
f.		ination of criminal ence PIRs and IRs;			
g.		n and availability of other an/Allied MP elements, CI,			

	Su	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		Host Nation civil police, other law enforcement agencies, or friendly troop elements who could be tasked or requested to answer criminal intelligence PIRs and IRs;			
	h.	time and resources required and available;			
	i.	Operational security (OPSEC) Essential Elements of Friendly Information (EEFI); and			
	j.	co-ordination with Brigade/Formation G3, J2/G2, CI, G4, G5, critical installations in area, other MP elements, Host Nation civil police and other applicable staffs/agencies.			
2.	Platoon	Section Commander:			
	a.	conducts Criminal Intelligence Estimate (Platoon level only);			
	b.	develops Criminal Intelligence Collection Plan; and			
	c.	tasks or requests MP, law enforcement, CI or other appropriate sources and agencies to collect criminal intelligence at TAIs and NAIs, answering the PIRs and IRs.			
3.	Elemen	ts of the Platoon/Section:			
	a.	conduct liaison with Allied or Host Nation sources and agencies, request and obtain answers to PIRs and IRs;			
	b.	collect criminal intelligence on assigned PIRs/IRs through			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	observation/surveillance of applicable NAIs/TAIs, observation/surveillance of known/suspected criminal personalities/groups of interest, and/or use of locally recruited informants;			
c.	report on answers to PIRs/IRs as obtained;			
d.	collate reports received into criminal intelligence files/databases;			
e.	evaluate reports, considering source credibility, accuracy of the information, and source motivations;			
f.	integrate new criminal information with that already held/known;			
g.	analyze the criminal information, using applicable specialist criminal intelligence analysis techniques;			
h.	interpret the criminal information to determine identification of involved criminal groups/individuals, activity, and significance;			
i.	document the resulting criminal intelligence in Criminal Intelligence Reports/ Summaries;			
j.	disseminate Criminal Intelligence Reports/Summaries to end-users (J2/G2, CI, other MP or law enforcement agencies, etc.) at higher, lower, and flanking elements, as appropriate IAW applicable laws, policies, orders and directives;			

Military Police Battle Task Standards

	Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
k.	if applicable, use the resulting criminal intelligence to plan, direct, and execute MP investigations or other law enforcement operations to counteract the threat; and			
1.	re-evaluate current knowledge of the criminal threat, identify new gaps in knowledge, and repeat the Criminal Intelligence Cycle.			
REMARKS:				

CHAPTER 7 MANOEUVRE

SECTION 1 BTS 4101 B/C/D—DEFEND

ELEMENT: SECTION/PLATOON/COMPANY

ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: DEFEND

CONDITIONS

The Section/Platoon/Company has completed the move to the new location and initial occupation drills. The Section/Platoon/Company Commander is in the process of finalizing the Section/Platoon/Company defensive layout. The Section/Platoon/Company Commander has conducted a mounted or dismounted reconnaissance of the area. Selected personnel have occupied initial security positions. Crew-served weapons are positioned. Small threat elements are operating in the general area and the threat is capable of employing Tactical Air (TACAIR) sorties, airborne and airmobile regular army units and local guerrilla elements.

TASK STANDARD

The defence plan is completed in accordance with (IAW) Standing Operating Procedures (SOP) and is integrated into the battalion defence plan. Passive defence measures must permit adequate early warning of an enemy attack. Alert measures and a full stand-to must be met within established timings. Deployment of the Quick Reaction Force (QRF) must be effective to counter the threat. Effective Section/Platoon/Company administration is followed. The Section/Platoon/Company defeats and/or repels the enemy threat sustaining minimal casualties in personnel, equipment and supplies.

	Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff		
performs terr	1. Section/Platoon/Company Commander performs terrain analysis of Section/Platoon/Company area of responsibility:					
a.	confirms terrain features which provide cover and concealment or other advantages to the threat force;					
b.	confirms likely avenues of approach for mounted and dismounted forces and threat aircraft;					
c.	confirms likely locations that enemy (en) could establish observation posts;					
d.	confirms probable dead space(s) in the Section/Platoon/Company's area of responsibility;					
e.	confirms locations of pre-planned indirect fire targets and target reference points in coordination with higher headquarters (HQ); and					
f.	confirms locations of restrictive fire zones within or in the immediate vicinity of the Section/Platoon/Company's area of responsibility.					
	ion/Platoon/Company Commander iminary Section/Platoon/Company fire					
a.	confirms available weapon systems and element to which they are assigned;					
b.	calculates defensive capability based					

S	Sub-Tasks and Standards			Ineff
	on the availability of personnel during normal operations;			
c.	confirms sub-element boundaries that cover the entire Section/Platoon/Company's area of responsibility based on the normal availability of weapons and personnel;			
d.	confirms probable engagement areas based on terrain analysis of the area of responsibility and data provided by higher HQ;			
e.	establishes coordination links with adjacent sub-units to integrate interlocking fires;			
f.	confirms range cards for each crew- served weapon type in the Section/Platoon/Company;			
g.	confirms indirect fire target reference points; and			
h.	coordinates fire support coordination measures with higher HQ.			
	n/Platoon/Company Commander inary local mobility and counter-			
a.	confirms locations of obstacles and types based on enemy threat and approaches;			
b.	considers additional mobility enhancements; and			
c.	coordinates additional requirements with the Logistic Operations (Log Ops) centre.			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards			NPrac	Ineff
4. confirm		n/Platoon/Company Commander inary air defence plan:			
	a.	applicable air defence policies, procedures and requirements in the Battalion and Company SOP;			
	b.	probable air avenues of approach;			
	c.	current weapon control status as received from Log Ops;			
	d.	air defence warning signals; and			
	e.	locations for air Observation Posts (Ops).			
	s that th	n/Platoon/Company Commander e QRF requirements are based on lion SOP or guidance.			
6. confirm		n/Platoon/Company Commander d early warning plan to include:			
	a.	location for emplacement of early warning systems; and			
	b.	location(s) for (OP) and listening posts (LP).			
7. defence		ny Commander reviews Platoon			
	a.	verifies level of defensive state;			
	b.	confirms boundaries of elements are based on company plan;			
	c.	confirms that the positions of crew- served weapons (CSW) have fields of fire that cover most likely dismounted avenues of approach and afford maximum cover and concealment;			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
d.	verifies that arcs of fire for crew- served weapons are able to provide overlapping fire, and are integrated and mutually supporting beyond the point of hand grenade range (35 m);			
e.	confirms armour kill zones for anti- armour weapons within the Platoon;			
f.	confirms M203 positions cover dead space areas;			
g.	verifies that individual weapon positions provide overlapping fire and flank security for CSW;			
h.	confirms that indirect fire targets are within the Platoon's sector;			
i.	confirms locations of restrictive fire zones within the Platoon's sector; and			
j.	confirms integration of interlocking fires with adjacent Platoons on the left and right.			
8. Plato defences:	on Commander reviews section			
a.	verifies level of defensive state;			
b.	confirms all primary positions within the Platoon's sector;			
c.	confirms locations of obstacles, target reference points and restrictive fire zones within the Platoon's defence sector;			
d.	confirms supplementary positions are within 200 m of primary positions and are oriented in a different			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	direction from primary positions;			
e.	verifies that arcs of fire for each supplementary position are interlocking and provide mutual and supporting fire; and			
f.	confirms integration of interlocking fire with adjacent sections on the left and right.			
	tion/Platoon/Company Commander directs inst the attack:			
a.	forwards "CONTACT" report to higher HQ;			
b.	notifies all sub-elements of threat presence;			
c.	increases perimeter manning in graduated and full stand-to as warranted;			
d.	directs continuation of support mission as long as possible;			
e.	directs Section/Platoon/Company fire;			
f.	briefs the officer-in charge (OIC) Quick Reaction Force (QRF) on nature of threat;			
g.	directs Section/Platoon/Company QRF to most critical area(s);			
h.	requests additional fire support as required;			
i.	reports current situation to higher HQ as changes occur;			
i.	provides "ALL CLEAR" signal as			

	Su	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		soon as attack is over;			
	k.	decreases perimeter manning level as tactical situation permits;			
	1.	directs reorganization until Section/Platoon/Company returns to normal operational level; and			
	m.	forwards casualty report to higher HQ.			
10. attack:	Section	/Platoon/Company responds to an			
	a.	sounds prescribed attack alarm;			
	b.	occupies fighting positions, as directed;			
	c.	restricts access/exit to Section/Platoon/Company area;			
	d.	assembles QRF at pre-designated rendezvous (RV);			
	e.	employs proper challenge procedure to all personnel;			
	f.	engages threat with all available fire until threat is defeated and driven from the Section/Platoon/Company area; and			
	g.	forwards situation report (SITREP) to Section/Platoon/Company command post (CP).			
11. drills re	11. Section/Platoon/Company conducts post battle drills resulting from an attack:				
	a.	replaces key injured personnel;			
	b.	replaces weapon systems that are destroyed during engagement;			

Military Police Battle Task Standards

	Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
c.	relocates compromised fighting positions;			
d.	adjusts defence plan as required;			
e.	conducts sweep of area including vehicles;			
f.	re-distributes and replenishes combat supplies;			
g.	camouflages positions;			
h.	treats casualties;			
i.	evacuates casualties;			
j.	performs damage assessment;			
k.	inspects all communication lines for breaks or tampering;			
1.	forwards personnel and equipment status report to higher HQ;			
m.	assembles KIAs with their personal effects at designated location; and			
n.	moves all PWs to a designated collection point.			
REMARKS:	collection point.			

SECTION 2 BTS P4314 B/C—CONDUCT TRAFFIC CONTROL

ELEMENT: MP PLATOON AND SECTION ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE) TASK: CONDUCT TRAFFIC CONTROL

CONDITIONS

Military Police (MP) are used to control traffic for all moves except unit-level moves and moves of Brigade manoeuvre units in the combat zone, where engagement by enemy direct and indirect fire is expected.

The Platoon/Section has been ordered to provide traffic control for personnel and vehicular traffic on a major road move. The Platoon headquarters (HQ) may be designated as the Regulating HQ or the Section may be designated to provide the Sector HQ. Reconnaissance (recce), engineer, aviation, civilian military cooperation (CIMIC), civil authorities, translator elements may be in support. The Movement Order is provided. Enemy contact from air and ground forces is possible or expected during the conduct of the move. It is likely that the move will be conducted under conditions of radio silence and darkness.

TASK STANDARD

The Platoon/Section maintains a regular flow of traffic and prevents congestion on the route. The Superior/Regulating HQ is provided with timely and accurate information regarding the progress of the move. The supported unit/formation on the move gets to the right place, at the right time, in the right order.

	Sub-Tasks and Standards			NPrac	Ineff
Conduc	1. The Platoon/Section Commander carries out battle procedure in accordance with (IAW) BTS 1001, Conduct Battle Procedure, with emphasis on the following points:				
	a. condition and capacity of routes;				
	b.	alternate routes and detours;			
	c.	of possible Waiting or Halt Areas;			
	d.	defiles and likely bottlenecks;			
	e.	civilian traffic and requirements for refugee control;			
	f.	requirement for Sector HQs (Platoon level only) and Traffic Control Posts;			
	g.	communication and surveillance requirements and resources available;			
	h.	operational security (OPSEC) requirements;			
	i.	co-ordination with Brigade/Formation G4 Transportation (Tn).			
2. Regulat	2. If required the Platoon/Section establishes a Regulating/Sector HQ and ensures:				
	a.	location offers good communications along the route and with higher HQ, including use of the civilian telephone system (if possible); and			
	b.	suitable landing zones (LZs) available nearby.			
3.	Platoon	/Section Commander:			

	Su	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	a.	designates sectors (Platoon level only);			
	b.	designates location of Traffic Control Posts (e.g. Starting Point (SP), Release Point (Rel P), and critical points along the route [i.e. defiles, bottle necks, left turns, major intersections, entry/exit to large waiting or halt areas, entry/exit to detours/alternate routes, etc.]);			
	c.	if possible, creates a mobile reserve; and			
	d.	coordinates as necessary with Brigade/Regulating HQ, CIMIC and local authorities, as necessary.			
4.	Elemen	ts of the Platoon/Section:			
	a.	Recce the route within sectors and identify/confirm alternate routes, detours, Waiting and Halt Areas, IAW BTS P3006.			
	b.	Post route signs only at critical points along the route, balancing the need for OPSEC with effective traffic control.			
	c.	Establish and occupy traffic control posts (TCP) within sectors and direct traffic along the route. For long routes, where TCPs exceed available troops, employ caterpillar or leapfrog techniques to maximize resources.			
	d.	Ensure columns/serials/packets follow the prescribed route and block timings, and maintain counter- surveillance and OPSEC discipline			

Su	Sub-Tasks and Standards			Ineff
	while moving.			
e.	Prevent unauthorized military and civilian traffic from interfering with scheduled movement.			
f.	Report and assist G5, counter- intelligence (CI), and civilian police elements with refugees which may affect the move.			
g.	Recce detours and direct traffic over them if traffic on the main route becomes blocked.			
h.	Maintain close watch on the progress of the move and report, as ordered, to the headquarters responsible for control.			
i.	Help to transmit and effect any alterations in orders to columns/serials/packets.			
j.	Report on the condition of the route.			
5. As last columns/serials/packets pass along the route, Sections and Patrols/Detachments are resupplied and prepare for the next mission. Roll up TCPs and route signs and re-deploy for next mission.				
REMARKS:				

SECTION 3 BTS P4315 B—ESTABLISH A TRAFFIC CONTROL POST

ELEMENT: MP PATROL/DETACHMENT ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: ESTABLISH A TRAFFIC CONTROL POST

CONDITIONS

The Military Police (MP) Patrol/Detachment has been tasked to establish a Traffic Control Post (TCP) as part of a movement control organization. In addition, the MP Patrol may be made responsible for a portion of the Section sector and be responsible to conduct a reconnaissance (recce) of the route and proposed Waiting/ Halt areas. Enemy contact is possible or expected. Radio silence is in effect.

TASK STANDARD

The MP Patrol/Detachment establishes the TCP within the timings directed in orders. A regular flow of traffic is maintained, thereby preventing congestion on the route. The MP Patrol/Detachment maintains a log of the packets/serials/columns that have proceeded through the TCP. Operational security (OPSEC) is maintained and the Sector headquarters (HQ) is informed of the progress of the move in accordance with (IAW) orders.

Sub-Tas	Eff	NPrac	JJeuI			
	achment Commander carries out TS 1001, <i>Conduct Battle</i>					
	2. The Patrol/Detachment conducts a recce of the TCP, with emphasis on the following:					
a. route	s in/out;					
b. waiti	ng area for a minimum of one					

	S	Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		packet;			
	c.	positions for Patrol/Detachment vehicle;			
	d.	alternate routes around the TCP; and			
	e.	suitable landing zone (LZ).			
3.	The Pa	atrol/Detachment:			
	a.	Conducts a recce of the route within sector and identifies and marks, as ordered, alternate routes, detours, Waiting and Halt areas, IAW BTS P3006. Places route signs as needed to support traffic control at the TCP, considering the balance between OPSEC and effective traffic control.			
	b.	Establishes and maintains communications with the Sector HQ. If radio silence is in effect, section commander (Sect Comd) acts as rover and passes on messages between Sector HQ and TCPs.			
	c.	Sites Pointsmen at all directions from which traffic may be expected. They must be properly equipped to include personal weapon, complete fighting order, nuclear, biological and chemical (NBC) individual Protective Equipment (IPE), flashlight, traffic baton and movement schedule. A shell scrape should be provided for each Pointsman, where practicable.			
	d.	Sites vehicles and integral crew-served or light/medium anti-armour weapons to provide security and assist in traffic			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	control.			
e.	Ensures columns/serials/packets follow the prescribed route and block timings, and maintain counter-surveillance and OPSEC discipline while moving.			
f.	Identifies and logs each packet/serial/column as they pass through the TCP.			
g.	Prevents unauthorized military and civilian traffic from interfering with scheduled movement.			
h.	Reports and assists G5, counter intelligence (CI), and civilian police with any refugee activity which could affect the move.			
i.	Ensures that local security of the TCP and patrol vehicles are maintained at all times.			
j.	Conducts a recce of the detours and directs traffic over them if traffic on the main route becomes blocked.			
k.	Maintains close watch on the progress of the move and reports, as ordered, to the Sector HQ.			
1.	Helps to transmit and effect any alterations in orders to columns/serials/packets.			
m.	Reports on the condition of the route.			
REMARKS:				

SECTION 4 BTS 4391 B—RECONNAISSANCE OF A NEW LOCATION

ELEMENT: RECONNAISSANCE PARTY ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: RECONNAISSANCE OF A NEW LOCATION

CONDITIONS

The element receives a move warning order from Logistic Operations (Log Ops). The unit Reconnaissance (recce) Officer has already deployed to the new general area. Limited knowledge is available on the threat in the new area. The Reconnaissance Party has all integral assets available.

TASK STANDARD

The recceParty finds a suitable area, sites sub-unit elements and their defences, and in conjunction with the Advance Parties prepares the new location for the arrival of the main body. The recce Party meets all timings stipulated in orders and provides effective and appropriate action upon encountering an enemy or nuclear, biological and chemical (NBC) threat.

Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
1. The Recce Officer conducts a map reconnaissance and time estimate for the reconnaissance/advance.			
2. The Recce Officer conducts liaison with the officer-in-charge (OIC) of the Advance Party prior to leaving the company area.			
3. The recce Party meets with the Unit Recce Officer at the rendezvous (RV) at the appropriate time.			
4. The Recce Officer conducts a thorough reconnaissance of assigned area:			

	S	andards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff		
	a.		through and trail	area to locate/confirm			
	b.	confir activit		rea is free of enemy			
	c.	selects	s likely s	itting areas; and			
	d.	draws new a	-	inary sketch of the			
5.	The R	Recce Offi	icer deve	lops a track plan.			
6.	The R	Recce Offi	cer cond	lucts an estimate:			
	a.		lers defer	nce and siting factors sing:			
		(1)	COPF	PED:			
			(a)	concealment;			
			(b)	obstacles;			
			(c)	positions of fire;			
			(d)	positions of observation;			
			(e)	enemy; and			
			(f)	distance;			
		(2)	CHIL	DRENS LAWS:			
			(a)	camouflage and concealment;			
			(b)	hard-standing;			
			(c)	internal circuits;			
			(d)	laying up area;			
			(e)	dispersion;			
			(f)	routes (to/from the main supply route (MSR));			

	Su	b-Tasks	and Star	ndards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
			(g)	entry and exit;			
			(h)	near the MSR;			
			(i)	spacing (between vehicles and sections);			
			(j)	landing zone/drop zone;			
			(k)	alternate location;			
			(1)	water sources; and			
			(m)	signals;			
	b.	deduces	s:				
		(1)	suitabil	ity of location;			
		(2)		eations for nate unit locations;			
		(3)		approaches and defence sites; and			
		(4)	natural	obstacles; and			
	c.	Comma unsuital	if applicable, advises Deputy Commanding Officer (DCO) of unsuitability of new location and adjusts accordingly.				
7.	The Re	cce Offic	er sites p	latoons:			
	a.		sites semi-static (hard) defence platoons first;				
	b.	(admin)	sites administrative (admin)/headquarters (HQ) Platoon centrally for defand protection;				
	c.		AW) spec	reas in accordance sialist Platoon criteria			

	Su	b-Tasks	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	d.	tests tra	tests track plan.			
8. defence		cce Office	er develops a provisional			
	a.		rs all round defence with king arcs of fire;			
	b.	consider ground;	rs concealment from air and			
	c.	sites cre	w served weapons;			
	d.	makes b	est use of natural obstacles;			
	e.	determin	nes perimeter trench line;			
	f.	develop include:	s early warning system to			
		(1)	360 degree coverage; and			
		(2)	five minute early warning; and			
	g.	cover th	each Platoon can adequately eir areas using 25 m on and trenches sited as per g Operating Procedures			
9. Platoons		ermitting, Section	the Recce Officer sites level:			
	a.	identifie	es Section locations; and			
	b.	identifie reference	es locations including grid ee, of:			
		(1)	command post (CP); and			
		(2)	contact point.			
10. defence		cce Office	er completes the provisional			

	Su	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	a.	verifies and confirms early warning plan;			
	b.	sites sentries;			
	c.	verifies and confirms siting of crew served weapons;			
	d.	establishes a fire plan;			
	e.	establishes an obstacle plan;			
	f.	sites observation posts (OP) and listening posts (LP);			
	g.	considers Surveillance and target Acquisition (STA) criteria;			
	h.	considers use of trip flares to extend range of LP;			
	i.	considers air and NBC sentries; and			
	j.	considers defence aspects of Platoon Sections having vehicles that will leave the Platoon location.			
11. defence		cce Officer finalizes the siting and			
	a.	sites provisional areas for potential attachments;			
	b.	sites helicopter LZ outside company area;			
	c.	confirms sketch is correct; and			
	d.	employs proper staff duties.			
12. recce to		ermitting, the Recce Officer conducts a alternate site:			
	a.	confirms the route to the alternate location;			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards						
	b.	as a minimum, selects an RV en route to the alternate location;					
	c.	prepares basic sketch map of alternate site with Platoon/Section locations;					
	d.	sites CP location; and					
	e.	establishes traffic plan.					
13. Officer		cce Officer meets with the unit Recce / at the allocated time:					
	a.	provides detailed siting plan;					
	b.	provides defence plan; and					
	c.	provides alternate location details.					
14. the RV		cce Officer meets the Advance Party at Company warning order.					
15. under c Party.		cce Officer places the Advance Party ne RV and briefs the OIC Advance					
REMA	RKS:						

SECTION 5 BTS 4392 B—PERFORM ADVANCE PARTY ACTIVITIES

ELEMENT: ADVANCE PARTY

ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: PERFORM ADVANCE PARTY ACTIVITIES

CONDITIONS

Departure time for the Advance Party has arrived. The Advance Party groups at the pre-designated company rendezvous (RV) within Company location. Upon arrival at the RV, the officer-in-charge (OIC) Advance Party will meet with the Reconnaissance (Recce) Officer and will receive specific Platoon areas. Main body arrives before completion of this task.

TASK STANDARD

All preparation tasks are accomplished at the new operation site as directed by the Recce Officer, Unit Commander and/or Standing Operating Procedure (SOP). The main body effectively moves into position. The Advance Party meets all stipulated timings.

	Sub-Tasks and Standards				
1. site:	The A	Advance Party moves to new operating			
	a.	crosses starting point (SP), checkpoints and release point (Rel P) as prescribed in movement order;			
	b.	follows prescribed route from old to new area;			
	c.	signs route from old location to battalion SP for move of main			

Sub	o-Tasks a	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	body;				
d.	informa messen	route changes and/or ation to main body by ger, route guides, route s or other non-electronic and			
e.	receive: Party.	s a briefing from the Recce			
2. Advanc		procedures are employed tion:			
a.	moves	into new location;			
b.	-	area to locate signs of threat presence;			
c.		ts preliminary nuclear, cal and chemical (NBC)			
d.	posts (C	entries and observation OP) on probable avenues of ch consistent with available nel;			
e.	conduc	ts hasty camouflage;			
f.	prepare	s track plan;			
g.	sites ve	hicles to facilitate:			
	(1)	command and control;			
	(2)	defence; and			
	(3)	primary combat service support (CSS) function;			
h.	sites de	fensive positions;			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards					
	i.	briefs guides for move into new location;				
	j.	begins digging sentry positions;				
	k.	digs shell scrapes; and				
	1.	prepares Location status (LOCSTAT) for new location in accordance with (IAW) unit SOP.				
3. prepara	The OI tion tasks	C advance party supervises company s:				
	a.	confirms occupation plan IAW directed track plan;				
	b.	establishes internal communications system using runner until wire communications have been established;				
	c.	enforces operational security (OPSEC) measures during area preparation; and				
	d.	confirms defensive plan and adjusts if required.				
4. prepara	The Ad	lvance Party performs area s:				
	a.	marks location of Company command post (CP) IAW the layout plan;				
	b.	marks location of bivouac and administrative areas IAW the layout plan and SOP;				
	c.	lays land line from Company CP to all sub-elements;				
	d.	signs the internal route direction(s)				

Sul	o-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	IAW the traffic plan;			
e.	signs route from Battalion Rel P to new Company location;			
f.	marks vehicle positions allowing maximum dispersion consistent with size of area and tactical situation;			
g.	marks sub-elements defensive boundaries IAW the security plan;			
h.	erects barriers to block all unauthorized entrances and exits into and out of the company CP area;			
i.	employs camouflage and concealment measures consistent with tactical situation; and			
j.	employs noise and light discipline measures.			
5. The admin body:	vance party supervises reception of			
a.	identifies guide pick-up points/RVs;			
b.	briefs ground guides on moving main body into their respective areas with emphasis on OPSEC;			
C.	monitors sub-element guides' activities to ensure compliance with guidance by OIC Advance Party and SOPs; and			
d.	enforces noise, light and track discipline.			

Sub-Tasks and Standards				NPrac	Ineff
6. function	The Ac				
	a.	guides elements into assigned positions without having vehicles stop in exposed areas;			
	b.	employs pre-arranged signals IAW the SOP;			
	c.	parks vehicles;			
	d.	employs filtered flashlights during darkness or reduced visibility; and			
	e.	briefs incoming personnel on local defence plan.			
7. Comma		lvance Party briefs the element on arrival.			
REMA	RKS:		1		

SECTION 6 BTS P4901 B/C—ENFORCE TRAFFIC REGULATIONS

ELEMENT: MP PLATOON AND SECTIONS ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE) TASK: ENFORCE TRAFFIC REGULATIONS

CONDITIONS

Military Police (MP) are used to control traffic for all moves except unit-level moves and moves of brigade manoeuvre units in the combat zone, where engagement by enemy direct and indirect fire is expected.

The Platoon/Section has been ordered to provide traffic control for personnel and vehicular traffic on a major road move. The Platoon headquarters (HQ) may be designated as the Regulating HQ or the Section may be designated to provide the Sector HQ. Reconnaissance (recce), engineer, aviation, Civilian-Military cooperation (CIMIC), civil authorities, and translator elements may be in support. The Movement Order is provided. Enemy contact from air and ground forces is possible or expected during the conduct of the move. It is likely that the move will be conducted under conditions of radio silence and darkness.

Traffic regulations (e.g. speed, rules of road, use of signals/lights, etc.) are established in Standing Operating Procedures (SOP) and in the Movement Order in accordance with (IAW) applicable national/local law in theatre.

TASK STANDARD

The Platoon/Section maintains a regular flow of traffic and prevents congestion on the route. The Superior/Regulating HQ is provided with timely and accurate information regarding the progress of the move. The supported unit/formation on the move gets to the right place, at the right time, in the right order.

	Sub-Tasks and Standards				Ineff
	1. The Platoon/Section Commander carries out battle procedure IAW BTS 1001, <i>Conduct Battle Procedure</i> , with emphasis on the following points:				
	a.	condition and capacity of routes;			
	b.	alternate routes and detours;			
	c.	location of possible waiting or halt areas;			
	d.	defiles and likely bottlenecks;			
	e.	civilian traffic and requirements for refugee control;			
	f.	requirement for Sector HQs (Platoon level only) and Traffic Control Posts (TCP);			
	g.	communication and surveillance requirements and resources available;			
	h.	operational security (OPSEC) requirements; and			
	i.	co-ordination with Brigade/Formation G4 Transportation (Tn).			
2.	Platoon	/Section Commander:			
	a.	designates sectors (Platoon level only);			
	b.	designates location of TCPs (e.g. Starting Point, Release Point, and critical points along the route [i.e. defiles, bottle necks, left turns, major intersections, entry/exit to large waiting or halt areas, entry/exit to detours/alternate routes, etc.);			

	S	Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	c.	if possible, creates a mobile reserve; and			
	d.	coordinates as necessary with Brigade/Regulating HQ, CIMIC and local authorities, as necessary.			
3.	Elem	ents of the Platoon/Section:			
	a.	recce the route within sectors and identify/confirm alternate routes, detours, waiting and halt areas, IAW BTS P3006;			
	b.	post route signs, establish and operate TCPs, and control traffic IAW BTS P4314 and P4315;			
	c.	ensure columns/serials/packets follow the prescribed route and block timings, comply with speed limits, density, rules of the road and other established Traffic Regulations;			
	d.	employ traffic radar, time/distance calculation, or other techniques to monitor and enforce speed limits;			
	e.	prevent unauthorized military and civilian traffic from interfering with scheduled movement;			
	f.	report and assist G5, Counter Intelligence (CI), and civilian police elements with refugees which may affect the move;			
	g.	report and investigate traffic violations and accidents IAW SOP;			

Military Police Battle Task Standards

St	Eff	NPrac	Ineff	
h.	maintain close watch on the progress of the move and report, as ordered, to the headquarters responsible for control;			
i.	help to transmit and effect any alterations in orders to columns/serials/packets; and			
j.	report on the condition of the route.			
4. As last columns/serials/packets pass along the route, Sections and Patrols/Detachments are resupplied and prepare for the next mission. Roll up TCPs and route signs and redeploy for next mission.				
REMARKS:				

SECTION 7 BTS P4902 B/C—CONDUCT STRAGGLER CONTROL OPERATIONS

ELEMENT: MP PLATOON AND SECTION ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: CONDUCT STRAGGLER CONTROL OPERATIONS

CONDITIONS

Military Police (MP) are used to control traffic for all moves except unit-level moves and moves of Brigade manoeuvre units in the combat zone, where engagement by enemy direct and indirect fire is expected.

The Platoon/Section has been ordered to provide traffic control for personnel and vehicular traffic on a major road move. The Platoon/Section has been ordered to control stragglers. The Platoon headquarters (HQ) may be designated as the Regulating HQ or the Section may be designated to provide the Sector HQ. Reconnaissance (recce), engineer, aviation, civilian-military cooperation (CIMIC), civil authorities, and translator elements may be in support. The Movement Order is provided. Enemy contact from air and ground forces is possible or expected during the conduct of the move. It is likely that the move will be conducted under conditions of radio silence and darkness.

Previous enemy contact has disrupted friendly units/elements in the area. Stragglers are wandering through the area in search of their units, medical aid, food, water, or escape from combat. Stragglers may be lost, physical or mental casualties, or potential deserters.

TASK STANDARD

The Platoon/Section maintains a regular flow of traffic and prevents congestion on the route, channeling stragglers onto laterals and to collecting points. Disruption to military traffic is prevented. Stragglers are effectively categorized and returned to their units or fed into the medical evacuation system.

	Sub-Tasks and Standards				Ineff
1001, 6	1. The Platoon/Section Commander carries out battle procedure in accordance with (IAW) BTS 1001, <i>Conduct Battle Procedure</i> , with emphasis on the following points:				
	a.	condition and capacity of routes;			
	b.	alternate routes and detours;			
	c.	location of possible straggler collecting points;			
	d.	location of casualty collecting points and availability of ambulance or air casualty evacuation;			
	e.	straggler control lines;			
	f.	communication and surveillance requirements and resources available;			
	g.	operational security (OPSEC) requirements; and			
	h.	co-ordination with Brigade/Formation G4 Transportation (Tn) and Field Ambulance (Fd Amb).			
2.	Platoon	/Section Commander:			
	a.	sectors (Platoon level only); and			
	b.	designates location of Straggler Control Lines parallel to Forward Line of Own Troops (FLOT), Straggler Control Posts along Straggler Control Line, and Straggler Collecting Posts, based			

	Su	b-Tasks	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
			affic Control Posts (TCP) asualty collecting point ons.			
3.	Eleme	nts of the	e Platoon/Section:			
	a.	within alterna	act a (recce) of the route a sectors and identify/confirm ate routes, detours, waiting alt areas, IAW BTS P3006.			
	b.	Stragg Stragg	te Straggler Control Lines, gler Control Posts, and gler Collecting Points in nection with TCPs IAW BTS			
	c.	across and ta	orize stragglers passing Straggler Control Line/Post ke control according to ory (CAT):			
		(1)	Cat A—Lost—Direct to unit or closest Straggler Collecting Point.			
		(2)	Cat B—Shock/Battle Fatigue—Treat for shock and have evacuated to nearest medical facility.			
		(3)	Cat C—Potential Absentee/Deserter— Ensure straggler is returned to unit under escort. Arrest and detain individual if necessary. Prepare MP Report.			
		(4)	Cat D—Wounded and Separated from Unit—			

Su	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	Administer first aid/combat lifesaving, and have evacuated to nearest medical facility.			
d.	Prepare Straggler Post Record for each straggler located.			
e.	Prevent stragglers from interfering with scheduled movement—direct onto laterals or alternate routes.			
f.	Report and assist Counter- Intelligence (CI)—be alert for possible enemy agents/infiltrators disguised as stragglers.			
g.	Maintain close watch on progress and report, as ordered, to the headquarters responsible for control.			
h.	Report on the condition of the route.			
4. As per orders, Sections and Patrols/Detachments are re-supplied and prepare for the next mission. Roll up Straggler Control Posts and Collecting Points and re-deploy for next mission.				
REMARKS:		ı		

SECTION 8 BTS P4903 B/C—CONDUCT POPULATION MOVEMENT CONTROL OPERATIONS

ELEMENT: MP PLATOON AND SECTIONS ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: CONDUCT POPULATION MOVEMENT CONTROL

OPERATIONS

CONDITIONS

Military Police (MP) are used to control traffic for all moves except unit-level moves and moves of Brigade manoeuvre units in the combat zone, where engagement by enemy direct and indirect fire is expected.

The Platoon/Section has been ordered to provide traffic control for personnel and vehicular traffic on a major road move. The Platoon/Section has been ordered to control stragglers. The Platoon headquarters (HQ) may be designated as the Regulating HQ or the Section may be designated to provide the Sector HQ. Reconnaissance (recce), engineer, aviation, Civilian-Military cooperation (CIMIC), civil authorities, and translator elements may be in support. The Movement Order is provided. Enemy contact from air and ground forces is possible or expected during the conduct of the move. It is likely that the move will be conducted under conditions of radio silence and darkness.

Previous enemy attacks have destroyed many homes and population centres within and adjacent to the area. Some portion of the population, including protected persons, may be evacuating on order from Host Nation or military government (G5) authorities. Many other local inhabitants are spontaneously fleeing the devastation of the combat zone, after their homes have been destroyed. Enemy agents, saboteurs and sympathizers may be infiltrating the area by concealing themselves amongst the displaced civilian populace. Wanted criminals (including war criminals) may be trying to escape justice by disguising themselves as refugees or evacuees. Some refugees/evacuees may need medical attention, food or water.

TASK STANDARD

The Platoon/Section maintains a regular flow of traffic and prevents congestion on the route, channeling refugees and evacuees onto laterals and to collecting points or designated holding areas. Refugees and evacuees are directed onto designated evacuation routes. Disruption to military traffic is prevented. Refugees and evacuees are effectively screened to apprehend enemy agents, sympathizers, saboteurs, and wanted criminals.

Sub-Tasks and Standards			NPrac	JJeuI
out battle proced 1001, Conduct B	1. The Platoon/Section Commander carries out battle procedure in accordance with (IAW) BTS 1001, Conduct Battle Procedure, with emphasis on the following points:			
a.	condition and capacity of routes;			
b.	alternate routes and detours;			
c.	designation of routes—military only routes, and civilian evacuation routes;			
d.	location of Civilian Control Lines, Civilian Control Posts, vehicle checkpoints and roadblocks to block unauthorized access to military routes—collocated, where possible with Traffic Control Posts (TCPs) or straggler control posts;			
e.	location of Civilian Collecting Points and holding/assembly areas, and availability of ambulance or air casualty evacuation;			
f.	communication and surveillance requirements and resources available;			
g.	operational security (OPSEC)			

	Su	b-Tasks	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		requir	ements;			
	h.	legal a	of Engagement (ROE) and authority to use force to Il movement of refugees and ees; and			
	i.	Brigad Transp Ambu G2/Cd	lination with de/Formation G5, G4 portation (Tn), Field lance (Fd Amb), punter-Intelligence (CI), and Nation civil police.			
2.	Platoo	n/Section	n Commander:			
	a.	design only);	ates sectors (Platoon level and			
	b.	design	ates location of:			
		(1)	Civilian Control Lines surrounding population centres and parallel to designated military routes;			
		(2)	Civilian Control Posts, vehicle checkpoints and road blocks along Civilian Control Line, at points of entry to military routes, and at key points along military routes, where traffic can be diverted to designated civilian evacuation routes; and			
		(3)	Civilian Collecting Posts and holding areas, based			

	S	Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		on TCP, Straggler Control Post, and Casualty Collecting Point locations.			
3.	Elem	ents of the Platoon/Section:			
	a.	Conducts a reconnaissance (recce) of the route within sectors and identify/confirm alternate routes, detours, holding areas, Civilian Control Posts, and Civilian Collecting Points, IAW BTS P3006.			
	b.	Sign designated civilian evacuation routes.			
	c.	Establish Civilian Control Posts, Civilian Collecting Points and holding areas, where possible, collocated with TCP.			
	d.	Establish vehicle checkpoints and roadblocks at Civilian Control Points.			
	e.	Operate Civilian Control Lines, Civilian Control Posts, and Civilian Collecting Points in conjunction with TCP IAW BTS P4315 and BTS 5009.			
	f.	In conjunction with collocated CI, Intelligence (Int), and/or Host Nation civil police, screen refugees and evacuees moving across Civilian Control Line/Post and take control according to category:			

Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
(1) Refugee/Evacuee— Divert to civilian evacuation route, or closest Civilian Collecting Point or holding area.			
(2) Wounded Refugee/Evacuee— Administer first aid, if possible, and have evacuated to closest medical facility (e.g. Casualty Collecting Point collocated with Civilian Collecting Point or holding area).			
(3) Potential Enemy Sympathizer—Arrest and detain IAW BTS P6004. Contact and hand-over to CI, Host Nation civil police, or other appropriate military/civilian authority.			
(4) Potential Enemy Agent, Saboteur, or Combatant of Significant Intelligence Value—Arrest and detain as prisoner of war (PW), IAW BTS P6004. Contact and hand over to Int or CI for prompt interrogation.			

s	Sub-Tasks	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	(5)	Wanted Criminal (including War Criminal)—Arrest and detain IAW BTS P6004. Contact and hand-over to Host Nation civil police or other appropriate military or civilian authority.			
g.		nt refugees and evacuees nterfering with scheduled nent:			
	(1)	divert onto laterals or alternate routes to reach Civilian Collecting Points, holding areas, and designated civilian evacuation routes; and			
	(2)	use force IAW ROE and applicable national/international law, if necessary to prevent interference with military routes/traffic and maintain control of refugee/evacuee movement.			
h.	refuge collect	le security and escort of es and evacuees in ting points and holding or while moving on routes.			
i.	with H contro	nize use of and co-operation lost Nation civil police to l refugees and evacuees, possible.			

Sub-Tasks and Standards		NPrac	JJeuI
j. Maintain close watch on progress and report, as ordered, to the headquarters responsible for control.			
k. Report on the condition of the route.			
4. As per orders, Sections and Patrols/Detachments are re-supplied and prepare for the next mission. Roll up Civilian Control Posts, Collecting Points, and vehicle checkpoints/roadblocks and re-deploy for next mission.			
REMARKS:			

SECTION 9 BTS P4904 B/C—ASSIST AREA DAMAGE CONTROL OPERATIONS

ELEMENT: MP PLATOON AND SECTIONS

ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: ASSIST AREA DAMAGE CONTROL OPERATIONS

CONDITIONS

Military Police (MP) are used to control traffic for all moves except unit-level moves and moves of Brigade manoeuvre units in the combat zone, where engagement by enemy direct and indirect fire is expected.

The Platoon/Section has been ordered to provide traffic control for personnel and vehicular traffic in the area. The Platoon/Section has been ordered to control stragglers, refugees and evacuees. The Platoon Headquarters (HQ) may be designated as the Regulating HQ or the Section may be designated to provide the Sector HQ. Reconnaissance (recce), engineer, aviation, civil-military cooperation (CIMIC), civil authorities, and translator elements may be in support. The Movement Order is provided. Enemy contact from air and ground forces is possible or expected during the conduct of the move. It is likely that the move will be conducted under conditions of radio silence and darkness.

Previous enemy large scale attacks with conventional weapons or weapons of mass destruction have caused severe destruction within the area. Population centres, roads, and civilian infrastructure have been destroyed or severely damaged. Nuclear, biological and chemical (NBC) contamination may be present. Large numbers of refugees may be present. Supported units and formations may have taken heavy casualties and may need to re-locate out of the damaged area to re-group or undergo reconstitution.

TASK STANDARD

The Platoon/Section maintains a regular flow of traffic and prevents congestion on the route, channeling stragglers, refugees and evacuees to Collecting Points or designated assembly areas. Refugees and

evacuees are directed onto designated evacuation routes. Military check points, assembly areas, and evacuation routes are established. Routes and traffic are controlled to enable evacuation of troops.

Sub	o-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
1. The Platoon/Section Commander carries out battle procedure in accordance with (IAW) BTS 1001, <i>Conduct Battle Procedure</i> , with emphasis on the following points:				
a.	condition and capacity of routes;			
b.	alternate routes and detours;			
c.	designation of routes—military evacuation routes, and civilian evacuation routes;			
d.	traffic control, refugee and straggler control measures;			
e.	location of medical and engineer resources;			
f.	communication and surveillance requirements and resources available;			
g.	operational security (OPSEC) requirements;			
h.	Rules of Engagement (ROE) and legal authority to use force to control movement of refugees and evacuees; and			
i.	co-ordination with Brigade/Formation G5, G4 Transportation (Tn), Engineer (Engr), Field Ambulance (Fd Amb), G2/Counter-Intelligence (CI), and Host Nation civil police.			

	Sul	b-Tasks a	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
2.	Platoor	/Section	Commander:			
	a.	designa only); a	ates sectors (Platoon level and			
	b.	designa	ates location of:			
		(1)	Traffic Control Measures (e.g. military evacuation routes, waiting/halt areas, hides/harbours, Traffic Control Posts (TCP), Regulating HQ, Sector HQ, etc.) IAW BTS P4314;			
		(2)	Straggler Control Measures (e.g. Straggler Control Lines/Posts, Straggler Collecting Points, etc.) IAW BTS 4902; and			
		(3)	Population Movement Control Measures (e.g. Civilian Control Lines/Posts, Civilian Collecting Points, holding areas, civilian evacuation routes, etc.) IAW BTS 4903.			
3.	Elemen	nts of the	Platoon/Section:			
	a.	of the r identify traffic c control	t a reconnaissance (recce) oute within sectors and v/confirm alternate routes, control measures, straggler measures, and population tent control measures, IAW 8006;			

Sul	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
b.	designated military/civilian evacuation routes;	, ,		
c.	establish Control Posts, Collecting Points, and holding/assembly areas, where possible collocated with TCPs;			
d.	provide traffic, straggler, and movement control IAW BTS P4314, P4315, P4902, and P4903;			
e.	prevent interference with military routes/traffic and maintain control of refugee/evacuee movement;			
f.	provide security and escort of refugees and evacuees in Collecting Points and holding areas, or while moving on routes;			
g.	prevent unauthorized military/civilian traffic from entering hazardous or contaminated areas;			
h.	maintain close watch on progress and report, as ordered, to the headquarters responsible for control; and			
i.	report on the condition of the route.			
_	orders, Sections and			
	nents are re-supplied and prepare for Roll up Control Posts, Collecting			
	re-deploy for next mission.			
REMARKS:				

SECTION 10 P5009 B/C/D—ESTABLISH A ROADBLOCK/VEHICLE CHECKPOINT

ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

CONDITIONS

The Element Commander receives an order to construct a roadblock/vehicle checkpoint. The Element is provided an open fire policy and Rules of Engagement (ROE); information as to the direction of the threat; suitable construction materials, tools, and transportation. Continuous operations (day and night) are envisioned. Civilian population and vehicles are in the area of operation.

TASK STANDARD

The Element plans and constructs the roadblock/vehicle checkpoint in accordance with (IAW) higher Commander's orders. The position and orientation of the barriers prevent passage, or limit entry and exit by personnel and vehicles into or from the specified area.

Sub-Tasks and Standards		Eff	NPrac	Ineff
1. The Element Commander receives orders from higher headquarters (HQ) to establish a roadblock /vehicle checkpoint:				
a.	clarifies any questions on the applicable open fire policy and ROE;			
b.	clarifies the purpose of the roadblock/vehicle checkpoint; and			
c.	clarifies the type of roadblock/vehicle checkpoint (deliberate or hasty).			

Sub	-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	ment Commander conducts battle BTS 1001, Conduct Battle			
	ment Commander selects the e checkpoint site:			
a.	Sites tactically so that the roadblock/vehicle checkpoint cannot be seen more than a short distance away to prevent drivers from avoiding it.			
b.	Verifies that culverts, bridges, deep cuts, sharp bends or dips in a road are ideal.			
c.	Ensures that the roadblock/vehicle checkpoint is positioned so it is not a sudden surprise to drivers, giving them enough time to stop safely.			
d.	Places elements of the roadblock/vehicle checkpoint in depth.			
e.	Considers the balance between force protection and open fire policy when positioning roadblock/vehicle checkpoints.			
f.	Develops security plan.			
g.	Places hasty obstacles and sites fighting positions to provide allround security/defence of the roadblock/vehicle checkpoint. As applicable, sites crew-served weapons and anti-armour weapons to provide fire support.			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards		Eff	NPrac	Ineff
h	Establishes liaison with loc civilian authorities.	cal			
Element to	he Element Commander organizes operate the roadblock/vehicle che nuous basis:				
a.	assigns vehicle and person search teams;	nel			
b	assigns close-in and far sec support-by-fire positions; a				
C.	establishes a Command and Control cell to maintain communications with high and control operations.				
roadblock/	he Element constructs the vehicle checkpoint according to thommander's plan:	e			
a.	Sets two parallel obstacles the road. The barriers shot gaps negotiable only by slo moving vehicles to allow the search or security teams to them closely.	ıld have owly he			
b	Ensures the number and se of obstacles are based on the amount of traffic which ensearch area.	ne			
c.	Establishes a second position hastily block personnel or attempting to flee.				
d.	Marks all perimeter barrier wires, and limits with warn signs (signs in English, Fre and the theatre native langu	ning ench,			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards				Ineff
		should be used, if available).			
	e.	Establishes personnel search areas.			
	f.	Establishes vehicle search areas.			
	g.	Establishes secure temporary detention area for captured personnel (prisoners of war (PW)/detainees).			
	h.	Establishes security force positions.			
	i.	Prepares drop holes for searcher protection in the event of problems during the search and to prevent the searchers from masking the security element fires.			
	j.	Ensures there is adequate lighting for night operations.			
	k.	Ensures the civilian population understands the roadblock/vehicle checkpoint is a preventive and not a punitive measure.			
	1.	Ensures a translator is present at the roadblock/vehicle checkpoint.			
6.	The Ele	ement maintains security:			
	a.	ensures a cut-off team is positioned and concealed an appropriate distance (one hundred to several hundred metres) from the roadblock/vehicle checkpoint to prevent the escape of any vehicle or person attempting to turn back upon sighting the roadblock/vehicle checkpoint;			

	Sub	Eff	NPrac	Ineff	
	b.	establishes a rest area for personnel near the search area so personnel can be assembled quickly as a reserve force;			
	c.	searches all vehicles and personnel for certain items as directed by the Element/higher Commander;			
	d. screens personnel traveling through the roadblock/vehicle checkpoint for wanted persons or enemy infiltrators/agents, and to safeguard seized contraband or captured items;				
	e.	develops measures for protecting searchers from possible explosives (if possible dig the vehicle search area into the ground to deflect the blasts upward);			
	f.	ensures that the close-in security team's fields of fire are not masked; and			
	g.	uses sentries and patrols to prevent possible ambush.			
7. actions:		ment reacts to disruptions or hostile			
	a.	if civilian personnel are impeding or attempting to dismantle a roadblock/ vehicle checkpoint:			
		(1) reports the incident to higher HQ;			
		(2) requests assistance from local authorities to disperse or hold-back the			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards				Ineff
		crowd; and			
	(3)	IAW orders and the open fire policy, prevents the obstruction/ destruction of the roadblock/vehicle checkpoint;			
b.	breach check Eleme	icle(s)/personnel attempt to h the roadblock/vehicle point without stopping, the ent uses force IAW ROE to or prevent the breach.			
by moving	8. The Element keeps the enemy off balance by moving the roadblock/vehicle checkpoint, if the situation permits:				
a.	Proce	ishes Standing Operating dures (SOP) for moving the lock/vehicle checkpoint;			
b.	roadb equip	pre-packaged lock/vehicle checkpoint ment on vehicles and rses setting up quickly; and			
c.		s roadblock/vehicle point handover procedures as ed.			
	ehicle check	ontinually improves the count as the time and			
REMARKS	<u> </u>				

SECTION 11 BTS P5901—PROVIDE PROTECTIVE SECURITY SUPPORT

ELEMENT: MP PLATOON/SECTION ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: PROVIDE PROTECTIVE SECURITY SUPPORT

CONDITIONS

The supported Unit/Element is conducting its mission. The enemy has the ability to detect the Element visually and electronically. Formation Provost Marshall (PM) or Brigade Military Police Platoon Commander (MP Pl Comd) participate in the Formation/Brigade operational security (OPSEC) planning. Unit/Formation Essential Elements of Friendly Information (EEFI) and OPSEC tasks are identified based on the Formation/Brigade OPSEC plan. Sabotage, theft, and other criminal acts occur in the area, targeting mission critical personnel, equipment, supplies, and assets.

TASK STANDARD

The MP Platoon/Section conducts threat, vulnerability, and risk assessments, security surveys, and inspections. The MP Platoon/Section provides advice on physical, personnel, and information security and crime prevention to the supported Unit/Element. The MP Platoon/Section provides temporary point security for tactical headquarters (HQ), Special Compartmented Information Facilities (SCIFs), and other key installations. The Unit/Element protects its critical assets against loss, theft damage, or compromise, based on MP advice/support.

Joint doctrine, tactics, techniques, and procedures for protective security services are contained in Canadian Forces Provost Marshal (CFPM) publications: A-SJ-100-001/AS-000, A-SJ-100-002/AG-001, A-IM-100-000/AG-001, and other related orders and directives. Specific Army doctrine, tactics, techniques and procedures related to a deployed operations environment are still in development.

Sub	Sub-Tasks and Standards				Ineff
out battle proceed 1001, Conduct E	1. The Platoon/Section Commander carries out battle procedure in accordance with (IAW) BTS 1001, <i>Conduct Battle Procedure</i> , with emphasis on the following points:				
a.		ipation in Brigade OPSEC ing (Platoon Commander			
b.	-	rement for protective security sments:			
	(1)	threat, vulnerability, and risk assessments (TVRA);			
	(2)	Information Technology (IT) system certification and accreditation; and			
	(3)	security surveys and inspections;			
c.	key as	orted Unit/Formation mission, ssets (personnel, equipment, at supplies, etc) and superior I's level of risk acceptance;			
d.	enem	y and criminal threat;			
e.		rabilities—physical, nnel, IT, etc.;			
f.	risks;				
g.	count	er-measures;			
h.	time a	and resources required and ble;			
i.	OPSE	EC and EEFI; and			
j.	Briga	dination with de/Formation G3, G2, CI, gs, G4.			

	Su	b-Tasks	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
2.	Platoo	n/Section	n Commander:			
	a.		cts Security Estimate and ops Security Plans (Platoon only);			
	b.	-	nates priorities for protective ty assessments and tions:			
		(1)	TVRA;			
		(2)	IT security certification and accreditation;			
		(3)	security surveys and inspections;			
		(4)	point security of key facilities and installations (e.g. tactical HQ, SCIFs, special ammunition supply points, etc.); and			
		(5)	Very Important Persons (VIP) protection and personal security;			
	c.	Sectio condu assess	tasks MP Sections/Patrols/Detachments to conduct protective security assessments and operations as required.			
3.	Eleme	nts of the	e Platoon/Section:			
	a.	assess measu report	ct protective security ments, recommend security ires, and provide assessment is to supported elements;			

Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
b. establish and operate static security posts and mobile patrols to provide temporary point security for key facilities; and			
 provide VIP protection and personal security for designated personnel as ordered. 			
4. As per orders, Sections and Patrols/Detachments are re-supplied and prepare for the next mission.			
REMARKS:			

SECTION 12 BTS P5902 B/C—CONDUCT ROUTE AND AREA SECURITY OPERATIONS

ELEMENT: MP PLATOON/SECTION ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: CONDUCT ROUTE AND AREA SECURITY

OPERATIONS

CONDITIONS

The supported Unit/Element is conducting its mission. Lines of communications (LOC) are established between bases/base clusters and the combat zone. The enemy has the ability to detect friendly forces visually and electronically. Sabotage, theft, and other criminal acts occur in the area, targeting mission critical personnel, equipment, supplies, and assets. Enemy agents, infiltrators, and saboteurs may be present in the area. There is an airborne, airmobile, or amphibious threat of enemy Special Operations Forces in the area. There may be a nuclear, biological and chemical (NBC) threat. Friendly indirect fire support is available from artillery, aviation, and Close Air Support (CAS).

TASK STANDARD

The Military Police (MP) Platoon/Section conducts route and area security patrols and acts as a quick reaction force (QRF) to find, fix, and defeat Level I and II threats in the area. The MP Platoon/Section avoids contact, maintains surveillance of avenues of approach/Named Areas of Interest (NAIs)/Targeted Areas of Interest (TAIs), within assigned areas. The MP Platoon/Section assists Tactical Combat Forces to find, fix, and defeat Level III threats in the area. The MP Platoon/Section provides security for critical convoys moving on LOCs. The MP Platoon/Section provides temporary point security for tactical headquarters (HQ), Secure Compartmentalized Intelligence Facility (SCIFs), and other key installations. Bases, base clusters, installations, and Unit/Element provide self-protection against Level I threats in their area of responsibility (AOR).

Sub	Sub-Tasks and Standards			NPrac	Ineff
carries out battle (IAW) BTS 1001	1. The Platoon/Section Commander (Comd) carries out battle procedure in accordance with (IAW) BTS 1001, <i>Conduct Battle Procedure</i> , with emphasis on the following points:				
a.	Intellig Battlefi	eation in rear operations ence Preparation of the eld (IPB) (Platoon ander only);			
b.	identifi	cation of:			
	(1)	NAIs, TAIs, and locations for surveillance;			
	(2)	bases, base clusters, critical installations;			
	(3)	LOCs and other critical routes (e.g. routes reserved for counter- moves forces); and			
	(4)	potential enemy landing zone (LZ) and drop zone (DZ) in the area;			
c.	key ass combat	upported Unit/Formation mission, tey assets (personnel, equipment, combat supplies, etc.) and superior Comd's level of risk acceptance;			
d.	II, and	and other threats—Level I, III within or with the al to reach/affect the area;			
e.	vulnera	bilities;			
f.	risks;				
g.	time an availab	d resources required and le;			

	Sul	Sub-Tasks and Standards				Ineff
	h.	Essenti	onal security (OPSEC) ial Elements of Friendly ation (EEFI); and			
	i.	Brigad G6/Sig installa	ination with e/Formation G3, G2, CI, gnals (Sigs), G4, critical attions in area, and Tactical att Force.			
2.	Platoor	n/Section	Commander:			
	a.		ets Security Estimate and ps Security Plans (Platoon nly);			
	b.		ates priorities for route and curity operations:			
		(1)	patrols of LOCs and other critical routes;			
		(2)	surveillance plan for NAIs, TAIs (e.g. avenues of approach, LZ and DZ in area);			
		(3)	security for critical convoys;			
		(4)	point security of key facilities and installations (e.g. tactical HQ, SCIFs, special ammunition supply points, etc.); and			
		(5)	QRF reaction to Level I and II threats.			
	c.		MP ns/Patrols/Detachments to et route and area security			

	Sul	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		operations as required.			
3.	Elemen	nts of the Platoon/Section:			
	a.	conduct route reconnaissance (recce) of zones/areas, LOCs and critical routes IAW BTS P3006;			
	b.	establish and operate observation posts (OP) to maintain surveillance covering NAI and TAI in the area IAW BTS 3003, within timings indicated in orders;			
	c.	establish and operate static security posts and mobile patrols to provide temporary point security for key facilities, IAW BTS 4101, against Level I and II threats;			
	d.	assist elements conducting a convoy escort with convoy security;			
	e.	engage and defeat Level I and II threats within capability, using integral weapons and indirect fire support IAW BTS 4001, and 2001;			
	f.	observe, and report on Level III threats, without engaging and hand over to the Tactical Combat Force; and			
	g.	break contact and withdraw if in danger of becoming decisively engaged against an enemy beyond capability IAW BTS 4312 and 4313.			

Military Police Battle Task Standards

Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
4. As per orders, Sections/Patrols/ Detatchments are re-supplied and prepare for the next mission.			
REMARKS:			

SECTION 13 BTS P6004 B/C/D—HANDLE PRISONERS OF WAR (PW)s/DETAINEES

ELEMENT: PLATOON/COMPANY ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: HANDLE PRISONERS OF WAR)/DETAINEES

CONDITIONS

The Platoon/Company has captured enemy prisoners of war (PW)s and/or taken civilians into custody.

TASK STANDARD

PWs/detainees are processed and guarded so that they are not allowed to disrupt or halt the Element's mission. They are handled in accordance with (IAW) international law and are evacuated from danger as soon as possible. Civilians will be taken into custody only when specifically authorized by rules of engagement (ROE) and applicable national/international law. Capturing troops will not retain custody of PW/detainees any longer than absolutely necessary. Capturing troops will hand over PWs/detainees to Military Police (MP), Counter Intelligence (CI), intelligence (Int), civilian police, or other appropriate authorities as soon as practicable.

Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
1. The Platoon/Company Commander carries out battle procedures IAW BTS 1001, <i>Conduct Battle Procedure</i> , with emphasis on the following points:			
a. PWs/detainees are searched—all weapons and documents (other than personal identity documents) are removed.			

Su	Sub-Tasks and Standards				Ineff
b.		ollowing articles are left in Ws/detainees' possession:			
	(1)	helmets, respirators, and other such articles if required for personal protection;			
	(2)	personal effects including items used for clothing and feeding;			
	(3)	identity documents; and			
	(4)	badges of rank, nationality and decorations.			
c.	are on by orc issuan must b from v	y and other items of value ly taken from a PW/detainee der of an officer and upon ace of a receipt. The receipt be given to the PW/detainee whom the money or valuable was taken.			
d.	from t time, l	etainees and items removed them are tagged with date, location, circumstances of the and capturing unit.			
e.	tactica Enemy Captu (CEE) report (HQ) hand o	nformation of immediate al interest or Captured by Documents (CED) / red Enemy Equipment of intelligence interest is ed to higher headquarters and safeguarded for eventual over to G2/Int or other priate authorities.			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards				
	f.	No physical or mental coercion is used to secure information. PW/detainees will NOT be placed in stress positions.			
	g.	PWs/detainees shall NOT be bound/restrained or hooded/blindfolded, unless absolutely necessary to preserve security (e.g. operational security (OPSEC), prevention of escape). Any bonds/restraints or hoods/blindfolds shall be applied humanely so that they do not cause undue discomfort. They shall be removed promptly when no longer required.			
2.	PWs/de	etainees are segregated:			
	a.	senior officers, junior officers, non-commissioned members (NCM), civilians, politicians or political indoctrination personnel, males and females are segregated;			
	b.	groups remain segregated during movement to the rear; and			
	c.	all are restricted from areas where they could obtain information on the Element's mission, strength or future operations.			
3.	Silence	is enforced:			
	a.	PW/detainee leaders are prevented from giving orders;			
	b.	escape planning is prevented;			
	c.	cautioning each other on security			

Si	Eff	NPrac	Ineff	
d.	anything PWs/detainees say to each other is reported; and			
e.	element members do not talk in front of PWs/detainees except to issue orders or enforce discipline.			
4. The c higher HQ.	T T			
5. The P PWs/detainees	Platoon/Company speeds to the rear:			
a.	a PW Collection Point is designated;			
b.	segregation is maintained;			
c.	transportation, food, water and emergency clothing is coordinated with higher HQ; and			
d.	PWs/detainees too seriously wounded to be evacuated by normal means are turned over to medical personnel for evacuation and treatment, with guards being provided as necessary.			
6. The F detainees:	Platoon/Company safeguards PWs/			
a.	removes PWs/detainees from the dangers of the battlefield;			
b.	ensures PWs/detainees arrive safely at the Collection Point and hands over any seized money/valuables, CED or CEE;			
c.	prevents any escapes;			

Si	Eff	NPrac	Ineff		
d.	-	prevents any abuse of PWs/detainees;			
e.	treats and	treats PWs/detainees humanely; and			
f.	if they	releases PWs/detainees unharmed if they cannot be held for any reason, including:			
	(1)	speed of movement;			
	(2)	shortage of guard personnel;			
	(3)	shortage of supplies (food, water, etc.); and			
	(4)	certainty of being set free by own forces.			

SECTION 14 BTS P6901 B/C—PROVIDE CRIME PREVENTION SUPPORT

ELEMENT: MP PLATOON/SECTION ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: PROVIDE CRIME PREVENTION SUPPORT

CONDITIONS

This Battle Task will normally be carried out by 2nd and 3rd Line MP only when the supported Formation/Unit or Element is engaged in periods of rest and recreation or static operations. There is minimal need for this BTS during intense periods of operations.

The MP Platoon/Section has been tasked to provide crime prevention support in theatre. The supported Formation/Unit/Element is engaged in rest and recreation or static operations. Built-up areas with a civilian population are in the vicinity. Certain commodities plentiful in Canadian/Allied military stores are in short supply and great demand with the local populace due to rationing and the privations of war. Some of these commodities are critical to the sustainment of military operations. Establishments providing all varieties of entertainment, legal and illegal are present in the area. Access to illicit drugs, alcohol, prostitution, gambling and other forms of vice is readily available. Canadian/Allied soldiers are on leave in the area. Sabotage, theft, and other criminal acts occur in the area, targeting mission critical personnel, equipment, supplies, and assets. Criminal individuals/groups, enemy agents, infiltrators, and saboteurs may be present in the area. Friendly support and relevant criminal intelligence may be available from Allied MP or Host Nation civil police.

TASK STANDARD

Joint Doctrine, tactics, techniques, and procedures govern MP crime prevention operations, as provided in applicable CFPM direction—A-SJ-100-001/AG-004 *Military Police Policies and Technical Procedures*, CFAOs, and other applicable orders and directives. MP participate in Rear Operations Intelligence Preparation of the Battlefield (ROIPB), identify Targeted Area of Interest (TAI) and Named Area of Interest (NAI), and based on the supported

Unit/Element mission, identify criminal intelligence PIRs and IRs. A crime prevention plan is developed and executed with the assistance of applicable Allied MP or Host Nation civil police. The plan is realistic and recognizes human nature. High-risk areas are placed out of bounds or curfews and other restrictions are implemented, to minimize and control Canadian/Allied soldiers access to drugs, alcohol, gambling, and prostitution. Appropriate security arrangements are recommended to safeguard critical military stores/commodities from theft and black marketeering. MP patrols deter and detect criminal acts involving military personnel, installations, stores and other resources. Restrictions/curfews placed on Canadian/Allied soldiers are consistent across the Formation and do not unduly impede soldiers in legitimate off-duty/recreational activities and movements.

Sub-T	Eff	NPrac	Ineff	
1. The Platoon/Section Commander carries out battle procedure IAW BTS 1001, conduct Battle Procedure, with emphasis on the following points:				
	articipation in rear operations PB (Platoon Commander only);			
b. id	entification of:			
(1	MP Area of Interest, Area of Influence, and Area of Responsibility;			
(2	NAIs, TAIs, patrol routes, and locations for surveillance;			
(3) bases, base clusters, critical installations;			
(4	built-up areas with a civilian and criminal population; and			
(5	troop concentration, rest areas, and locations prone to vice, looting and black market activities.			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
С	supported Unit/Formation mission, key assets (personnel, equipment, combat supplies, etc) and superior Comd's level of risk acceptance—especially high value or attractive assets;			
d	criminal activity (e.g. MP incident and loss data), and identities of known criminals or criminal groups in the area;			
e	existing criminal intelligence on the threat and determination of criminal intelligence PIRs and IRs;			
f.	vulnerabilities;			
g	location and availability of other Canadian/Allied MP elements, CI, Host Nation civil police, other law enforcement agencies, or friendly troop elements who could be tasked or requested to assist with crime prevention or answer criminal intelligence PIRs and IRs;			
h	time and resources required and available;			
i.	OPSEC Essential Elements of Friendly Information (EEFI); and			
j.	co-ordination with the Formation G3, J2/G2, CI, G4, G5, JAG, Medical, critical installations in area, other MP Elements, Host Nation civil police and other applicable staffs/agencies.			
2. P	latoon/Section Commander:			

Sub-Tasks and Standards					NPrac	Ineff
a.	conducts Estimate considering the above factors (Platoon level only);					
b.	develo includi	ops Crime Prevention Plan ling:				
	(1)	crimi AOR	nal threat in the			
	(2)		fic areas of concern AOR:			
		(a)	legal/illegal establishments serving alcohol or drugs;			
		(b)	houses of prostitution or areas frequented by prostitutes;			
		(c)	gambling establishments;			
		(d)	areas frequented by high concentrations of soldiers on leave;			
		(e)	deserted built-up areas vulnerable to looting; and			
		(f)	military installations storing critical assets, high- value stores / commodities, and other			

Sul	Sub-Tasks and Standards				Ineff
		materiel attractive to thieves or black marketeers;			
	(3)	restrictions and curfews to be placed on Canadian/Allied soldiers;			
	(4)	restrictions and curfews to be placed on the local civilian population;			
	(5)	security measures and inventory/accounting controls for critical/vulnerable assets, equipment, and stores/commodities;			
	(6)	off limits signs, control lines, and vehicle checkpoints;			
	(7)	locations and routes to be covered by MP patrols; and			
	(8)	co-ordination with Allied MP and Host Nation civil police; and			
c.	Host N installa execute	tasks or requests MP, G1, G5, Host Nation civil police, and installation commanders to execute or implement in the Crime Prevention Plan.			
3. Elemen	its of the	Platoon/Section:			
a.	conduct liaison with Allied or Host Nation sources and agencies,				

Su	Eff	NPrac	Ineff	
	request and obtain criminal intelligence IAW BTS P3902BC and P6904BCD;			
b.	post out of bounds signs and operate control lines IAW BTS P4902, and operate vehicle checkpoints to enforce restrictions and curfews, and search vehicles for contraband;			
c.	patrol assigned routes and locations to deter and detect criminal activity in the AOR and provide security to vulnerable military installations/stores IAW BTS P5901, P5902, and P6902;			
d.	assist Commanders in maintaining discipline and control of soldiers on leave, without unduly impeding soldiers' legitimate off-duty/recreation activities and movements; and			
e.	provide timely response to actual/suspected crimes detected by MP Patrols or otherwise reported, and apprehend criminals IAW BTS P6902.			
REMARKS:		•		

SECTION 15 BTS P6902 B/C —CONDUCT LAW ENFORCEMENT OPERATIONS

ELEMENT: MP PLATOON/SECTION ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: CONDUCT LAW ENFORCEMENT OPERATIONS

CONDITIONS

This Battle Task will normally be carried out by 2nd and 3rd Line MP only when the supported Formation/Unit/Element is engaged in periods of rest and recreation or static operations. There is minimal need for this BTS during intense periods of operations.

The MP Platoon/Section has been tasked to provide crime prevention support in theatre. The supported Formation/Unit/Element is engaged in rest and recreation or static operations. Built-up areas with a civilian population are in the vicinity. Certain commodities plentiful in Canadian/Allied military stores are in short supply and great demand with the local populace due to rationing and the privations of war. Some of these commodities are critical to the sustainment of military operations. Establishments providing all varieties of entertainment, legal and illegal are present in the area. Access to illicit drugs, alcohol, prostitution, gambling and other forms of vice is readily available. Canadian/Allied soldiers are on leave in the area. Sabotage, theft, and other criminal acts occur in the area, targeting mission critical personnel, equipment, supplies, and assets. Criminal individuals/groups, enemy agents, infiltrators, and saboteurs may be present in the area. Friendly support and relevant criminal intelligence may be available from Allied MP or Host Nation civil police.

TASK STANDARD

Joint Doctrine, tactics, techniques, and procedures govern MP crime prevention operations, as provided in applicable CFPM direction—A-SJ-100-001/AG-004 *Military Police Policies and Technical Procedures*, CFAOs, and other applicable orders and directives. MP participate in Rear Operations Intelligence Preparation of the Battlefield (ROIPB), identify Targeted Area of Interest (TAI) and

Named Area of Interest (NAI), and based on the supported Unit/Element mission, identify criminal intelligence PIRs and IRs. A crime prevention plan is being executed with the assistance of applicable Allied MP or Host Nation civil police. MP patrol routes and locations are selected based on criminal intelligence and the crime prevention plan. MP Patrols are conducted based on the risk posed to soldiers and military assets/installations. High-risk areas receive priority and higher frequency of patrolling. Actual/suspected criminals are readily and effectively apprehended, based on MP Patrol activity or reports of crime in the area.

Sub	Eff	NPrac	Ineff		
1. The Pla out battle proced Procedure, with					
a.		oation in rear operations latoon Commander only);			
b.	identifi	ication of:			
	(1)	MP Area of Interest, Area of Influence, and Area of Responsibility;			
	(2)	NAIs, TAIs, patrol routes, and locations for surveillance;			
	(3)	bases, base clusters, critical installations;			
	(4)	built-up areas with a civilian and criminal population;			
	(5)	troop concentration, rest areas, and locations prone to vice, looting and black market activities;			
c.		ted Formation/Unit mission, sets (personnel, equipment,			

Si	ub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	combat supplies, etc) and superior Comd's level of risk acceptance— especially high value or attractive assets;			
d.	criminal activity (e.g. MP incident and loss data), and identities of known criminals or criminal groups in the area;			
e.	existing criminal intelligence on the threat and determination of criminal intelligence PIRs and IRs;			
f.	vulnerabilities;			
g.	location and availability of other Canadian/Allied MP elements, CI, Host Nation civil police, other law enforcement agencies, or friendly troop elements who could be tasked or requested to assist with crime prevention or answer criminal intelligence PIRs and IRs;			
h.	time and resources required and available;			
i.	OPSEC Essential Elements of Friendly Information (EEFI); and			
j.	o-ordination with the formation G3, J2/G2, CI, G4, G5, JAG, Medical, critical installations in area, other MP elements, Host Nation civil police and other applicable staffs/agencies.			
2. Platoc	on/Section Commander:			
a.	conducts Estimate considering the above factors (Platoon level only);			

Si	ub-Tasks	s and Sta	ndards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
b.		ops MP I includin	Patrol Plan or Beat g:			
	(1)	crimi AOR	nal threat in the			
	(2)		fic areas of concern AOR:			
		(a)	legal/illegal establishments serving alcohol or drugs;			
		(b)	houses of prostitution or areas frequented by prostitutes;			
		(c)	gambling establishments;			
		(d)	areas frequented by high concentrations of soldiers on leave;			
		(e)	deserted built-up areas vulnerable to looting;			
		(f)	military installations storing critical assets, high- value stores / commodities, and			
		(g)	other materiel attractive to			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards			Eff	NPrac	Ineff
			thieves or black marketeers;			
		(3)	restrictions and curfews to be implemented;			
		(4)	locations for out of bounds signs, control lines, and vehicle checkpoints;			
		(5)	locations and routes to be covered by MP Patrols;			
		(6)	locations of Allied MP and Host Nation civil police; and			
		(7)	locations of Platoon HQ and temporary holding areas for arrested soldiers/civilians; and			
	c.		latoon/Section elements to e the MP Patrol Plan.			
3.	Elemer	nts of the	Platoon/Section:			
	a.	conduct liaison with Allied MP or Host Nation civil police, request and obtain criminal intelligence IAW BTS P3902BC and 6904BCD;				
	b.	operate 4902, a checkp and cur	et of bounds signs and e control lines IAW BTS and operate vehicle oints to enforce restrictions rfews, and search vehicles traband IAW BTS P5009;			
	c.	patrol a	assigned routes and			

s	ub-Tasks	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	crimin provid militar	ons to deter and detect nal activity in the AOR and le security to vulnerable ry installations/stores IAW 25901, P5902, and P6902;			
d.	enforc BTS P	re traffic regulations IAW 24901;			
e.	discipi on lea soldie	Commanders in maintaining line and control of soldiers ve, without unduly impeding rs' legitimate off-ecreation activities and ments;			
f.	actual by MF report	provide timely response to actual/suspected crimes detected by MP Patrols or otherwise reported, and apprehend criminals IAW BTS P6902;			
g.	tempo	transport arrested persons to temporary holding area and process:			
	(1)	determine if MP investigation is required;			
	(2)	initiate or conduct MP investigation IAW BTS P6903, if required;			
	(3)	turnover arrested civilians to Host Nation civil police at earliest opportunity, or, IAW ROE and legal jurisdiction, retain in custody and process IAW BTS 6004;			

Sub-Tasks and Standards				NPrac	Ineff
	(4)	return arrested Canadian/Allied soldiers to parent unit or retain in custody; and			
	(5)	process IAW BTS 6905;			
h.	enfor crimi Unus (MPU Repo Occu Notel	ment details of law cement operations in reported nal acts/incidents in MP ual Incident Reports JIR), MP Occurrence rts (MPOR), Daily rrence Book, and MP books IAW applicable CFPM doctrine/policy, and TTP;			
i.	Local Form Unit PM, A	bute MPUIR, MPOR, and I Distribution MP reports to ation Commanders and staff, COs, higher Formation/NCE Allied MP, and other opriate authorities/agencies CFPM Joint doctrine/policy.			

SECTION 16 BTS P6903 B—PROVIDE CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION SUPPORT

ELEMENT: MP SECTION/PATROL/DETACHMENT

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: PROVIDE CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION SUPPORT

CONDITIONS

Normally this Battle Task will be carried out only by specialised elements of the Investigation Section from Corps MP, Canadian MP Unit, Coalition/Allied Multi-National MP Unit. The MP involved are CF National Investigation Service personnel. In rare cases, it may be necessary for Div MP Coy or Brigade MP Pl elements to carry out this task, higher MP support is unavailable or committed to higher priority investigations. In all cases, the Investigation Tasking Order will be issued by the Canadian PM.

The MP Section/Patrol/Det has been tasked to conduct a criminal investigation in theatre. MP elements or Host Nation civil police may be in location to safeguard the crime scene. JAG assistance is available. The crime scene location may be in the combat zone or the CommZ. The crime scene may be for an offence committed by Canadian soldiers or for a suspected war crime by the enemy or other belligerents.

TASK STANDARD

Joint Doctrine, tactics, techniques, and procedures govern the operation of MP Criminal Investigations, as provided in applicable CFPM direction—A-SJ-100-001/AG-004 *Military Police Policies and Technical Procedures*, criminal investigation manuals A-SJ-090-002/FP-001 *Fundamentals of Criminal Investigation* and A-SJ-090-003/FP-001 *Forensic Evidence in Canada*, CFAOs, and other applicable orders and directives. Evidence collection and investigative procedures are legally or judicially prescribed, and must comply with applicable national or international laws (e.g. *Charter of Rights and Freedoms, Canada Evidence Act*, provincial *Evidence Acts*, QR&O Volume IV, Appendix 1.3 *Military Rules of Evidence*, etc.). The

crime scene is effectively and rapidly secured. Evidence is collected in a thorough and lawful manner, and properly safeguarded to maintain the chain of custody. Interviews are conducted lawfully. Findings are analysed effectively and documented properly in an MP Investigation Report (MPIR). The MPIR is reviewed to maintain investigative reporting standards, corrected as required, and distributed to the PM, JAG, and applicable Commanders. MP testify effectively at Service Tribunals. Evidence obtained by the investigation is successfully admitted into the applicable legal proceedings.

S	Eff	NPrac	Ineff	
The Section/Patrol/Detachment Commander carries out battle procedure IAW BTS 1001, Conduct Battle Procedure.				
2. The	Section/Patrol/Detachment:			
a.	deploys rapidly to the crime scene location;			
b.	assumes control of the crime scene from Brigade MP or Host Nation civil police;			
c.	ensures that the scene is secured to prevent contamination or loss of evidence due to unauthorised access or exposure to inclement weather or environmental conditions;			
d.	searches the crime scene thoroughly for evidence;			
e.	identified, records, and collects all available physical/forensic evidence IAW applicable and correct investigative techniques; and			
f.	ensures all evidence is properly safeguarded with strict			

Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
accountability and access control, maintaining the chain of custody.			
3. Complainants, victims, and witnesses are identified. They are interviewed and statements obtained in a lawful manner.			
4. Crime scene evidence and statements are analysed IAW applicable and correct investigative techniques. All relevant and material evidence, whether inculpatory or exculpatory, is analysed using applicable/correct investigative techniques and logical deductions/findings made.			
5. Suspects (persons allegedly responsible for committing the offence) are identified, when possible, based on the available evidence. Suspects are arrested, if legally justified.			
6. Suspects are interviewed under caution, and possibly with legal counsel present. Any statements, including admissions or confessions, are obtained in a lawful manner.			
7. Evidence is further analysed IAW applicable/correct investigative techniques and any additional deductions/findings are made.			
8. Section/Patrol/Detachment co-ordinates with JAG, Brigade MP, Allied MP, Host Nation civil police, G5, or other relevant authorities.			
9. Investigation is properly documented in an MPIR.			
10. MPIR is reviewed by PM staff and corrected by MP investigators as required to maintain CFPM standards.			
11. MPIR is distributed to JAG, concerned Commanders, and applicable staff IAW SOP.			

Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
12. Evidence gathered during the investigation is successfully admitted into applicable legal proceedings. MP investigators provide effective testimony at these legal proceedings. Any failures of prosecution are not due to inadmissible evidence or deficiencies in MP investigator testimony.			
REMARKS:			

SECTION 17 BTS P6904 B/C—PROVIDE POLICE LIAISON SUPPORT

ELEMENT: MP PLATOON/SECTION ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: PROVIDE POLICE LIAISON SUPPORT

CONDITIONS

This Battle Task is carried out by all MP elements in conjunction with all other MP Mobility Operations, Security Operations, Detention Operations, and Police Operations Battle Tasks.

In operations, the CFPM continues to exercise technical control of deployed MP units, especially for police operations. The Formation PM is authorized direct communication with, via the MP technical chain of Canadian PMs, the CFPM and the DPMs at NDHQ. MP Units/Elements are authorized direct communication with higher, lower, and lateral/flanking Canadian/Allied MP organizations, CI organizations, and Host Nation civil police in the execution of MP operations. Liaison is essential in obtaining timely access to relevant criminal/security intelligence on the AOR and assistance in executing MP operations.

The supported Formation/Unit/Element is engaged in operations. The MP Platoon/Section is conducting Mobility Operations, Security Operations, Detention Operations, and/or Police Operations in support. Friendly support and relevant criminal intelligence may be available from Allied MP or Host Nation civil police.

TASK STANDARD

The MP Platoon/Section establishes and maintains effective liaison higher, lower, and lateral/flanking Canadian/Allied MP organizations, CI organizations, and Host Nation civil police.

Sub-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	IJeuI
1. The Platoon/Section Commander carries out battle procedure IAW BTS 1001, Conduct Battle			

Sub	Eff	NPrac	Ineff		
Procedure, with	emphasis	s on the following points:			
a.		pation in rear operations atoon Commander only);			
b.	identifi	cation of:			
	(1)	MP Area of Interest, Area of Influence, and Area of Responsibility;			
	(2)	NAIs, TAIs, patrol routes, and locations for surveillance;			
	(3)	bases, base clusters, critical installations;			
	(4)	built-up areas with a civilian and criminal population; and			
	(5)	troop concentration, rest areas, and locations prone to vice, looting and black market activities;			
c.	assets (combat	supported Formation/Unit, key assets (personnel, equipment, combat supplies, etc) and superior Comd's level of risk acceptance—especially high value or attractive assets;			
d.	and los known	criminal activity (e.g. MP incident and loss data), and identities of known criminals or criminal groups in the area;			
e.	the thre	g criminal intelligence on eat and determination of al intelligence PIRs and IRs;			

Sul	b-Tasks a	nd Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
f.	vulneral	pilities;			
g.	Canadia Host Na enforcer troop ele tasked o crime pr	and availability of other n/Allied MP elements, CI, tion civil police, other law ment agencies, or friendly ements who could be or requested to assist with revention or answer a intelligence PIRs and IRs;			
h.	time and	d resources required and e;			
i.	OPSEC	EEFI; and			
j.	Brigade, G4, G5, installat elements	nation with /Formation G3, J2/G2, CI, JAG, Medical, critical ions in area, other MP s, Host Nation civil police er applicable gencies.			
2. Platoor Commander and		Patrol/Detachment :			
a.	and ager	es applicable organizations ncies in the AOR or Area est with which ongoing s required;			
b.		nes contact IAW the ng principles:			
	(1)	higher element establishes liaison with lower elements;			
	(2)	supporting element establishes liaison with			

Sub	-Tasks a	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		supported elements;			
	(3)	rearward or depth elements establish liaison with forward elements;			
	(4)	flanking elements establish liaison from LEFT to RIGHT; and			
	(5)	liaison to be reciprocal, providing two-way communications and mutual benefit.			
c.	exchanginterest	ge information of mutual :			
	(1)	criminal/security intelligence PIRs/IRs and actual intelligence on the threat, IA PM policy and applicable legal constraints;			
	(2)	operational/tactical MP priorities and main effort;			
	(3)	availability of specialist MP capabilities/equipment;			
	(4)	locations of MP elements/installations in AOR/Area of Interest;			
	(5)	MP resource availabilities and limitations, including reserves;			
	(6)	requests for assistance—information or			

Su	Sub-Tasks and Standards		Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		operational/tactical support; and			
	(7)	other points of MP operational/tactical or procedural co-ordination; and			
d.	on req police within by sup	le information and assistance uest to other MP/CI/civil organizations/agencies, capabilities and as dictated prorted formation/unit/ elm, legal priorities/constraints.			
REMARKS:					

SECTION 18 BTS P6905 B/C—OPERATE A PRISONER OF WAR/DETAINEE COLLECTING POINT

ELEMENT: MP PLATOON/SECTION ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: OPERATE A PRISONER OF WAR/DETAINEE COLLECTING POINT

CONDITIONS

The Military Police (MP) Platoon/Section has been tasked to operate a Brigade/Division (Div) Prisoner of War (PW)/Detainee Collecting Point. The MP Platoon/Section has received captured enemy PWs and/or taken civilians into custody. G2 has provided instructions for categorizing PW according to intelligence value. Counter Intelligence (CI) has provided Black, Grey, and White lists and Host Nation civil police have provided lists of wanted criminals to screen civilian detainees. Intelligence Interrogation Team, CI Team, and/or Host Nation civil police elements may be collocated.

TASK STANDARD

PWs/detainees are processed and guarded so that they are not allowed to disrupt or halt the element's mission. They are handled in accordance with (IAW) international law and are evacuated from danger as soon as possible. Civilians will be taken into custody only when specifically authorized by Rules of Engagement (ROE) and applicable national/international law. Brigade MPs will not retain custody of PWs/detainees any longer than absolutely necessary. PWs/detainees will be held at the Brigade/div PW/Detainee Collecting Point for the minimum time and will be evacuated or handed over to a detention facility (Corps PW Cage), CI, Intelligence (Int), Host Nation civilian police, or other appropriate authorities as soon as practicable. PW/detainees are treated humanely but firmly at all times and are never abused

Sub-Tasks and Standards			NPrac	Ineff
1. The MP Platoon/Section sites and organizes the Collecting Point:				
a.	location to rear of combat zone and forward in the Brigade services area (BSA)/Division services area (DSA);			
b.	good in and out routes, and close to the main supply route (MSR);			
c.	a hardstand and sufficient room for Section vehicles and transport vehicles needed to drop off or pick up PWs/detainees;			
d.	easily secured location to prevent escape;			
e.	not collocated with or close to critical installations, where PW/detainee presence/ observation would compromise operational security (OPSEC);			
f.	presence of landing zone (LZ);			
g.	overhead cover;			
h.	concertina wire set up to enclose holding area;			
i.	holding area sub-divided to segregate PWs/detainees—senior officers, junior officers, non- commissioned members (NCM), civilians, politicians or political indoctrination personnel, males and females are segregated;			
j.	guards positioned to observe PWs/detainees;			

	Sub	-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
]	k.	shell scrapes or trenches for PWs/detainees and MP Section;			
	1.	latrines for PWs/detainees and MP Section;			
1	m.	administrative (admin) area for MP Section;			
1	n.	food and water for MP and PWs/detainees;			
,	0.	medical support for wounded PWs/detainees;			
	p.	co-ordination with G2/Int, CI, G4 Transportation (Tn), and Host Nation Civil Police; and			
,	q.	progressive improvements are made to the PW/Detainee Collecting Point as permitted by time.			
		//Detainee Collecting Point opens at d in orders.			
incoming documen	•				
4.	PWs/de	tainees are re-searched by MP:			
:	a.	All weapons and documents (other than personal identity documents) are removed.			
1	b.	The following articles are left in the PWs/detainees' possession:			
		(1) helmets, respirators, and other such articles if			

Sub	-Tasks	and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		required for personal protection;			
	(2)	personal effects including items used for clothing and feeding;			
	(3)	identity documents; and			
	(4)	badges of rank, nationality and decorations.			
c.	are on by ord issuan must b from v	y and other items of value ly taken from a PW/detainee ler of an officer and upon ce of a receipt. The receipt be given to the PW/detainee whom the money or valuable was taken.			
d.	from t time, l	detainees and items removed hem are tagged with date, ocation, circumstances of e and capturing unit.			
e.	tactica int into higher safegu	nformation of immediate all interest or CED / CEE of erest is reported promptly to headquarters (HQ) and harded for eventual hand to G2/Int or other appropriate entities.			
f.	used to PWs/c in stre prever	ysical or mental coercion is o secure information. letainees will NOT be placed ss positions. MP will nt unauthorized tactical oning or interrogation.			

	Sul	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	g.	PWs/detainees shall NOT be bound/restrained or hooded/blindfolded, unless absolutely necessary to preserve security (e.g. OPSEC, prevention of escape). Any bonds/restraints or hoods/blindfolds shall be applied humanely so that they do not cause undue discomfort. They shall be removed promptly when no longer required.			
5.	PW/det	tainees are segregated:			
	a.	Senior officers, junior officers, NCMs, civilians, politicians or political indoctrination personnel, males and females are segregated.			
	b.	Groups are placed in separate sections of the holding area.			
	c.	All are restricted from areas where they could obtain information on the element's mission, strength or future operations.			
	d.	PW are screened and categorized IAW G2 instructions, based on degree of intelligence interest:			
		(1) Category (Cat) A. High level PW whose broad or specialist knowledge of the enemy war effort makes it necessary for them to be interrogated without delay by specialist interrogation staff at the highest level.			

Sub	Sub-Tasks and Standards			NPrac	Ineff
	(2)	Cat B. PW who have enough information on any subject of intelligence interest to warrant a second interrogation.			
	(3)	Cat C. PW who have only information of immediate tactical value and do not warrant a second interrogation.			
	(4)	Cat D . PW who are of no interest to intelligence.			
6. Appropriate App	riate aut	norities are notified of			
a.	A or B	otified promptly of any Cat PW, and arrangements coed for rapid evacuation and gation.			
ь.	accordi Black I crimina of any Lists. I notified on wan Arrang rapid e	Civilian detainees are screened according to CI White, Grey, and Black Lists, and lists of wanted criminals. CI is notified promptly of any detainees on Black or Grey Lists. Host Nation civil police are notified promptly of any detainees on wanted criminals list. Arrangements are co-ordinated for rapid evacuation and hand over to CI or Host Nation civil police.			
c.	are rele	n detainees on White Lists eased from custody as zed by CI.			
d.	Higher	HQ is notified of the			

	Sul	o-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		capture of all PWs/detainees.			
7.	Silence	is enforced:			
	a.	PW/detainee leaders are prevented from giving orders;			
	b.	escape planning is prevented;			
	c.	cautioning each other on security is prevented;			
	d.	anything PWs/detainees say to each other is reported; and			
	e.	Platoon/Section members do not talk in front of PWs/detainees except to issue orders or enforce discipline.			
8. PWs/de		P Platoon/Section speeds o the rear:			
	a.	Segregation is maintained.			
	b.	Transportation, food, water and emergency clothing is co- ordinated with higher HQ.			
	c.	PWs are evacuated in order of priority based on int value (Cat A first, Cat D last). Special hand over arrangements may be made for rapid evacuation of Cat A and B PW to enable timely interrogation.			
	d.	Civilian detainees on Black, Grey, or wanted criminals lists are handed over promptly to CI or Host Nation civil police.			
	e.	PWs/detainees too seriously			

Sub	Sub-Tasks and Standards			Ineff
	wounded to be evacuated by normal means are turned over to medical personnel for evacuation and treatment, with guards being provided as necessary.			
f.	Empty logistics vehicles on MSR Down Route are used to transport PWs/detainees to 3 rd Line PW Cage/Detention Facility.			
g.	CED, CEE, and seized valuables are handed over with associated PWs/detainees. Receipts are obtained for all PWs/detainees and associated CED, CEE, and seized valuable items handed over.			
9. The MP PWs/detainees:	Platoon/Section safeguards			
a.	removes PWs/detainees from the dangers of the battlefield;			
b.	prevents any escapes;			
c.	prevents any abuse of PWs/detainees;			
d.	treats PWs/detainees humanely; and			
e.	releases PWs/detainees unharmed if they cannot be held for any reason, including:			
	(1) speed of movement;			
	(2) shortage of guard personnel;			
	(3) shortage of supplies (food, water, etc.); and			

Sub-Tasks and Standards		NPrac	Ineff
(4) certainty of being set free by own forces.			
10. The MP Platoon Section moves the PW/Detainee Collecting Point forward/rearward to a new location on order, as the Brigade/Div moves forward/rearward.			
REMARKS:			

SECTION 19 BTS P6906 C/D—OPERATE A PRISONER OF WAR/DETAINEE CAGE

ELEMENT: MP PLATOON

ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: OPERATE A PRISONER OF WAR (PW)/DETAINEE

CAGE

CONDITIONS

The Military Police (MP) Platoon has been tasked to operate a Corps prisoner of war (PW)/Detainee Cage. Engineer assistance is available to construct the facility. The MP Platoon/Section has received captured enemy PWs and/or taken civilians into custody. G2 has provided instructions for categorizing PW according to intelligence value. Counter Intelligence (CI) has provided Black, Grey, and White lists and Host Nation civil police have provided lists of wanted criminals to screen civilian detainees. Medical, Mobile Laundry and Bath Unit (MLBU), Intelligence (Int) Interrogation Team, CI Team, and/or Host Nation civil police elements are collocated.

TASK STANDARD

PW/detainees are processed and guarded so that they are not allowed to disrupt or halt the element's mission. They are handled in accordance with (IAW) international law and are evacuated from danger as soon as possible. Civilians will be held in custody only when specifically authorized by Rules of Engagement (ROE) and applicable national/international law. 3rd Line MP will not retain custody of PW/detainees any longer than absolutely necessary. PWs/detainees will be held at the Corps PW/Detainee Cage for the minimum time and will be evacuated out of theatre to 4th Line detention facility (PW Camp), or handed over to CI, Int, Host Nation civilian police, or other appropriate authorities as soon as practicable. PWs/detainees are treated humanely but firmly at all times and are never abused.

Su	b-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
Cage with Engi	Cage with Engineer assistance. Engineers construct the holding area barriers, shelters, and other facilities			
a.	location in Communications Zone (CommZ);			
b.	good in and out routes, and close to the main supply route (MSR);			
c.	hardstanding and sufficient room for Platoon vehicles and transport vehicles needed to drop off or pick up PW/detainees;			
d.	easily secured location to prevent escape;			
e.	not collocated with or close to critical installations, where PW/detainee presence/ observation would compromise operational security (OPSEC);			
f.	presence of landing zone (LZ);			
g.	permanent barriers—concertina wire fences—set up to enclose holding area;			
h.	holding area sub-divided with permanent barriers to segregate PWs/detainees, according to status:			
	(1) senior officers, junior officers, non-commissioned members (NCM), civilians, politicians or political indoctrination personnel,			

Sul	Sub-Tasks and Standards				
		males and females are segregated; and			
	(2)	interrogated persons are segregated from uninterrogated persons;			
i.	area/cel are of si value of	high-security detention lls for PWs/detainees who ignificant intelligence r who make repeated s to escape;			
j.	provide	existing buildings or tents provided to shelter and mess PWs/detainees;			
k.	minimu can be i	area has capacity for am 500 PWs/detainees and readily expanded to nodate additional stainees;			
1.	comma to accor Interrog	g buildings, tents, or nd post (CP) vehicles used mmodate MP Platoon, Int gation Team, medical stores, etc.;			
m.		positioned to observe tainees;			
n.	PWs/de	s/shelters for etainees, MP Platoon, and ollocated elements, for on against air attack;			
0.	PWs/de	and ablution facilities for stainees, MP Platoon, and ollocated elements;			
p.	process	ing area for incoming			

	Sub-Tasks and Standards					
	q.	parade ground or exercise/assembly area for PWs/detainees;				
	r.	administrative (admin) area for MP Platoon and collocated elements;				
	S.	adequate water supply for drinking, ablutions, decontamination, and laundry;				
	t.	food for PWs/detainees, MP Platoon, and collocated elements;				
	u.	medical support for wounded PW/detainees;				
	V.	electricity for lights, heating, communications (comms), etc.;				
	W.	co-ordination with G2/Int, CI, G4, and Host Nation civil police; and				
	х.	progressive improvements are made to the PW/Detainee Cage as permitted by time.				
2. specifie	The PW	V/Detainee Cage opens at the time ers.				
docume	•					
4. MP:	Incomi	ng PWs/detainees are re-searched by				
	a.	All weapons and documents (other than personal identity documents)				

Sul	Sub-Tasks and Standards					
	are ren	noved.				
b.		llowing articles are left in Vs/detainees' possession:				
	(1)	helmets, respirators, and other such articles if required for personal protection;				
	(2)	personal effects including items used for clothing and feeding;				
	(3)	identity documents; and				
	(4)	badges of rank, nationality and decorations.				
C.	are only by ord issuand must be from v	y and other items of value by taken from a PW/detainee er of an officer and upon ce of a receipt. The receipt be given to the PW/detainee whom the money or valuable was taken.				
d.	from the time, l	etainees and items removed hem are tagged with date, ocation, circumstances of e and capturing unit.				
e.	tactica intellig promp colloca	Iformation of immediate I interest or CED/CEE of gence interest is reported tly and handed over to ated Int Interrogation Team or appropriate authorities.				
f.		ysical or mental coercion is o secure information.				

Sub	o-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	PWs/detainees will NOT be placed in stress positions. MP will prevent unauthorized tactical questioning or interrogation.			
g.	PWs/detainees shall NOT be bound/restrained or hooded/blindfolded, unless absolutely necessary to preserve security (e.g. OPSEC, prevention of escape). Any bonds/restraints or hoods/blindfolds shall be applied humanely so that they do not cause undue discomfort. They shall be removed promptly when no longer required.			
particulars of PV	ainee tags are examined and all Ws/detainees are recorded in gister or database.			
	stainees are decontaminated, bathed, sued with clean clothing as required.			
7. PWs/de	etainees are segregated:			
a.	Senior officers, junior officers, NCMs, civilians, politicians or political indoctrination personnel, males and females, interrogated and uninterrogated are segregated.			
b.	Groups are placed in separate sections of the holding area.			
c.	All are restricted from areas where they could obtain information on the element's mission, strength or future operations.			

Sul	Eff	NPrac	Ineff		
d.	interro	re prioritised for ogation IAW G2 instructions, on degree of intelligence st:			
	(1)	Category (Cat) A. High level PW whose broad or specialist knowledge of the enemy war effort makes it necessary for them to be interrogated without delay by specialist interrogation staff at the highest level.			
	(2)	Cat B. PW who have enough information on any subject of intelligence interest to warrant a second interrogation.			
	(3)	Cat C. PW who have only information of immediate tactical value and do not warrant a second interrogation.			
	(4)	Cat D. PW who are of no interest to intelligence.			
for PW/detainee	discipli	Marshal (PM) Regulations ne are posted prominently in incoming PWs/detainees on			
9. Approp PWs/detainees:	11 1				
a.		notified promptly of any Cat B PW, and arrangements co-			

	Sub	-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		ordinated for priority interrogation.			
	b.	Civilian detainees are screened according to CI White, Grey, and Black Lists, and lists of wanted criminals. CI is notified promptly of any detainees on Black or Grey Lists. Host Nation civil police are notified promptly of any detainees on wanted criminals list. Arrangements are co-ordinated for rapid evacuation and handover to CI or Host Nation civil police.			
	C.	Civilian detainees on White Lists are released from custody as authorized by CI.			
	d.	Canadian Contingent headquarters (HQ) is notified of the capture of all PWs/detainees, enabling notification of International Red Cross and other authorities.			
10.	Security	is maintained:			
	a.	escape planning is prevented;			
	b.	anything PWs/detainees say to each other is reported; and			
	c.	platoon members do not talk in front of PWs/detainees except to issue orders or enforce discipline.			
4 th Line	11. The MP Platoon maintains custody of PWs/detainees, until evacuated out of theatre to 4 th Line PW/Detainee Camp or handed over to other appropriate authorities:				
	a.	Transportation, food, water and			

	Sul	o-Tasks and Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
		emergency clothing is co- ordinated with higher HQ.			
	b.	Civilian detainees on Black, Grey, or wanted criminals lists are handed over promptly to CI or Host Nation civil police.			
	c.	PWs/detainees who are wounded/ill are turned over to medical personnel for evacuation and treatment, with guards being provided as necessary. They may be treated by captured enemy medical personnel using enemy medical stores.			
	d.	CED and CEE are handed over to Int Interrogation Team. Seized valuables are secured properly or handed over to Host Nation civil police. Receipts are obtained for all CED, CEE, and seized valuable items handed over.			
	e.	MP Platoons provides assistance to Int Interrogation team as required.			
12.	The MI	P Platoon safeguards PWs/detainees:			
	a.	removes PWs/detainees from the dangers of the battlefield;			
	b.	prevents any escapes;			
	c.	prevents any abuse of PWs/detainees;			
	d.	treats PWs/detainees humanely; and			

Su	Eff	NPrac	Ineff			
e.	if they	releases PWs/detainees unharmed if they cannot be held for any reason, including:				
	(1)	speed of movement;				
	(2)	shortage of guard personnel;				
	(3)	shortage of supplies (food, water, etc.); and				
	(4)	certainty of being set free by own forces.				
REMARKS:			ı			

SECTION 20 BTS P6907 C/D—OPERATE A FIELD DETENTION BARRACKS

ELEMENT: MP PLATOON

ITERATIONS: 1 2 3 4 5 (CIRCLE)

TASK: OPERATE A FIELD DETENTION BARRACKS

CONDITIONS

The Military Police (MP) Platoon has been tasked to operate a Corps/National Command Element (NCE) Field Detention Barracks. Engineer assistance is available to construct the facility. The MP Platoon has received arrested service personnel or sentenced Service Detainees/Prisoners/Convicts. Medical and Mobile Laundry and Bath Unit (MLBU) elements are collocated. Judge Advocate General (JAG) and trial facilities may be collocated.

TASK STANDARD

Inmates are processed and guarded so they are not allowed to disrupt or halt the Element's mission. They are handled in accordance with (IAW) military law (Queen's Regulations and Orders (QR&O), National Defence Act (NDA)). The Field Detention Barracks is established, organized and operated IAW *OR&O* Volume IV. Appendix 1.4 "Regulations for Service Prisons and Detention Barracks." Joint Doctrine, tactics, techniques, and procedures govern the operation of Field Detention Barracks, as provided in applicable Canadian Forces Provost Marshal CFPM direction—A-SJ-100-001/AG-004 Military Police Policies and Technical Procedures, Canadian Forces Administrative Orders (CFAO) 22-8 "Prisoner Escorts—Provision, Responsibilities and Conduct", and CFAO 110-1 "Committal to Service Prison and Detention Barracks". 3rd Line MP will not retain custody of inmates any longer than absolutely necessary. Inmates will be held at the Field Detention Barracks until released on expiration of sentence or repatriation to Canada. Service Detainees are treated humanely but firmly at all times and are never abused. Inmate escapes are prevented. A high standard of inmate discipline is maintained at all times.

Sub-Tasks and	Standards	Eff	NPrac	Ineff
1. The MP Platoon sites and organizes the Field Detention Barracks with Engineer assistance. Engineers construct the holding area barriers, shelters, and other facilities as required:				
a.	location in Communications Zone (CommZ)—use suitable existing buildings, where available;			
b.	good in and out routes, and close to the main supply route (MSR);			
c.	hardstanding and sufficient room for Platoon vehicles and transport vehicles needed to drop off or pick up Service Detainees;			
d.	easily secured location to prevent escape;			
e.	not collocated with or close to critical installations, where inmate presence observation would compromise operational security (OPSEC);			
f.	presence of landing zone (LZ);			
g.	permanent barriers—concertina wire fences—set up to enclose holding area;			
h.	holding area sub-divided with permanent barriers to segregate inmates, according to status:			
	(1) Service Members in Custody (SIC)— personnel awaiting or undergoing trial by a Service Tribunal;			

Sub-Tasks and	Sub-Tasks and Standards				Ineff
	(2)	Service Detainees (SD)— personnel sentenced to detention by a Service Tribunal;			
	(3)	Service Prisoners (SP)— personnel sentenced by a Service Tribunal to less than two years imprisonment—awaiting repatriation to Canada and Canadian Forces Service Prison and Detention Barracks (CFSPDB) Edmonton; and			
	(4)	Service Convicts (SC)— personnel sentenced by a Service Tribunal to two or more years imprisonment—awaiting repatriation to Canada and CFSPDB Edmonton or civilian penitentiary;			
i.	area/cel repeated require general	special high-security detention area/cells for inmates who make repeated attempts to escape or require segregation from the general population due to safety/security risks;			
j.		buildings or tents d to shelter and mess ;			
k.	minimu readily	area has capacity for m 125 inmates and can be expanded to accommodate nal inmates;			

Sub-Tasks and	Eff	NPrac	Ineff	
l.	existing buildings, tents, or CP vehicles used to accommodate MP Platoon, National Investigation Service (NIS) Investigation Team, trial facility, medical facility, stores, etc.;			
m.	guards positioned to observe inmates;			
n.	trenches/shelters for inmates, MP Platoon, and other collocated elements, for protection against air attack;			
o.	latrines and ablution facilities for inmates, MP Platoon, and other collocated elements;			
p.	processing area for incoming inmates;			
q.	parade ground or exercise/assembly area for inmates;			
r.	administrative (admin) area for MP Platoon and collocated elements;			
S.	adequate water supply for drinking, ablutions, decontamination, and laundry;			
t.	food for inmates, MP Platoon, and collocated elements;			
u.	medical support for wounded/ill inmates;			
V.	electricity for lights, heating, communications (comms), etc.;			

Sub-Ta	Sub-Tasks and Standards						Ineff
	W.	Intellig	gence (CI al, and H	rith Counter), G1, G4, JAG, ost Nation civil			
	Х.	made t	to the Fie	orovements are ld Detention mitted by time.			
2. time sp	The Figure 1		ntion Bar	racks opens at the			
3. receipts inmates	s are issu			e verified and for incoming			
4.	On adn	nission:					
	a.	All inr	nates are	searched by MP:			
		(1)		uables and potential ns (e.g. razors) are ed;			
		(2)		lowing articles are the inmates' sion:			
			(a)	helmets, respirators, and other such articles, if required for personal protection;			
			(b)	personal effects including items used for clothing and feeding; and			
			(c)	other items of personal kit, as			

Sub-Tasks and Standards		Eff	Prac	neff
			Z	ı
	required by regulations.			
b.	Money, contraband and other items of value are to be taken from an inmate and a receipt is issued for any personal property so seized. The receipt must be given to the inmate from whom the money or valuable item was taken. Money is recorded in the Inmate's Cash Account. Personal property is recorded in the Personal Property Record.			
c.	Items removed from inmates are tagged with date, time, location, particulars of inmate, bagged, and secured against loss/theft.			
d.	All particulars of each inmate are recorded in hardcopy or electronic Register of Inmates.			
e.	Inmates are decontaminated, bathed, deloused, and issued with clean clothing as required.			
f.	Inmates are medically examined. Inmates are weighed and weight is recorded.			
g.	Inmates are fingerprinted and photographed.			
5. Service Detainees are segregated—SIC, SP, SC—and confined in applicable cell or holding area. Inmates shall NOT be bound/restrained, unless absolutely necessary to preserve security (e.g. prevention of escape). Any bonds/restraints shall be applied humanely so that they do not cause undue				

Sub-Tasks and Standards			NPrac	Ineff
discomfort. They shall be removed promptly when no longer required. The applicable order for use of restraints must be completed and duly authorized IAW regulations.				
6. Applicable QR&O, and other orders and regulations for inmate discipline are posted prominently in holding area and read to incoming Service Detainees on parade. Register of marks is maintained for each inmate and inmate discipline problems are corrected.				
7. Appropriate authorities are notified of inmates upon incarceration—NCE, G1, JAG, Chaplain, etc. Visits by Duty Officer, Chaplain and other authorities prescribed in regulations are carried out.				
8. Securit	S. Security is maintained:			
a.	escapes are prevented; and			
b.	platoon members do not talk in front of inmates except to issue orders or enforce discipline.			
9. The MP Platoon maintains custody of inmates, until evacuated out of theatre to Canada, lawfully released form custody, or handed over to other appropriate authorities:				
a.	transportation, food, water and emergency clothing is co- ordinated with higher headquarters (HQ);			
b.	inmates who are wounded/ill are turned over to medical personnel for evacuation and treatment, with guards being provided as necessary;			

Sub-Tasks and Standards				Eff	NPrac	Ineff
	c.	Nation (NIS) requir	atoon provides assistance to nal Investigations Service Investigation Team ing access to inmates, as ed; and			
	d.	escort	atoon provides secure s of inmates to, from and at ocations in theatre.			
10.	The M	P Platoo	n safeguards inmates:			
	a.		removes Service Detainees from the dangers of the battlefield;			
	b.	prever	prevents any escapes;			
	c.	-	prevents any abuse of Service Detainees;			
	d.	treats and	treats Service Detainees humanely; and			
	e.	release order:	releases Service Detainees on order:			
		(1)	transfer to escort for repatriation to Canada; and			
		(2)	release from custody on conclusion of sentence, acquittal by Service Tribunal, or on order from committal authority.			
REMA	ARKS:					